MYSORE PROVINCE JULY 1877

PROCEEDINGS OF THE C.B.SAUNDERS,ESQ.,C.B.,B.C.S.,

CHIEF COMMISSIONER

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OF

C. B. SAUNDERS, Esq., C. B., B. C. S.,

CHIEF COMMISSIONER.

PART I—A, IN EXTENSO.

JUDICIAL—*Nil*
REV AG & COM.
FINANCIAL.
GENERAL
EDUCATIONAL
MILITARY—*Nil*

PART II—B, IN ABSTRACT.

JUDICIAL.
REV. AG. & COM.
FINANCIAL.
GENERAL.
EDUCATIONAL.
MILITARY

BANGALORE:

MYSORE GOVERNMENT PRESS,

1877.

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1877.

PART I.

DEPT. OF REVENUE, AGRICULTURE AND COMMERCE.

A.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF MYSORE FOR THE MONTH OF JULY 1877.

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Index Nos. of the Proceedings.	Subject.	Nos. and Dates of Proceedings.	Date of Report to the Secretary of State for India.	Nos. and Dates of previous Proceedings.	Page.
1 to 2	*Temporary remuneration of Patels in the Koppa Taluk.* Sanctioning proposals submitted by Nagar Commissioner	No. 3478—R. 18, dated 4th July 1877.	...	..	1
3 to 4	*Forms of inamti accounts.* Passing orders on a communication from Nagar Commissioner on certain new forms proposed.	No. 979—50, dated 4th July 1877.	...	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for March 1877, Part I, R., A. & C., Index Nos. 17 to 18	2 to 6
5 to 6	*Jodi land at Kumsi in the Honnali Taluk.* Directing its restoration to one Ramanna on certain conditions.	No. 980—51, dated 4th July 1877.	...	...	6 to
7 to 8	*Revenue cases, &c.* Passing orders with reference to the returns received for the quarter ending 31st March 1877.	No 1008—17, dated 5th July 1877.	..	..	8 to 9
9 to 10	*Inamdars of the Hunsenhalli village of the Gowribidnur Taluk.* Passing orders on their petition complaining that the *ad-interim* quit-rent on their village by the Inam Department had been greatly enhanced by the Survey Department.	No. 3514—83, dated 5th July 1877.	...	...	10 to 13
11 to 12	*Local stocks of food-grains.* Communicating telegram from the Government of India with form, to Commissioners of Divisions and Deputy Commissioners of Districts.	No. 1074—573, dated 9th July 1877.	..	...	13 to 15
13 to 14	*Patels in 25 Hoblis of the Kolar District.* Passing orders with reference to their present and proposed emoluments.	No. 3721—42, dated 12th July 1877.	...	...	15
15 to 16	*Coffee Pattas.* Ammending para 4 and directing 200 copies being sent to Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District, direct.	No. 3753—7, dated 13th July 1877.	...	...	16
17	*Survey Settlement of 30 villages of the Chamrajnagar Taluk.* Calling for the opinions of the officers denoted on a draft title-deed proposed to be issued to the Jahagirdar.	No. 3911—13, dated 17th July 1877.	...	.	16 to 17
18 to 19	*Sale of certain fields in the Sidlagatta Taluk in satisfaction of arrears of assessment.* Passing orders on a review of the proceedings in the case.	No. 3900—43, dated 17th July 1877.	...	...	18

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 4th July 1877.

READ again—

Chief Commissioner's Proceedings Nos 15 and 95, dated 16th January and 17th March 1877, respectively.

From the Commissioner, Nagar Division, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Duftur Department, No. 157—70, Camp Kalhatti, dated 18th May 1877.

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of the Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 15 of the 16th January 1877, forwarding for opinion, two new forms of *mamti* accounts proposed to be substituted for the existing five returns, *viz*, Class XI—Nos 1, 2, 3 and 4 and Class II—No. 5

2. The reports from the Deputy Commissioners of the Shimoga, Kadur and Chitaldroog Districts as per margin are herewith submitted in original.

1 From Shimoga No. 1233, dated 17th February 1877
2 „ Kadur „ 868, dated 12th March 1877.
3 „ Chitaldroog „ 4, dated 3rd April 1877
4 „ Do „ 57, dated 17th April 1877

3. With reference to para 3 of Mr. Krishna Rao's letter I do not consider it necessary to have new columns headed "Jodi recoverable" and "irrecoverable," as the class of cases mentioned by Mr. Krishna Rao are dealt with under the Chief Commissioner's Notification No 189 of the 23rd October 1873, under which the whole warg is treated as sarkar land and the mam converted into cash payments.

4 The proposal contained in para 7 of Mr. Krishna Rao's letter, *viz.*, to have one set of inamti accounts for both settled and unsettled taluks, has already been considered by the Chief Commissioner, who, in paras 2 and 3 of the Proceedings under reply, has finally directed the adoption of differentf orms for the settled and unsettled taluks

5 The amendments in the forms suggested by the Deputy Commissioners as well as those that appear to me desirable are noted below.

Form A

6 It appears necessary that provision should be made for additional columns to shew the fluctuations in the extent and beriz of mams owing to release or relinquishment of mam holdings. A similar suggestion having been made by the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District, the Chief Commissioner has in para 5 of Proceedings No 95, dated 17th March 1877, been pleased to direct that such information should be shewn on the reverse of the statement If it is intended that only an abstract of the results of fluctuations should be noted on the back of the statements, no fresh columns in the form are needed. If, on the contrary, it is intended that the extent of increase and decrease under each head of mam should be recorded, it will be more convenient to exhibit the results in the body of the form by opening additional columns as above proposed.

7. The form now contains columns to shew only the total beriz of mams and the amount payable by inamdars to Government. It is desirable that another column should be opened to exhibit the amount of "Jumma" which inamdars are entitled to enjoy, in order that the form may fully supply the place of the existing accounts for which it is proposed to be substituted.

8. The form provides columns for entering the beriz on each of the three descriptions of mam land, *viz*, dry, wet and garden. In several cases the quit-rent registers received from the Inam Department do not supply these particulars. By way of illustration I beg to append in the margin an extract from the quit-rent register containing a few of such cases. When the mam settlement of a taluk takes place after completion of the survey operations, the Inam Department possess means to furnish the above particulars in each case; but it will not be so when the mam settlement precedes the survey settlement. Under these circumstances I think it expedient to lay down a rule that whenever these particulars are not forthcoming in the quit-rent register, the column should be left blank and the total beriz on the whole inam

Taluk, Hobli and Village	Title Deed No	Name of Inamdar	Description of Inam	Description of Land	Field No	Extent	Assessment.	Total Assessment
Chinnenahalli, Mulbagal Taluk.	4	Gundachari, &c.	Personal	Dry.	..	5 16 5		75 10 2
				Wet.		5 8 11	...	
Vammasandra	do	6	Krishnashastri, &c.	Dry		6 2 15		105 10 0
			do	Wet		13 11 13		
Timmapur.	do	48	Sripadachari.	Dry		3 15 0	..	90 11 4
			do	Wet	..	3 13 11	..	

should be exhibited. The entries made in this form according to the quit-rent registers of the taluks, the inam settlement of which preceded the survey operations, should, under the authority noted in the *margin, continue to be altered as the survey settlement of each of such taluk is completed. The area of inam lands in the taluks brought under survey operations has to be shewn by acres, guntas and yards, and that of those in unsurveyed taluks, by kandis, kudus and seers. Hence the entry of both kinds of inams in one column will not admit of correct totals being arrived at. I therefore recommend that the column "Extent" should be divided into two sub-columns, one headed "as per old accounts" and another headed "as per survey accounts."

* Chief Commissioner's Office Rubkari No. 89, dated 27th February 1867.

9. The order and designation of inams as given in column 3 of the form slightly differ from those mentioned in the accounts of the Inam Department as pointed out below :—

As per Form A.	As per List of the Inam Department.
1. Devadaya.	1. Devadaya.
2. Dharmadaya.	2. Dharmadaya.
3. Personal.	3. Personal.
4. Miscellaneous service.	4. Miscellaneous service.
5. Village service.	5. Village service.
6. Village service in jodi, sarvamanya and kayamgutta villages.	6. Village artizans.
7. Village artizans.	7. Miscellaneous.
8. Kodgi inams and kerebandi.	8. Nil.

In conformity with para 3 of the Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 1 of the 1st April 1876, the form requires to be so altered as to correspond with the accounts furnished by the Inam Department.

Form B.

10. The sub-columns of major column 6 of this form are intended to shew the amount of jodi payable to Government under each head of revenue, *viz.*, dry, wet, garden, mohatarfa, sayer, &c. These details are not ascertainable from the registers now furnished by the Inam Department, and cannot therefore be exhibited in the form, unless they be hereafter supplied by the Inam Department.

11. Column 3 of the form contains 13 old designations of inams which, under para 3 of the Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 1 of the 1st April 1876, have to be merged in 7 new designations of inams as per accompanying copy of a list received in the Shimoga Deputy Commissioner's office from the Inam Superintendent.

12. The remarks made in paras 6 and 7 regarding form A are applicable to this form also.

13. I request the favor of being informed, what is meant by the term of "Inam jodi" mentioned in the 4th sub-column of column 6 of the form.

From the Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga District, To the Commissioner, Nagar Division,
No. 1233, dated Anantapur, 17th February 1877.

In reply to your circular No. 548, dated the 24th ultimo, forwarding for an expression of opinion two new forms A and B (received with Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 15, dated 16th January 1877,) relating to inams in settled taluks, I have the honor to submit the following opinion.

Form A provides for the following particulars of land inam:—dry, wet, garden—total—former jodi, combined quit-rent. There is no head to shew what is jodi and what is inam out of the total assessment and one may be provided therefor.

Form B contains the headings as per margin and refers to whole inam villages. The column "balance" provides for the balance under the respective items to be shewn. It cannot be done; because in villages which have been settled by the Inam Department the particulars can be had only for the gross revenue. No such particulars have been given for the "Inam" and they could not therefore be given for the balance remaining after deducting the inam from the gross revenue. The particulars under the balance contain an item "Inam jodi;" what amount should be shewn under this item is not clear. In the event of the proposed forms being introduced, it is stated that the exist-

Description of Inams.	Gross Revenue.	Deduct Jari Inamti.	Balance with details of items.	Due to Government. Former Jodi. Combined quit-rent.

ing statements 1, 2, 3 and 4 of Class XI and 5 of Class II may be dispensed with. These forms separately shew the amount of inam which cannot be known from the proposed form A ; a head may be added therein to give this information.

I am of opinion that, with amendations as stated above, the proposed forms may be introduced from the next year, if considered necessary.

From the Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District, To the Commissioner, Nagar Division, No. 868, dated 12th March 1877.

In acknowledging the receipt of your circular No. 548, dated the 24th January last, forwarding for opinion, Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 15, dated the 16th idem, together with two forms of inamti statements, I have the honor to submit my opinion as follows :—

Statement A of Minor Inams.

2. This statement is deficient in column to shew the inams, the beriz whereof is raised by the Inam Department, as well as those which are resumed by Government in consequence of resignations, &c. between the columns "Description of inam" and No. of titles, I would suggest therefore that five additional columns with the following minor heads may be opened, *viz*:—

Major Head.	Minor Heads.
1st. Inams as per previous year's accounts.	1. Extent. | 2. Amount.
2nd. Increase during the year	1. Extent. | 2. Amount. | 3. Remarks.
3rd. Total.	1. Extent. | 2. Amount.
4th. Decrease during the year.	1. Extent. | 2. Amount. | 3. Remarks.
5th. Balance	1. Extent. | 2. Amount.

3. When the title of an inam is in the name of one person and the warg in that of another, and when the latter resigns the warg, the inamdar is not in possession, the jodi ceases to be paid, but as there is no column in the statement to shew the amount of such jodi which cannot be recovered under such circumstances, the columns "payable to Government" under each of the heads "former jodi" and "combined quit-rent" will have to be sub-divided into recoverable and irrecoverable.

Statement B of whole Inam Villages.

4. Likewise in this statement, the column of "total beriz or amount under gross revenue" will have to be sub-divided into 5 columns, *viz*:—1, beriz for past year, 2, increase during the year, 3, total, 4, decrease, and 5, balance with minor heads as in statement A; and two sub-heads namely "recoverable" and "irrecoverable" opened under each of the columns "former jodi" and "combined quit-rent".

5. As in the accounts now kept the beriz is entered collectively and not classified into dry, wet and garden, &c, it will be impossible to particularize under the 9 heads, dry, &c., the jodi balance after deducting the amount of jari inamti

6. It is not clear whether the settled kayamgutta (Class II, No. 2) and kayamgutta mahal jodi, (No. 5) as also arvasi agrahar villages (No. 6), have to be shewn or not in the A and B statements which contain no specified columns therefor.

7. In the Chief Commissioner's Proceedings under advertence it is stated that accounts for the settled taluks should be sent in the new forms, and those for the unsettled in the old ones. As the preparation of two sets of accounts will entail a great deal of clerical labor in the District office, I would venture to recommend that the accounts for both settled and unsettled taluks may be ordered to be prepared and submitted either in the old or new forms.

From the Deputy Commissioner, Chitaldroog District, To the Commissioner, Nagar Division, No. 4, dated 3rd April 1877.

In advertence to your circular docket No. 548 of the 24th January last, giving cover to copy of the Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 15 of the 16th idem, calling for opinion on the subject of the introduction of two forms (A and B) of inamti accounts, therewith forwarded, I have the honor to state that, in order to dispense, hereafter, with the submission of the existing statements, *viz.*, 1, 2, 3 and 4

	Former Jodi.		Combined Quit-Rent.		
Amount.	Payable to Government.	Payable to Others.	Payable to Government.	Payable to Others.	Remarks.

ing statements 1, 2, 3 and 4 of Class XI and 5 of Class II may be dispensed with. These forms separately show the amount of inam which cannot be known from the proposed form A ; a head may be added therein to give this information.

I am of opinion that, with amendations as stated above, the proposed forms may be introduced from the next year, if considered necessary.

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Major Head.	Minor Heads.
1st. Inams as per previous year's accounts.	1. Extent. | 2. Amount.
2nd. Increase during the year.	1. Extent. | 2. Amount. | 3. Remarks.
3rd. Total.	1. Extent. | 2. Amount.
4th Decrease during the year.	1. Extent. | 2. Amount. | 3. Remarks.
5th. Balance	1. Extent. | 2 Amount.

3. When the title of an inam is in the name of one person and the warg in that of another, and when the latter resigns the warg, the inamdar is not in possession, the jodi ceases to be paid, but as there is no column in the statement to shew the amount of such jodi which cannot be recovered under such circumstances, the columns "payable to Government" under each of the heads "former jodi" and "combined quit-rent" will have to be sub-divided into recoverable and irrecoverable.

Statement B of whole Inam Villages.

4. Likewise in this statement, the column of "total beriz or amount under gross revenue" will have to be sub-divided into 5 columns, *viz*:—1, beriz for past year, 2, increase during the year, 3, total, 4, decrease, and 5, balance with minor heads as in statement A; and two sub-heads namely "recoverable" and "irrecoverable" opened under each of the columns "former jodi" and "combined quit-rent".

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6. It is not clear whether the settled kayamgutta (Class II, No. 2) and kayamgutta mahal jodi, (No. 5) as also arvasi agrahar villages (No. 6), have to be shewn or not in the A and B statements which contain no specified columns therefor.

7. In the Chief Commissioner's Proceedings under advertence it is stated that accounts for the settled taluks should be sent in the new forms, and those for the unsettled in the old ones As the preparation of two sets of accounts will entail a great deal of clerical labor in the District office, I would venture to recommend that the accounts for both settled and unsettled taluks may be ordered to be prepared and submitted either in the old or new forms.

From the Deputy Commissioner, Chitaldroog District, To the Commissioner, Nagar Division, No. 4, dated 3rd April 1877.

In advertence to your circular docket No. 548 of the 24th January last, giving cover to copy of the Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 15 of the 16th idem, calling for opinion on the subject of the introduction of two forms (A and B) of inamti accounts, therewith forwarded, I have the honor to state that, in order to dispense, hereafter, with the submission of the existing statements, *viz*., 1, 2, 3 and 4

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 4th July 1877

A

Statement shewing the Particulars of Land Inam in the Division of for the year 18

Description of Inam	Number of Villages.	Dry			Wet			Garden			Total			Former Jodi		Combined Quit-Rent		Remarks
		Extent		Amount	Extent		Amount	Extent		Amount	Extent		Amount	Payable to Government	Payable to Others	Payable to Government	Payable to Others	
		Kandis.	Acres.		Kandis	Acres.		Kandis	Acres		Kandis	Acres						
I Devadaya or Religious																		
II Dharmadaya or Charitable																		
III Personal																		
1 Agreed to and Compulsory																		
2 Not agreed ..																		
IV Miscellaneous Service Inams enfranchised Compulsorily																		
V, Government Village Service Inams																		
Ostel																		
Shanbhog																		
Toti																		
Talar																		
Nirgunti																		
VI Jodi Kayamgutta and Sarvamanyam Village Service Inams																		
VII Village Artizans																		
VIII Kodage Inams and Kerebandi Inams																		
1 Confirmed Service Tenure																		
2 Confirmed Hereditary																		
3 Confirmed for life																		

B

Statement showing the Particulars of Jodi and Sarvamanya Villages in the Division of for the year '78

District	Taluk	Description of Inam	Gross Revenue: No. of Villages	Gross Revenue: Total Beriz or Amount	Deduct Jari Inamti: No. of Tales	Deduct Jari Inamti: Amount	Balance: Dry Assessment	Balance: Wet Assessment	Balance: Garden Assessment	Balance: Minor Inam Jodi	Balance: Mohatarfa	Balance: Sayer	Balance: Toddy	Balance: Arrack	Balance: Miscellaneous	Balance: Total	Due to Government: Former Jodi	Due to Government: Continued Quit rent
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
		I Devasthanam																
		II Brahmans' Matts																
		III Brahmans																
		IV Jangams																
		V Jangams' Matt																
		VI Rayanda																
		VII Gurikar																
		VIII Divan Purnaya																
		IX Janopakarkarta																
		X Maddat Jahagirdar																
		XI Jenkatis																
		XII Dargas																
		XIII Fakirs																
		XIV Miscellaneous																

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 4th July 1877.

of Class XI and 5 of Class II, I find some more particulars wanting in the forms now received, and I therefore submit for approval revised forms A and B which I would suggest being introduced. I beg at the same time to add that, to enable this office to prepare these statements, it is essential that the Inam Department should be requested to furnish me with talukvar statements, in the form (C) I herewith submit, shewing the particulars of the settlement of inams which the quit-rent registers furnished to the taluks do not contain. It will be inconvenient to adopt the new forms until the few inams which remain yet unsettled as mentioned in my letter No.— ——— dated ———————— are fully settled.

— - — - —

From the Deputy Commissioner, Chitaldroog District, To the Commissioner, Nagar Division, No. 57, dated 17th April 1877.

With reference to the Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 95, dated the 17th ultimo, passing orders on the Nundydroog Commissioner's opinion on the new forms of inamti accounts, received under the cover of your circular docket No. 638 of the 31st ultimo, and my letter No. 4 of the 3rd instant submitting my opinion on the same subject, I have the honor to state that if the Inam Department supply this office with quit-rent register of each taluk similar to those of the Harihar Taluk, received with your docket No. 789 of the 29th January last, there will be no necessity for their furnishing me with statements of individual inams in the form C submitted with my letter above quoted, except the particulars required in the column headed "Inams under various items of the beriz, *viz.*, mohatarfa, sayer, toddy, arrack, salt pan and other items if any," which are not available in the quit-rent register above alluded to.

2. As regards whole inam villages the particulars of the extent only of dry, wet, and garden lands are given, but not their respective assessments in the above quit-rent registers, *vide* case No. 15, title-deed No. 449, at page 96, 97 of the Harihar register. But the details of assessment are necessary for the preparation of statement form B received with your circular docket No. 518 of the 24th January last.

No. 979—Rev.-M. 50, dated Bangalore, 4th July 1877.

Order thereon—*Form A.*—With reference to the suggestion contained in para 6 of the Nagar Commissioner's letter No. 157—70, dated 18th May last, Colonel Campbell is referred to para 5 of this office Proceedings No. 95, dated 17th March 1877, in which it was directed that the increase and decrease in the number of inams owing to release or relinquishment should be shewn on the reverse of the statement. If necessary the details may be furnished in a separate statement.

2. In para 7 Colonel Campbell suggests that a new column should be opened to exhibit the amount of "Jari Inam" which inamdars are entitled to enjoy. The Chief Commissioner considers it unnecessary to do so, as the amount of jari inam can be easily ascertained by deducting the jodi from the "total beriz."

3. The suggestions contained in para 8 are concurred in by Mr. Saunders and the necessary additions have been made in the proposed form.

4. With reference to what is stated in para 9, it is observed that, except in the case of items Nos. 6 and 8 ("village service in jodi, sarvamanya and kayamgutta villages" and "kodigi inam and kerebandi, &c.") the order and designation of all other inams, enumerated in column 3, correspond with those prescribed in the accounts of the Inam Department. It was considered desirable and useful to sub-divide "village service" into (1) Government village service and (2) village service in jodi, kayamgutta and sarvamanya villages. Item No. 8 (kodagi inams) must be retained as these inams have to be settled under the rules recently sanctioned by the Government of India.

5. *Form B.*—Adverting to para 10, in which the Commissioner brings to notice that the amount of jodi payable to Government under each head of revenue, *viz.*, dry, wet, garden, mohatarfa and sayer, is not ascertainable from the registers now furnished by the Inam Department, the Chief Commissioner directs that the requisite information under the

for the year 18

			Due to Government.		
Arrack.	Miscellaneous.	Total.	Former Jodi.	Combined Quit-rent.	Remarks.
15	16	17	18	19	

of Class XI and 5 of Class II, I find some more particulars wanting in the forms now received, and I therefore submit for approval revised forms A and B which I would suggest being introduced. I beg at the same time to add that, to enable this office to prepare these statements, it is essential that the Inam Department should be requested to furnish me with talukvar statements, in the form (C) I herewith submit, shewing the particulars of the settlement of inams which the quit-rent registers furnished to the taluks do not contain. It will be inconvenient to adopt the new forms until the few inams which remain yet unsettled as mentioned in my letter No.—— dated —————— are fully settled.

From the Deputy Commissioner, Chitaldroog District, To the Commissioner, Nagar Division, No. 57, dated 17th April 1877.

With reference to the Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 95, dated the 17th ultimo, passing orders on the Nundydroog Commissioner's opinion on the new forms of inamti accounts, received under the cover of your circular docket No. 658 of the 31st ultimo, and my letter No. 4 of the 3rd instant submitting my opinion on the same subject, I have the honor to state that if the Inam Department supply this office with quit-rent register of each taluk similar to those of the Harihar Taluk, received with your docket No. 789 of the 29th January last, there will be no necessity for their furnishing me with statements of individual inams in the form C submitted with my letter above quoted, except the particulars required in the column headed "Inams under various items of the beriz, *viz.*, mohatarfa, sayer, toddy, arrack, salt pan and other items if any," which are not available in the quit-rent register above alluded to.

2. As regards whole inam villages the particulars of the extent only of dry, wet, and garden lands are given, but not their respective assessments in the above quit-rent registers, *vide* case No. 15, title-deed No. 449, at page 96, 97 of the Harihar register. But the details of assessment are necessary for the preparation of statement form B received with your circular docket No. 548 of the 24th January last.

No. 979—Rev.-M. 50, dated Bangalore, 4th July 1877.

Order thereon.—*Form A.*—With reference to the suggestion contained in para 6 of the Nagar Commissioner's letter No. 157—70, dated 18th May last, Colonel Campbell is referred to para 5 of this office Proceedings No. 95, dated 17th March 1877, in which it was directed that the increase and decrease in the number of inams owing to release or relinquishment should be shewn on the reverse of the statement. If necessary the details may be furnished in a separate statement.

2. In para 7 Colonel Campbell suggests that a new column should be opened to exhibit the amount of "Jari Inam" which inamdars are entitled to enjoy. The Chief Commissioner considers it unnecessary to do so, as the amount of jari inam can be easily ascertained by deducting the jodi from the "total beriz."

3. The suggestions contained in para 8 are concurred in by Mr. Saunders and the necessary additions have been made in the proposed form.

4. With reference to what is stated in para 9, it is observed that, except in the case of items Nos. 6 and 8 ("village service in jodi, sarvamanya and kayamgutta villages" and "kodigi inam and kerebandi, &c.") the order and designation of all other inams, enumerated in column 3, correspond with those prescribed in the accounts of the Inam Department. It was considered desirable and useful to sub-divide "village service" into (1) Government village service and (2) village service in jodi, kayamgutta and sarvamanya villages. Item No. 8 (kodagi inams) must be retained as these inams have to be settled under the rules recently sanctioned by the Government of India.

5. *Form B.*—Adverting to para 10, in which the Commissioner brings to notice that the amount of jodi payable to Government under each head of revenue, *viz.*, dry, wet, garden, mohatarfa and sayer, is not ascertainable from the registers now furnished by the Inam Department, the Chief Commissioner directs that the requisite information under the

several heads noted above be supplied by the Inam Department. To make the heading "Deduct jari inamti" more explicit, it has been altered to "Jari inam enjoyed by minor inamdars."

6. With reference to the suggestion made in para 11, the Chief Commissioner observes that, in the case of this particular account Form B, it is desirable to retain the designations given in the form, and there will be no difficulty in its compilation inasmuch as the quit-rent registers at present furnished to taluks by the Inam Department afford almost all the information required to be entered under each item.

7. In reply to para 13, the Commissioner is informed that the term "inam jodi" was intended to denote the assessment payable to the inamdar of a whole village on account of the minor inams situated therein.

8. As the Commissioners of Divisions are generally in favor of the forms proposed, the Chief Commissioner authorizes their adoption, as now amended, from the commencement of the next official year.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Commissioners of Divisions.
" Superintendent of Inam Settlements, Mysore.
" Deputy Commissioners of Districts.

From the Commissioner, Nagar Division, To the Officiating Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, Gl. No. 212—Rev. 39, dated 7th June 1877.

I have the honor to submit for the Chief Commissioner's orders copy of a letter No. 222 of the 25th ultimo, from the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District relative to the restoration of a piece of inam land bearing a jodi of Rs. 37—4—0 at Kumsi in the Honnali Taluk.

2. It would appear from the title deed granted by the Inam Department that the land in question is the property of the temple of Vinayaka Devaru.

3. The late archak Rangappa resigned the land in consequence of his inability to cultivate the same and pay to Government the amount of quit-rent imposed on it.

4. The present applicant Ramanna agrees to take up the land and pay the quit-rent with arrears for the time under resumption.

5. From the records of this office it appears that the temple has no other sources of income for its maintenance.

6. Under these circumstances, I see no objection to put the applicant in possession of the land on the condition (1) that he should pay the arrears of jodi on the land, and (2) that he should continue to perform worship to the deity and keep the temple in repair, punctually satisfying the Government annual demand on the land.

7. The vernacular records connected with the case are herewith returned.

From the Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga District, To the Commissioner, Nagar Division, No. 222, dated Camp Talguppa, 25th May 1877.

I have the honor to state that Rangappa, *Archak* or worshipper of Vinayaka Devaru at Kumsi, resigned the devadaya inam, 13 acres and 31 guntas of land bearing an assessment of Rs. 37—4—0 standing in the name of the institution, situated in the Rachikoppa village, Honnali Taluk, on 2nd May 1875.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 4th July 1877.

2. The Amil, with the consent of the resignee and that of his other family members, except one Ramanna, accepted the razinama on the 18th September 1875.

3. On the 2nd December 1876 the above Ramanna, a cousin of Rangappa, complained that his consent for the above acceptance was not obtained, and solicited that the inam may be restored to him as confirmed by the Inam Department, and also agreed to pay the jodi of the land for the time under resumption.

4. The Superintendent of Inams was addressed on the subject, and in reply has stated that orders of the Chief Commissioner should be obtained for the restoration of the inam.

5. I consider that the consent of Ramanna ought to have been taken before the razinama was accepted.

6. The vernacular papers on the subject are enclosed as per pherist, and request that the orders of the Chief Commissioner may be obtained for the restoration of the inams under reference.

No. 980—Rev. 51, DATED BANGALORE, 4TH JULY 1877.

ORDER THEREON.—The Chief Commissioner observes that, as the inam land was confirmed in the name of the institution, the archak, who was a mere servant of the temple, had no right to make over the land to Government. He ought to have merely resigned his service, and on the application of the villagers, some other person, whether a member of the late archak's family or otherwise, ought to have been appointed in his stead.

2. The inam in the present case may be restored to the applicant Ramanna, on the conditions proposed by the Commissioner.

3. It was ruled in this office Proceedings No. 2711—86, dated 21st August 1873, that the representatives of a temple are not the pujaris or worshippers, but the recognized managers of the institution or the inhabitants of the village in which it is situated.

Copies of the Proceedings will be communicated to Commissioners of Divisions and Deputy Commissioners of Districts for information and guidance.

T. R. A. THUMBOO CHETTY,
Assistant Secretary.

To—The Commissioner, Nagar Division (with vernacular proceedings)
" Commissioners of Nundydroog and Ashtagram Divisions.
" Superintendent of Inam Settlements.
" Dy. Accountant General.
" Dy. Commissioners of Districts.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 5th July 1877.

READ—

Petition registered No. 4552, dated 14th December 1876, from Bairamana Venkatappa and other inamdars of Hunsenhalli village in the Goribidnur Taluk, complaining that the *ad-interim* quit-rent fixed on their village by the Inam Department had been greatly enhanced by the Survey Department.

From the Survey and Settlement Commissioner of Mysore, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. 626, dated Camp Kumpta, 27th April 1876

By para 2 of Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 292 of the 13th February 1874 it is provided that an *ad-interim* quit-rent shall be fixed on whole inam villages by the Inam Department pending their valuation by the survey.

2. And in para 4 it is provided that, when enfranchisement is optional, the payment of the above *ad-interim* quit-rent may be declined till the survey valuation is known, when enfranchisement may be obtained by paying up the arrears of the *ad-interim* quit-rent with interest at 4 per cent thereon from the date of the original settlement.

3 But no provision is made for a case in which the *ad-interim* quit-rent is accepted but the final quit-rent is declined, probably because it was considered that in all cases in which the inamdar might have a doubt about whether it was worth his while to enfranchise or not until the final quit-rent was known, he would hold his acceptance of enfranchisement in abeyance and pay up the arrears of *ad-interim* quit-rent with interest at 4 per cent on election of enfranchisement.

4. A case has occurred in which the inamdars accepted the *ad-interim* quit-rent fixed at Rs. 63, but, on the final quit-rent being made known on the survey valuation to be Rs 173, expressed a desire to decline enfranchisement and hold the village in hereditary succession.

5. The case is a solitary one, and it appears possible that the inamdars did not know precisely what they were agreeing to, notwithstanding that a copy of the original Notification No. 108 of 14th June 1873 was issued to them by Colonel Puckle at the time of the notification of the original quit-rent.

6. It appears to me but just that in such cases an enfranchisement which was optional and was accepted on the *ad-interim* quit-rent might be allowed to be declined on the notification of the final quit-rent on survey valuation, and the inam be continued in hereditary succession, payment of the *ad-interim* quit-rent for enfranchisement ceasing from the date of formally declining to pay the final quit rent, on the ascertained condition that no alienation of the inam has taken place during the time of payment of *ad interim* quit-rent

7. It is not probable that such cases will be very numerous, but still they may occur now and then as the valuation of inams in the old accounts is often entirely out of all proportion low in comparison to the valuation after survey, and from ignorance or from other reasons inamdars may not have thoroughly informed themselves of the option left them under clause 4 of the Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 292 of the 13th February 1874.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Order No. 2970—Rev. 100, dated 22nd June 1876.

The Chief Commissioner observes that it is quite clear that the payment of the *ad-interim* quit-rent as originally fixed on a valuation at a comparatively low rate by the Inam authorities cannot equitably be regarded as depriving the inamdar of the option of declining to enfranchise the holding on ascertaining that the quit-rent eventually fixed is greatly in excess of the original estimate.

2. As cases of this kind will, it is said, be rare, the Inam Department may be authorized to treat the inam in question as unenfranchised, but this proceeding, the Chief Commissioner remarks, will go far to impede the efforts that are being made to induce the inamdars to accept the enfranchisement.

3. The Chief Commissioner desires at the same time to be furnished by the Survey and Settlement Commissioner with the particulars of the survey settlement in the case under reference, shewing what proportion the area cultivated, or which has been cultivated within 5 years past, bears to the whole assessed area, as well as to the aggregate of the village.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 5th July 1877.

4. The course adopted in the present case may become more general and may necessitate the addition of a clause providing for such cases in Notification No. 292, dated 13th February 1874, which was issued under the authority of the Government of India The Survey and Settlement Commissioner's opinion on this point is invited.

To—The Survey and Inam Commissioner

From the Survey and Settlement Commissioner, Mysore, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No 749, dated Camp Yellapur, 29th May 1877.

I have the honor to forward the following report with reference to Chief Commissioner's No 2970—100 of the 22nd June last and No. 390—81 of the 16th instant.

2. I will first notice para 3 asking for particulars of the survey settlement of the village in question, Hunsenhalli, or rather survey *valuation*, for no settlement is made in such cases, the village being merely measured, classed and the survey valuation made on the rates applied to similar lands in the vicinity according to the classification. The detail of the survey valuation will be found in the appended copy of statement furnished by the Superintendent, Revenue Survey, to the Superintendent, Inam Settlements. No data are available to shew the extent annually cultivated. But it must be borne in mind that the inamdar is by no means tied down to the survey valuation in collecting his assessments from his tenants, he most undoubtedly does obtain considerably higher rates of assessment on the average of the village, which higher rates would most fully cover the loss of revenue on account of any lands remaining waste, which could at any rate amount but to a small fraction of the whole valuation, as the inamdar being in no way tied to the survey assessment would take all he could get on favorite long occupied lands, and would be content with assessment much less than the survey assessment on lands thrown up and waste, or likely to become so. I point out this to shew that there is no fear of any hardship being committed in taking the survey valuation of the village as the base of the quit-rent in the inam settlement. In fact such survey valuation, when available, has always been taken as the final base of inam settlements and of cesses both in the Bombay Presidency and in Mysore.

3. In the case in question the *interim* quit-rent was fixed on the data available at Rs. 63 by the Inam Department under clause 2 of Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 292 of the 13th February 1874, and the survey valuation having been afterwards made the permanent quit-rent was fixed at Rs 173, a considerable apparent difference in amount doubtless, but still when compared with the total assessment or valuation of the inam there is nothing very formidable in the increase.

4. Under rule 4 of the Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 292 of the 13th February 1874, full provision is made for the case of any inamdar who while in uncertainty about the survey valuation hesitates to bind himself to accept it, by allowing him to defer acceptance of enfranchisement till the amount is known, then if accepting it paying up arrears with interest at 4 per cent.

5. No provision however is made for allowing an inamdar to decline the final quit-rent after he has accepted the *interim* quit-rent, for the reason that the acceptance of the *interim* quit-rent is entirely optional. The *interim* quit-rent would in fact be accepted by no inamdar who did not desire to at once avail himself of the privilege of enfranchisement.

6. Supposing an inamdar had accepted *interim* quit-rent and enfranchisement and afterwards on learning the amount desired to retract and decline enfranchisement with payment of any quit-rent, it would be easy to meet the case by allowing him to decline and repay all the accumulated payments of *interim* quit-rent, always supposing that the privileges of enfranchisement had not been exercised by alienating lands. Such an additional provision in the Notification would however be a mere dead letter, since no one would accept *interim* quit-rent on Rule 2 unless he wanted to obtain the immediate power of alienation; if he did not desire to alienate immediately, he would accept the terms of Rule 4.

7. In the present case the inamdar petitions to have his enfranchisement and liability to quit-rent cancelled and the village confirmed to him on simple hereditary tenure. In the first instance in answer to enquiries on the subject the creation of any alienations posterior to the enfranchisement was denied, and it appeared to me that no harm would be done in cancelling the quit-rent and the enfranchisment; enquiries were however pushed farther, and it was elicited by the Inam Superintendent that nine separate mortgages had been effected during the time the enfranchisement had existed, and therefore the cancelling the enfranchisement thus made use of is out of the question.

8. There appears to me to be no case whatever in favor of the inamdar receiving any modification of the terms he accepted. He evidently desired to alienate parts of the lands of the village at once

and therefore accepted temporary quit-rent with liability to permanent quit-rent when ascertained, and now wishes to draw back from what he had previously agreed to and acted on, and to make his case out gave false information as to the creation of alienations during the time of payment of temporary quit-rent.

9. Before the issue of the Notification No. 292 of the 13th February 1874, the matter was very fully considered in all its bearings and every thing possible that could be was provided in order to render the measures therein adopted as little hard on the inamdars as possible. Experience shewed that the State without a survey valuation of inam villages was liable to be an enormous sufferer, that a systematic depreciation of the valuation of inam villages existed and had been adopted in some cases clearly proved and brought before the Chief Commissioner, and more cases will be brought to his notice hereafter. I am unable to see what addition to the Notification would be of any practical value to the inamdar, as if he does not desire to alienate at once he can always guard himself by adoption of the provisions of Rule 4 instead of Rule 2. If he does adopt Rule 2 as in this case and exercise the privileges of alienation, I do not see how any retrograde step can be admitted to the inamdar unless he too can cancel the alienations which must be clearly impossible.

From the Superintendent, Revenue Survey, Mysore, To the Superintendent of Inam Settlements in Mysore, No. 521, dated 25th June 1874.

With reference to your memo No. 552 of the 25th March 1874 requesting me to give, in addition to the area, full particulars of the assessment of the village of Hunsenhalli of the Goribidnur Taluk, I beg to subjoin a statement giving the required information :—

Total Area.	Deduct Unculturable Waste.	Remaining Culturable Area and Assessment.								
		Garden.		Rice.		Dry Crop.		Total.		
		Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment.	Assessment after eliminating fractions.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1,310·5	*112·16	106·8	56-5-4	41·9	158-12-3	1,050·12	652-13-3	1,197·29	1,379-14-10	1,381—4—0

* Includes village site, &c.

2. With reference to the information required regarding the boundaries, the map will be in due course forwarded to you.

No. 3514—Rev. 83, dated Bangalore, 5th July 1877.

Order thereon.—The Chief Commissioner concurs with the Survey Commissioner in thinking that as the inamdars, who had the option of declining the *ad-interim* quit-rent, did not choose to do so, but, on the contrary, accepted the temporary settlement and actually exercised powers of alienation, they cannot now be permitted to decline enfranchisement on the ground that quit-rent had been enhanced according to survey valuation.

2. Mr. Saunders further observes that the circumstances of the particular case under reference do not justify any action being taken to modify the provisions of Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 292, dated 13th February 1874.

3. The Survey Commissioner is informed, with reference to the remark made in para 2 of his letter No. 749, dated 29th May last, that it is in contemplation to issue

rules based on Madras Act VIII of 1865 prescribing the procedure to be adopted by inamdars and other land-holders in the matter of recovering rent from their tenants, and it is hoped that the rules, when passed, will remove much that it is unsatisfactory in the relations of land-lords and tenants, as the payment of assessment or rent will be generally regulated in accordance with the agreement between the parties, cases of over assessment or exaction being specially dealt with by district Revenue officers. A copy of the Chief Commissioner's Proceedings on the subject, together with the draft rules, will be forwarded to the Survey Commissioner, with a request that he will favor the Chief Commissioner with his opinion on the proposed measure.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Survey and Inam Commissioner
" Superintendent of Inam Settlements.
" Commissioner Nundidroog Division.

Famine Relief.

Telegram from T. C. Hope, Commerce, To Chief Commissioner, Commerce, dated 6th July 1877.

Governor General in Council considers it of utmost importance in order to give confidence to merchants and prevent discontinuance of shipments that all procurable information regarding stocks, consumption and growing crops should be made public. His Excellency therefore requests you will obtain as soon as possible and publish in *Mysore Gazette*, as regards each distressed district or small convenient division, first anything known about quantity of local stocks, secondly the imports and exports of grain, thirdly the estimated daily consumption of food grain by the population dependent on each principal market, fourthly the condition of the growing crops of food grains. Similar information should be published fortnightly in future, and as crops reach maturity, their probable out-turn should be given as far as it can be roughly estimated.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 9th July 1877.

Name of District or Sub-Division.	Quantity of Local Stocks on hand (in seers.)			Quantity imported during the fortnight, and from what place or places imported, (in seers.)			Quantity exported (in seers), and to what place or places.			Estimated daily average consumption of food-grain by the population dependent on each principal mart.			Condition of growing crops of food grains.	Remarks.
	Ragi.	Rice.	Javari.	Ragi.	Rice.	Javari.	Ragi.	Rice.	Javari.	Ragi.	Rice.	Javari.		

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 12th July 1877.

No. 1074—Rev. 573, dated Bangalore, 9th July 1877.

Ordered to be communicated to Commissioners of Divisions with a request that the required information may be furnished to this office fortnightly on the 1st and 15th of each month in the annexed form.

2. The return should be prepared for each district separately and forwarded through the Commissioner with an expression of his own opinion as to the views expressed by the Deputy Commissioners.

3. The first statement should be prepared for the fortnight ending the 15th instant and transmitted with as little delay as possible.

T. R. A. THUMBOO CHETTY,
Assistant Secretary.

To—The Commissioners of Divisions.
„ Dy. Commissioners of Districts

Read—

Docket from the Commissioner of Nundydroog, No. 204, dated 8th June 1877.

No. 3721—Rev. 42, dated Bangalore, 12th July 1877.

Order thereon.—With the above, the Commissioner submits three statements shewing the present and proposed emoluments of Patels in 25 hoblis, comprising 1,201 villages of the marginally noted three taluks of the Kolar District.

	Hoblis	Villages
Shrinivaspur ...	7	426
Sidlagatta ...	12	507
Mulbagal ...	6	268
	25	1201

2 The Patels in the said hoblis enjoy emoluments to the value of Rs. 1,778—15—7 as noted in the margin, of which Rs. 688—13—6 are in the enjoyment of co-sharers and the remainder Rs. 1,090—2—1 in that of officiators.

	Rs	As.	P
Land ...	423	11	0
In Cash from ryots.	3	12	0
Grain or Aya from do	828	13	10
Tamarind trees...	522	10	9
Total.....	1,778	15	7

3. According to the sanctioned scale the remuneration amounts to Rs. 11,704—15—2, of which Rs. 1,574—13—9 have to be confirmed to the officiators, leaving a balance of Rs. 10,130—1—5. To this must be added Rs. 66—4—0 being the excess allowed in computing fractions, making in all Rs. 10,196—5—5, which is proposed to be met as follows:—

	Rs.	As.	P.
By remission of kandayam	115	6	2
„ Grant of waste lands	9,956	1	5
„ Cash payment from Government Treasury ..	124	13	10
Total....	10,196	5	5

4. The proposals are sanctioned with effect from the current year 1877—78.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Commissioner, Nundydroog Division.
„ Dy. Accountant General.
„ Inspector General of Police.
„ Survey and Settlement Commissioner.
„ Dy. Commissioner of Kolar.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 17th July 1877.

REVENUE.

READ—

Docket No. 471, dated 13th June 1877, from the Deputy Commissioner of Kadur, requesting to be furnished with 200 copies of coffee pattas and suggesting the insertion in para 4 of the 9 kinds of reserved trees.

No. 3753—REV. 7, DATED BANGALORE, 13TH JULY 1877.

ORDER THEREON.—The Chief Commissioner directs that para 4 be amended by substituting for "teak, sandal, blackwood or poon trees" the words "teak, sandal, blackwood, poon and such other trees as have been authoritatively declared to be reserved."

2. The Superintendent is requested to have 200 copies of the patta printed at the Government Press and forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner direct.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Deputy Commissioner of Kadur.
" Superintendent, Government Press, with specimen form.
" Commrs. of Nundydroog, Ashtagram and Nagar Divisions, for information.

READ again—

Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 117, R., dated 8th October 1873.
Letter No. 371, dated 15th March 1876, from Survey and Settlement Commissioner
Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 216, R., dated 24th March 1875.
Letter No. 191, dated 6th February 1877, from Survey and Settlement Commissioner.
Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 348—R. 12, dated 10th April 1877.

No. 3911—REV. 13, DATED BANGALORE, 17TH JULY 1877.

ORDER THEREON.—The Survey settlement being about to be introduced into the *30 villages of the Chamrajnagar Taluk, from which the jahagir of the illegitimate grandsons of His Highness the late Maha Raja will be assigned, it becomes necessary to consider the terms of the title deeds to be issued to the jahagirdars as well as certain points which remain to be determined, before they can be put in possession.

*Including 3 depopulated villages.

2. The accompanying draft of title deed, which has been prepared in this office, will be communicated to the Commissioner of the Ashtagram Division, the Survey and Settlement Commissioner, the Officer in charge of the Guardian's office, and Conservator of Forests, for an expression of opinion as to any amendments or corrections they might wish to suggest.

3. Three statements are also annexed, shewing the assets of the villages proposed to be granted, and before determining the several items to be assigned to the jahagirdars, the Commissioner of the Ashtagram Division is requested to supply the requisite particulars in certain columns left blank to resubmit the statements as early as practicable.

4. As regards arable waste lands which have been assessed, the Chief Commissioner considers that the amount of assessment should be included in the assets to be alienated. In the case of unarable waste lands on which no assessment has been fixed, the Chief Commissioner proposes to make over to the jahagirdars the profits, if any, derivable from pasturage, produce of trees, &c., on such lands, and such items should therefore be omitted from the calculation of assets.

5. If it should happen, as is likely, that the revenue of the villages to be granted to each grandson under the several heads to be alienated, exceeds the value of the proposed grant, the amount in excess will have to be deducted from the money allowance payable to the grantee.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, (with copies of statements and draft title deed).
" Survey and Settlement Commissioner.
" Officer in charge of the Guardian's Office, Mysore. } with copy of draft title deed.
" Conservator of Forests.

Particulars of villages to be granted to Sivaramraj Bahadur.

Names of Villages.	Particulars.	Total area (atchkat.)	Deduct minor jari inams.	Not assessed by Survey.	Remaining Government land.																						Total Govt. land.		Other items of revenue.						Grand Total.	
					Assessed arable waste.								Government occupied.																							
					Dry.		Wet.		Garden.		Total.		Dry.		Wet.		Garden.		Total.																	
	Assli. Dakhali. Tanks, &c. Kattes, &c. Channels.	Dry. Wet. Garden. Total.	Beriza. Dry. Wet. Garden. Total extent. Assessment.	Karampala. Trees, jungles, &c. Unarable waste. Village common. Total.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Inam jodi.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Mohatarfa. Sayer. Toddy. Arrack. Inalgaval, forest, &c. Total.	Extent.	Assessment.	
Homma ...		1,058	26	344	13	14	3	12	...	...	12	26	472	774	103	467	97	389	...	672	...	1,032	...											
Gulspur		825	12	63	7	8	1	3	...	...	8	11	506	974	67	287	79	157	...	742	...	813	...											
Budamballi		508	2	151	2	2	...	...	...	...	2	2	300	442	50	124	...	...	...	353	...	506	...											
Irasavadi		621	7	228	26	18	3	8	...	...	29	26	197	272	100	132	...	1	...	357	...	614	...											
Hondaravalu		9,523	7	8,218	234	192	1	2	...	...	235	194	830	731	233	889	...	...	...	1,063	...	9,516	...											
Total.....		12,535	54	9,004	282	234	8	25	...	...	290	259	2,395	3,193	616	2,529	176	747	...	3,187	...	12,481	...											

Particulars of villages to be granted to Nanjaraj Bahadur.

Honganur		2,387	84	783	37	56	48	216	1	1	86	273	351	356	1,074	5,109	5	25	...	1,434	...	2,303	...											
Melamalya		4,599	17	3,305	150	145	6	14	...	...	156	159	266	264	855	2,419	...	...	...	1,121	...	4,512	...											
Aramanpur		141	3	23	14	18	2	7	...	...	16	25	91	112	6	15	2	3	...	99	...	138	...											
Hanumanpur		278	1	42	63	42	...	...	...	...	63	42	117	93	55	222	...	...	...	172	...	277	...											
Nanjarajpur		205	5	18	10	10	...	...	...	...	10	10	100	143	10	51	...	...	...	170	...	198	...											
Mukhadli		389	5	82	8	10	...	...	...	...	8	10	271	370	23	91	...	...	...	294	...	384	...											
Hospur		645	4	31	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	377	358	228	740	3	33	...	608	...	639	...											
Masanpur		409	4	49	13	16	17	73	...	...	30	89	206	284	118	543	2	9	...	326	...	405	...											
Chyatipur		51	2	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19	20	21	106	2	9	...	42	...	51	...											
Kallipur		533	6	19	16	20	10	45	...	...	26	65	300	458	185	854	2	11	...	487	...	532	...											
Bettadli		536	11	59	15	18	3	5	...	...	18	23	372	412	72	308	4	18	...	448	...	525	...											
Satur		706	17	199	25	12	2	7	...	...	27	19	295	310	217	891	1	5	...	463	...	689	...											
Gangavadi		300	5	45	39	42	18	73	3	6	60	121	191	96	84	342	5	15	...	140	...	295	...											
Timmegaudanpalya		1,334	8	744	313	234	...	...	...	...	313	234	435	360	37	87	...	...	...	469	...	1,326	...											
Total		12,516	172	5,208	703	623	106	440	4	7	813	1,070	3,308	3,646	2,985	11,778	30	108	...	6,323	...	12,344	...											

Particulars of villages to be granted to Deva Parthiraraj Bahadur.

Kogalavadi		1,707	30	246	137	174	2	7	...	...	139	181	1,063	1,508	226	929	3	13	...	1,292	...	1,677	...											
Jotigondapur		5,449	47	3,982	238	191	31	110	...	...	201	501	923	910	198	721	80	114	...	1,151	...	5,402	...											
Nagavalli		1,266	23	298	9	12	...	...	...	...	9	12	706	712	194	826	6	12	...	1,138	...	1,243	...											
Sargur		1,683	21	211	11	14	3	4	...	...	14	18	1,225	1,812	84	373	126	574	...	1,437	...	1,662	...											
Pattanpur		1,152	4	491	255	166	7	17	...	...	262	183	551	254	64	194	...	...	...	395	...	1,148	...											
Konkenhalli		643	8	243	40	24	...	...	...	...	40	24	357	318	...	...	...	...	...	357	...	640	...											
Vagarpur		225	4	27	11	16	1	1	...	...	12	17	102	146	16	52	2	6	...	182	...	221	...											
Hanchitalpur		192	5	20	12	8	...	...	...	...	12	8	155	182	...	...	...	...	...	155	...	187	...											
Kotamballi		875	27	60	16	8	25	63	...	...	41	71	601	964	84	378	62	283	...	747	...	848	...											
Rechamballi		703	8	71	57	82	4	10	...	...	91	92	523	338	14	38	1	8	...	538	...	710	...											
Nallur		366	19	47	8	10	...	...	...	...	8	10	223	234	62	239	7	11	...	292	...	347	...											
Total.....		14,266	191	5,696	824	705	73	212	...	...	897	917	6,299	7,132	944	3,750	239	1,021	...	7,482	...	14,075	...											

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 17*th July* 1877.

From the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. 278, R., dated Bangalore, 26th March 1877.

I have the honor to submit the following case for the Chief Commissioner's orders.

II. One Komarla Jayaramaiya of Chintamani purchased the marginally noted fields in Settihalli village of the Sidlagatta Taluk at an auction sale held by the Taluk Sheristadar in satisfaction of arrears of kandayam due by Shanbhog Ramaiya for the year 1875—76, and paid the full amount of the purchase money. A few days afterwards the Amildar directed him to take back the money, as the sale had been cancelled, the pattadar having paid up the arrear due by him.

Nos. 271, 294, 296, 276, 182 and 184.

III. The Deputy Commissioner of Kolar informed Jayaramaiya by an endorsement, that he can set aside a sale prior to its confirmation, either on the score of irregularity in the conduct of the sale or in consideration of the interests of the ryots.

IV. Against this order Jayaramaiya brought an appeal to me praying for the confirmation of the sale; the chief grounds being that the land he purchased had been made over to him, and that there was no irregularity in the sale which was held in the presence of the pattadar who made no request to be allowed to pay up.

V. The Deputy Commissioner reported that the sale was cancelled under the rulings contained in the Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 8860—Rev. 48, dated 3rd March 1875, the pattadar having paid the arrears before the confirmation of the sale. He further observed that it was irregular on the part of the Sheristadar and Peshkar not to have given a month's warning.

VI. It appears to me that the Deputy Commissioner's order cancelling the sale is based on a mere technical omission subsequently discovered, which was not brought forward at the time though the sale was conducted in the presence of the defaulter.

READ—

Docket No. 35, dated 25th May 1877, from the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, submitting the proceedings of the case.

No. 3900—REV. 43, DATED BANGALORE, 17TH JULY 1877.

ORDER THEREON.—On a review of the proceedings connected with this case, the Chief Commissioner observes that the notice of sale was published on the 3rd and 5th June 1876, and the lands in question were sold on the 27th and 28th of the month and before the expiration of the 30 days allowed by the rules. The omission to give the defaulter the notice required by law cannot be called "a mere technical one," and the Deputy Commissioner was justified in taking cognizance of the irregularity and setting aside the sale.

2. Mr. Saunders further remarks that Sheristadar Dhond Rao, who signed the notice for the Amildar, should be severely censured for the non-observance of the rules laid down for his guidance. The purchaser ought not to have been allowed to take possession of the land before the sale was confirmed by the Deputy Commissioner.

3. The decision of the Deputy Commissioner is, therefore, upheld, and the Commissioner is requested to communicate this order to the parties concerned.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, (returning the Proceedings.)
" Commissioners of Ashtagram and Nagar Divisions.
" Dy. Commissioners of Districts.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 20th July 1877.

From the Survey and Settlement Commissioner of Mysore, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, No. 357, dated Camp Kadur, 10th March 1876.

I have the honor to forward for orders a *correspondence which has taken place regarding lands over which the Amrut Mahal Department has certain claims.

*To be returned.

2. It appears that there are two classes of cases concerned.

3. One in which the amrut mahal cattle graze the land after the crops have been cut

4. The second in which one half of the land is cultivated yearly in rotation, the cattle grazing the other half. In both cases the land appears to be irrigated rice land.

5. In the first case the Chief Commissioner has ordered as follows by para 3 of Secretary's No. 8292—G 305 of the 13th February 1875.

"The kaval should be properly demarcated to prevent farther disputes as to its limits, and the "right of the Amrut Mahal Department to the stubble grazing claimed should be settled and recorded. "The Chief Commissioner, however, observes that such right cannot be recognized when batayi land "is made nagdiyat, and that the Amrut Mahal Department should, in such cases, arrange with the hold-"ers of the land for the grazing. This can, no doubt, be done by giving the latter the droppings of the "cattle".

6. Major Grant states that he has not at once acted on the above very definite order; first, because it has not been declared to be general in its application; and secondly, because he is in doubt if the effect of carrying out the above order has been fully represented to Government; that he believes the rights of the Amrut Mahal Department to stubble grazing to be very considerable, though to what extent he cannot state, and there is no doubt that the general application of the Chief Commissioner's order will evoke strenuous opposition from the department in question.

Para 3 of No. 122 of 16th ultimo.

7. There can be no doubt of the great inconvenience of the joint rights over the same land claimed in both the cases referred to above, and the desirability of making some arrangement to do away with this state of things if it is possible to do so. The Amrut Mahal Department must be often placed in a very uncomfortable position from disputes with the cultivators, and the Government must lose a certain portion of revenue, though this is a minor question, if the right in question has been definitely and knowingly assigned to the Amrut Mahal Department. This, however, appears to be hardly the case, as, by the terms of the Chief Commissioner's order above quoted, it appears that the right is not recognized as continuable, in one case at any rate, under certain probable conditions, namely, the land ceasing to be batayi and becoming nagdiyat. What has been ruled in one particular case, doubtless on sufficient grounds, may I presume be made a precedent for all other cases of the kind.

8. I presume that the order that the Amrut Mahal Department should "arrange" with the ryots for the stubble grazing can only refer to a private arrangement between the two parties, open to either to make or not at pleasure, and it appears to me that in few cases would the ryots agree to such an arrangement; they would probably in most cases get the droppings of the cattle whether they entered into an arrangement or not; they would ordinarily rather not be troubled with the chance of complications with the Amrut Mahal Department, and moreover they would, by entering into any arrangement making over the right of grazing after the first crop had been taken, forego the profit obtainable from a second crop of pulse, &c., often grown on such lands after the monsoon crop of rice has been cut.

9. Therefore I have great doubt if the Amrut Mahal Department would willingly forego their rights, whatever they may be, on the chance of an arrangement, such as that indicated, being procurable. I believe they attach considerable value to this stubble grazing, and a good deal of objection may be expected on the enforcement and general application of this order.

10. At the same time the grazing resources of the Amrut Mahal Department in this Province are very great. They have been, I believe, estimated to cover no less than 3,000 square miles, and though they may be unwilling to part with this stubble grazing which can cover but a minute fraction of the whole area, it may be a fair subject for investigation as to whether this widely spread claim is based on any positive right, and whether secondly it is a necessity to the department to the full extent to which it is claimed.

11. As regards the first case given in para 3 above, the Chief Commissioner's order appears to dispose of it, if that order is to be held of general application.

12. As regards the second case it would appear preferable to leave one half the land exclusively to the Amrut Mahal Department, and the other half exclusively to the cultivators freed from any complication with the Amrut Mahal Department if such an arrangement is possible.

From the Superintendent, Revenue Survey and Assessment of Mysore, To the Survey and Settlement Commissioner of Mysore, No. 122, dated Camp Maddagiri, 16th February 1876.

I have the honor to forward correspondence as per margin bearing upon the rights of the Amrut Mahal Department to stubble grazing in fields held by the ryots.

1. Mr. James' letter No. 38, dated 29th December 1874.
2. Deputy Superintendent's Memo No. 1126 of 31st idem.
3. Survey Superintendent's No. 12 of 14th January 1875.
4. Deputy Superintendent's No 56 of 21st idem.
5. Mr. James' letter No. 32 of 6th October 1875 and enclosures.
6. Deputy Superintendent's No. 877 of 7th idem.
7. Survey Superintendent's No. 874, dated 14th idem.
8. Deputy Superintendent's letter No. 1093 of 27th December 1875 and enclosures.

2. The point to be made clear and regarding which I entertain some doubt is whether it is really the intention of Government to abide by the order enunciated in the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner's letter No. 8292—305 of the 13th February 1875, copy of which is attached. In the said letter occur these words; "The Chief Commissioner, however, observes that such right cannot be recognized "when batayi land is made nagdiyat, and that the Amrut Mahal Department should, in such cases, ar-"range with the holders of the lands for the grazing. This can no doubt be done by giving the latter the "droppings of the cattle." The right alluded to, as will be at once obvious on perusing the letter quoted from, is that claimed by the Amrut Mahal Department to the stubble grazing.

3. My reasons for not acting at once upon the above very definite order are (1) that it has not been declared to be general in its application; and (2) the entertainment of some doubt as to whether the effect of carrying out such an order has been fully represented to Government. I am not in a position to state how far the rights of the Amrut Mahal Department to stubble grazing extend; but I believe that they must be very considerable, and there is no doubt that the general application of the Chief Commissioner's order will evoke strenuous remonstrance from the department in question.

4. In para 3 of the Chief Commissioner's letter, it is distinctly stated that "the grazing of stubble "is a matter which the Amrut Mahal Department must settle with the ryots," and I think these words seem to be general in their application.

5. Still the question is one of great importance, and I beg to solicit instructions as to the mode of dealing with the lands in question.

6. If the rights of the Amrut Mahal Department to the stubble on the nagdiyat lands cannot be recognized, it is obviously advisable to measure those lands as part and parcel of the villages to which the kandayam is paid and not into the kavals. Orders on this point are solicited.

From James, Esq., Assistant Superintendent, Revenue Survey, To the Dy. Superintendent, Revenue Survey, No. 38, dated Camp Hiresave, 29th December 1874.

I have the honor to inform you that in the Amrut Mahal kavals adjoining the villages of Baggangere, Sankagatta and Neralkere in the Tippasandra hobli of the Magadi Taluk, there is a considerable quantity of cultivated rice land which is given out on kandayam, but over which the Amrut Mahal Department exercise the right of grazing the stubble.

2. In the presence of Captain Ludlow, Assistant Commissioner, and myself, the villagers all pointed out the boundary of the kaval as going through the middle of the fields of standing rice. I accordingly ordered the measurers to include so much into the villages, but not to touch the rice land in the kaval.

3. I have been unable to procure the necessary razinamas from the village officers; for, though the boundary is clear and undisputed by all, they say, "this kaval land was formerly in our villages and was our *hak*, how can we sign away our birthright?".

4. I have the honor to request that you will inform me how the cultivation in the kaval is to be measured, also what is to be done about the razinamas.

Memo by the Deputy Superintendent, Mysore Revenue Survey, No. 1126, dated Belur, 31st December 1874.

Recommends with reference to the above that the land over which the kaval holds grazing rights be included in the kaval, but measured into separate survey numbers as other rice land is measured. If the villagers will not give razinamas, the line of boundary must be settled in person by the Assistant.

Survey Superintendent's office, No. 12, dated Ságar, 14th January 1875.

The above arrangements are approved. To be returned.

Deputy Superintendent's office, Revenue Survey, No. 56, dated Chikmagalur, 21st January 1875.

Forwarded for information and guidance of Mr. James, who is requested to take copy of what he considers necessary and return originals to this office.

From the Deputy Superintendent, Revenue Survey, To the Superintendent, Revenue Survey, Mysore, No. 877, dated Bangalore, 7th October 1875.

I have the honor to forward letter No. 32 of 6th instant, from Mr. James, with previous correspondence, for your consideration, and recommend with regard to this individual case that the rice lands actually under cultivation, or which have been cultivated any time during the last three years, be included in the village of Tippasandra and excluded from the kaval. Your instructions on this point are requested as soon as possible as the N Duftur is now moving into the vicinity of the land in question.

2. I beg to draw your attention to para 2 of letter No. 8292—305 from Chief Commissioner's office to the address of the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, in which it is ordered that grazing rights enjoyed by the Amrut Mahal Department over lands at present batayi cannot be recognized when such land is made nagdiyat. This order is at variance with the custom that prevails at present in this survey, as such lands have hitherto been included in the measurement of the kavals, *vide* this office Circular Nos. 487 and 10 of 16th December 1873 and 17th April 1874 respectively, and I should feel obliged by your informing me whether you would wish any alteration made in the orders on this subject now in force. I believe that almost all rice lands in which such mixed rights now obtain will be found to be batayi lands.

From W. E. A. James, Esq., Assistant Superintendent, Revenue Survey, To the Deputy Superintendent, Revenue Survey, No. 32, dated Bangalore, 6th October 1875.

In re-submitting the enclosed correspondence for further orders, I have the honor to forward copy of Nundydroog Division Commissioner's letter No. 1103, also copy of letter from the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner No. 8292—305, G, from which it would appear that it is decided that the land over which the kaval claims the right of stubble grazing is not to be considered as belonging to the kaval.

2. I would therefore suggest that the land in question be included in the village of Tippasandra, which claims it.

From the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, To the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, No. 1103, dated Bangalore, 27th February 1875.

With reference to the correspondence ending with your letter No. 869 of 26th November 1874, I have the honor to forward copy of a letter from the Secretary, conveying the Chief Commissioner's instructions relative to the conduct of Annaswamaiengar, Amildar of the Magadi Taluk, in connection with a certain tract of Amrut Mahal kaval land in that taluk.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 20th July 1877.

2. Both from the proceedings and from Captain Ludlow's report, it is clear that it is not satisfactorily proved that the land given for cultivation does belong to the kaval. It cannot, therefore, be taken away from Venkatachar, and the kaval must be demarcated excluding it.

3. The grazing of stubble is a matter which the Amrut Mahal Department must settle with the ryots

4. As regards Annaswamaiengar, I have only to inform him that I will not keep an Amildar who is constantly laying his conduct open to grave suspicion, and who, in whatever taluk he is located, gives his immediate superiors an unusual amount of annoyance and trouble, thereby causing the ordinary work of his taluk to be seriously impeded If any more suspicious cases come up, I shall at once apply to have him degraded to Peshkar or dismissed as circumstances may justify

5. The enclosures of your docket No. 777 of 2nd November 1874 are herewith returned

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From the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, To the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, No. 8292—G 305, dated Bangalore, 13th February 1875.

In reply to your letter No. 244, dated 6th ultimo, submitting a further report on the conduct of Amildar Annaswamaiengar in connection with a certain tract of Amrut Mahal kaval land in the Magadi Taluk, I am directed to state that it appears to the Chief Commissioner that Captain Ludlow's report is on the whole in the Amildar's favor, and that though there may be some grounds for dissatisfaction with his proceedings in connection with this case, there is nothing so conclusive as to warrant his punishment by reduction to a lower grade

2 The kaval should be properly demarcated to prevent further dispute as to its limits, and the right of the Amrut Mahal Department to the stubble grazing claimed should be settled and recorded The Chief Commissioner, however, observes that such right cannot be recognized when batayi land is made nagdiyat, and that the Amrut Mahal Department should, in such cases arrange with the holders of the lands for the grazing This can no doubt be done by giving the latter the droppings of the cattle

4 I am desired to add that it is left to you to notice as you may think proper any point in Annaswamaiengar's case that appears to call for comment or reproof at your hands

5 The enclosures to your letter are herewith returned

Survey Superintendent's office, No 874, dated Dharwar, 14th October 1875

With reference to the special case alluded to in Major Anderson's No 877 of the 7th instant, the rice land should be included in the village of Tippasandra

2 The general question involved will be dealt with when this correspondence for the present retained is returned

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From the Deputy Superintendent, Mysore Revenue Survey, To the Superintendent, Mysore Revenue Survey, No 1093, dated Niralgi, 27th December 1875

I beg to forward for your consideration letter No. 35 of 18th December 1875, from Captain Cowie, on the subject of cultivated lands situated in Amrut Mahal kavals, and over which the Amrut Mahal Department now exercise certain grazing rights.

2. There are two cases mentioned by Captain Cowie, the one when the Amrut Mahal cattle graze the land after the crops are cut, the other when one half only of the land is cultivated yearly in rotation, the cattle grazing the other half; the whole land concerned is irrigated from tanks.

3 The cultivated land is stated to be held on patta in both cases, but in the latter case kandayam is only levied on the portion yearly cultivated

4. Up to the present, lands such as the above have been measured by us into the kavals, but demarcated as separate survey numbers, but under the Chief Commissioner's orders given in the case of the Tippasandra kaval in the Magadi Taluk, (the correspondence on which subject is in your office) it was implied that all such lands should cease to belong to the kaval , to act on this would draw forth strong

remonstrances from the kaval authorities, who doubtless have enjoyed the land hitherto, and I should feel much obliged by your giving certain definite orders which would settle the question as to how such lands shall be measured in the present instances and in future cases.

5. Until receipt of instructions from you I have directed Captain Cowie to measure the lands referred to into survey numbers according to regulation size and shew the same in the maps of the kavals.

6. Should the land be confirmed to the kaval, the question of that department bearing a share (say one half) of the expense of demarcation is I think only fair.

From Captain D. Cowie, Assistant Superintendent, Mysore Revenue Survey, To the Deputy Superintendent, Mysore Revenue Survey, No. 35, dated Camp Gubbi, 18th December 1875.

I have the honor, in accordance with memo No. 10 of 1874 from your office, to request instructions in the following cases, where certain lands inside the recognized boundary of an Amrut Mahal kaval are cultivated by the adjoining villagers.

2. In the kaval adjoining the Kadaba Amanikere, it appears that the ryots of Kadaba and other villages near about hold land inside the kaval on patta, but that when they do not cultivate it, and after they have cut their crops, the Amrut Mahal have the grazing of the land. This kaval has been demarcated by Mr. Butcher some years ago, and with regard to the boundary there is no difficulty.

3. Some part of this kaval has already been broken up with numbers by the measurer appointed to the Kadaba Amanikere, he being under the impression that since it was held on patta by the ryots, that it was part of the Amanikere. This measurement I have stopped, but not cancelled, as, in the event of the Superintendent deciding that it is to be made into numbers of course, it would hold good. Some of the boundary marks of such numbers have also been erected. One point brought before me by the ryots is that since the kaval have the right to graze when the land is not under cultivation and after their crops are cut, that the Amrut Mahal Department should bear a portion of the expenses of demarcation, such seems only just, and I have to request the Superintendent's orders on the subject.

4. Another kaval, *viz*, the Tarur kaval, is cultivated in a somewhat similar manner. The land here also is held on patta, but the ryots are only permitted yearly to cultivate the one half of their holdings, the kaval grazing the other half. The next year they change the position of the cultivation, and what was rice they ear before is left waste this year, and so on.

5. In both these instances when the land is left uncultivated the kandayam is remitted, and in both cases is the land under a tank and capable of producing rice and garden crop.

No. 4015—Rev. 87, dated Bangalore, 20th July 1877.

Order thereon.—The questions raised in the foregoing correspondence, with reference to Sir Richard Meade's order No. 8292—305, G, dated 13th February 1875, are these :—

I. Whether the right of the Amrut Mahal Department to stubble grazing, after the crops on the lands have been cut and removed by the cultivating ryots, is based on any positive right.

II. Whether it is necessary to allow the right to be exercised by the department to the full extent to which it is claimed.

2. For a correct determination of the above questions it is necessary to refer to the correspondence which passed in 1865 on the subject, and to the terms and conditions on which the re-establishment of the Amrut Mahal Cattle Department in Mysore was sanctioned in 1866.

3. The Commissary General, in his letter to the Chief Commissioner dated 10th October 1865, wrote as follows :—

"I am not in a position to state what, if any, portions of these kavals have been taken up for cultivation, but I believe nearly all of them are nearly still waste and unoccupied. Should you see no objection, I hope you will kindly instruct the district authorities to allow the Servegars to graze their cattle *in such of these kavals as are not required for cultivation*."

4. In reply, the Commissary General was informed that circular instructions had been issued to Superintendents of Divisions, to allow the owners of the Amrut Mahal cattle to graze their herds *temporarily* free of charge, in the kavals, *should these not have been given over for cultivation, and should no other obstacle present itself.*

5. The Commissary General was further informed, in this office No. 4279—35, dated 19th December 1865, that where kavals have been rented (to ryots) for cultivation or grazing, the right of free grazing cannot be accorded to the Sarvegars, during the course of the engagement with the ryots.

6. The Government of India in their letter No. 185, dated 21st August 1866, sanctioned the re-establishment of the Mysore cattle breeding establishment according to the arrangements mutually agreed upon between the Madras and Mysore Governments.

7. It is thus evident that the right of grazing was accorded to the Amrut Mahal Department only temporarily, and on the distinct understanding that the vested rights of ryots, to whom portions of the kavals had already been given out for cultivation, should not be interfered with. In regard to the lands thus occupied, whether included within the original boundaries of the kavals or not, the Amrut Mahal Department can only secure the right to stubble grazing by entering into a private agreement or contract with the ryots as suggested in Sir Richard Meade's order above referred to.

8. In order to define therefore the areas of the kavals in which the exclusive or predominating rights of the Amrut Mahal Department are contested, the Survey Department should at once exclude all lands which are now or have been heretofore occupied by ryots for cultivation, and, to avoid future disputes, the boundaries of the kavals should be clearly marked out. It will be requisite also that the kaval lands should be assessed and a separate account kept of their valuation. The cost of survey and demarcation will be defrayed by the Mysore Government and debited against a separate account headed "Rent of Amrut Mahal Kavals" to which should be credited the terige, or nominal rent of one anna two pie per acre per annum, which the Amrut Mahal Department has to pay since 1866, less the value of the bulls supplied annually for breeding purposes.

9. If, after the kavals have been surveyed and demarcated, the Amrut Mahal Department lease out any portions thereof to ryots either for cultivation or pasturage, the *rents derived from the ryots should be paid over to the Mysore Government. The officer in charge of the Amrut Mahal Department will be requested to issue the necessary instructions with a view to an account being kept of such receipts and to the amounts, from time to time collected, being duly remitted to the Mysore Government. The amount of "terige" payable by the Madras Government since the re-establishment of the Amrut Mahal Department may be ascertained, after the survey and demarcation of the kavals have been completed.

*Less the amount of terige.

10. The Chief Commissioner considers that the practice, which exists in some localities, of lands under tanks or otherwise being in the joint occupation of the Amrut Mahal Department and the ryots, under a mutual arrangement by which each half or so of the area is cultivated alternately every year, must cease. The practice having arisen out of the reduced irrigating capacity of a tank, it is obvious that its continuance operates to prevent the restoration of such tank to its proper capacity.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Survey and Settlement Commissioner of Mysore.
" Commissioners of Divisions.
" Dy. Accountant General.
" Officer in charge of the Amrut Mahal Department,
with reference to his letter No. 125, dated 28th June 1877.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 20th July 1877.

From the Inam and Survey Commissioner, Mysore, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. 768, dated Yellapoor, 31st May 1877.

With reference to Chief Commissioner's No. 9620—43 of the 20th December last, para 6, I have the honor to forward a statement of the inams already settled by the Inam Department, together with a letter from the Superintendent, Inam Settlement, in which he gives an opinion, which was not asked for, deprecating any interference with the settlement already made, alluded to as a possible contingency in the Chief Commissioner's orders above referred to.

2. A list is also forwarded of the nature called for in para 8 of the Chief Commissioner's order under reply. It appears from the Inam Superintendent's letter accompanying that, since December 1872, these inams have been confirmed on the then existing terms of share of produce of certain lands without that share of produce being valued by the Inam Department. If any were ever confirmed and a valuation of share of produce was made is not stated and appears doubtful.

3. If an immediate settlement of these inams be desired, it may be advisable to direct the Inam Superintendent to effect a valuation of the recorded share at once. If the land in question has not been surveyed and settled, then I would suggest that the Government batayi realizations on the land in question be ascertained for an average of the last three years and that those batayi realizations be assumed to represent one fourth of the gross produce, on which whole gross produce so ascertained the value of the inamdar's share should be calculated. It is true that Government batayi realizations should be considerably more than one fourth of the gross, but in practice it may be exceedingly doubted if they were ever much more than that proportion. In calculating the value of the inamdar's share of the produce on a produce estimated at four times the Government batayi realizations, no inamdar could deny that a fully liberal base had been adopted.

4. If however an immediate settlement of these cases is not required, as regards inams in taluks not yet settled, I would suggest that dealing with these inams be postponed till the survey settlement is made, and then that the gross produce be assumed at seven times the survey assessment which I believe will be on the average a sufficiently accurate proportion to assume; the calculation of the value of the inamdar's share therefrom on the proportion named in the inam register will be a simple process.

5. Even if the Inam Department did make a valuation of the inamdar's share before December 1872 which is not quite clear, such valuation could be of little value, and if it had not been carried into effect as a cash payment, it would be better to deal with all these cases on one uniform system, and according whether the village had been settled or not I would suggest the application of the modes proposed in the above paras.

6. Copy of Inam Superintendent's letter No. 363 of 2nd December 1872, on which Inam Commissioner's No. *1695 of 11th December 1872 was issued, is appended, from which the nature of these inams will be readily understood.

* Copy also appended.

From the Superintendent of Inam Settlements, in Mysore, To the Inam Commissioner in Mysore, No. 109, dated Bangalore, 22nd February 1877.

In reply to your No. 91 of the 22nd ultimo, I have the honor to submit a detailed list of the kerebandi, &c., inams confirmed by this department up to the date of the receipt of the Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 9620—43 of the 20th December 1876.

2. These inams have all been confirmed on half quit-rent in commutation of the service hitherto rendered, and the title-deeds have been issued for them as hereditary and transferable properties. The quit-rent has also been collected from the date of confirmation; the rate, however, has not been altered by the new rules. I apprehend, therefore, that the tenure in these cases cannot now be well altered to enjoyment for life only, especially in those cases in which others have bought the lands on the faith of the title-deeds already issued. Such a course would shake the faith of the people in the finality of our title-deeds, and would afford an awkward precedent for the alteration of all our settlements under future Governments; and yet it will be hard on the holders of the kerebandi inams not yet settled to confirm them for life only.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 20th July 1877.

3. The total number of these inams already settled amounts to 301 ; and, according to the available returns, the number still remaining for disposal is as follows :—

In Bangalore District			39
Dodballapur	25		
Closepet	14		
	39		
In Hassan District			443
„ Mysore „			72
Total..			554

4. A list of such inams in kind, alluded to in para 8 of the Chief Commissioner's Proceedings, will be separately submitted, but I may add that those are only 44.

From the Superintendent of Inam Settlements, To the Inam Commissioner in Mysore, No. 110, dated Bangalore, 26th February 1877.

In continuation of my No. 109 of the 22nd instant, I have now the honor to submit the list of kodigi inams, which have been hitherto enjoyed in kind. It will be observed that, in most of the cases, the kodigidars enjoy one-fifth of the produce, and that the value of the one-fifth share in each case has not been recorded.

2. It would appear that, after the receipt of your No. 1695 of the 11th December 1872, directing the inams in such cases to be confirmed on the existing tenure, the enquiry regarding the value of the share during the past 10 or 15 years was discontinued. I would presume that the survey valuation will now be adopted.

From the Superintendent of Inam Settlements, To the Inam Commissioner in Mysore, No. 363, dated Camp Mulbagal, 2nd December 1872.

I find that, out of 566 tanks in this taluk (Mulbagal,) there are no less than 422 kodigi tanks. In the case of 10 tanks the lands are under batayi, and the kodigidar receives a 4th or 5th share of the produce as his kodigi inam. I have directed that these inams should be confirmed on the existing tenure, and that the question of the allotment of land should be left to the operations of the Survey Settlement. In the event of the kodigi system being abolished, the disposal of the claims of these kodigidars can be separately dealt with.

2. I shall feel obliged by your informing me whether these instructions meet with your approval.

Memorandum by the Survey, Settlement and Inam Commissioner of Mysore, No. 1695, dated Poona, 11th December 1872.

The course adopted in the case of certain kodigi inams, as described in Captain Cole's letter No. 363 of the 2nd instant, appears to be correct.

No. 4020—Rev. 88, dated Bangalore, 20th July 1877.

Order thereon.—From the statement submitted with the foregoing letter, it would appear that 301 kerebandi or kerekolaga inams (granted for the petty repair of earth work on tanks) have already been settled by the Inam Department, and that the number still remaining for disposal is 554. The Chief Commissioner concurs with the Superintendent, Inam Settlements, in thinking that Rule III of the rules for the enfranchisement of kodigi inams in Mysore should not have retrospective effect in those cases already confirmed on ½ quit-rent on a permanent tenure, in accordance with Mr. Bowring's orders, and the Government of India will be addressed on the subject.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 20th July 1877.

2. The inams remaining to be settled will, under the said rule, be confirmed to the present holders for life only. In the event of an inamdar dying during the course of the inam enquiry and before settlement actually takes place, the inam may be confirmed in the name of his legal representative and continued for his life, provided no alienation has taken place pending settlement, in which case the alienation ought not to be recognized. In the absence of legal heirs, the inam will be resumed.

3. With regard to kodigi inams enjoyed in kind, it would appear that, since December 1872, only 44 have been confirmed on the existing tenure, leaving the question of the allotment of land to the operation of the survey.

The Inam Commissioner has raised the question whether the settlement of these inams may not, with advantage, be postponed till after the completion of the survey settlement. On this point, the Chief Commissioner observes that the holders of kodigi inams having been relieved of their obligation to keep their tanks in good repair, that duty now devolves on the Government, who would lose the quit-rent that might be collected during the period the settlement is postponed. Mr. Saunders considers, therefore, that the settlement should be proceeded with both in settled and unsettled taluks.

4. The method proposed by Colonel Anderson in paras 3 and 4 of his letter, for calculating the inamdar's share of the produce, is approved. The Chief Commissioner presumes that where the inamdar's share is computed on the assessment, the valuation would be based on the assessment of *occupied* as well as *unoccupied* lands; and in the case of those inams settled before December 1872, the valuation may be determined in the manner above indicated, if they have not yet been commuted into cash payments.

5. After the value of the inamdar's share has been ascertained, it may be commuted into a money payment in the first instance under Rule XI of the rules for the settlement of ready money grants, option being given to the inamdar of applying for a grant of land in lieu under clause 2 of the said rule. The quit-rent imposed may be either levied from the land or deducted from the cash allowance.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Inam Commissioner.
" Superintendent of Inam Settlements.
" Commissioners of Divisions.
" Deputy Accountant General.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 30th July 1877.

READ—

Petitions registered Nos. 4412 and 5379, dated 10th December 1876 and 14th February 1877 respectively, from Babu Rao of Sarjapur, complaining that the jodi payable to him on the service inams of Shanbhog and Toti, situated in his kayamgutta village of Buragakunte in the Anekal Taluk, was reduced at the inam settlement from 14 As. and 4 As. 8 P. respectively, to 12 As. and 4 As, and praying that either the original jodi amount be directed to be paid to him or that the difference of 2 As. 8 P. be deducted from the kayamgutta amount payable by him to Government.

Letter No. 129, dated 21st March 1877, from the Superintendent of Inam Settlements

Docket No. 311—10, dated 9th April 1877, to the Survey and Inam Commissioner.

Memo No. 726, dated 26th May 1877, from do do

Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 3663—84, dated 9th July 1877.

Letter No 952, dated 16th July 1877, from Inam Commissioner.

No. 4326—REV. 95, DATED BANGALORE, 30TH JULY 1877.

ORDER THEREON.—The Chief Commissioner directs that the following addition be made to the existing rules for the elimination of fractions of rupees prescribed for adoption by the Inam Department in this office Proceedings No. 6773 -425, dated 14th December 1874.

> In the settlement of excluded minor inams situated in inam, kayamgutta and other alienated villages, when the former jodi alone has to be confirmed, the rule previously in force in the inam settlement, *viz.*, that the pies alone should be deducted from the existing jodi, will be applied ; while, in cases where the quit-rent or combined quit-rent has to be calculated, the survey rule for the elimination of fractions prescribed in Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 6773—425, dated 14th December 1874, will be adhered to.

2. The petitioner's case should be revised and settled in accordance with the above rule.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Inam Commissioner.
„ Survey Commissioner.
„ Superintendent of Inam Settlements.
„ Commissioner, Nundydroog Division.
„ Commissioners, Ashtagram and Nagar Divisions. } for information.

PART I.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

A.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF MYSORE FOR THE MONTH OF JULY 1877.

1	2	3	4	5	6
Index Nos. of the Proceedings.	Subject.	Nos. and Dates of Proceedings.	Date of Report to the Secretary of State for India.	Nos. and Dates of previous Proceedings.	Page.
1	*Famine works.* Calling for detailed lists, in the form annexed, from Commissioners of Divisions and other officers.	No. 1038—553, dated 6th July 1877.	...	...	1 to 4
2	*Well cultivation.* Calling upon Commissioners of Divisions to submit their opinions on the advisability of granting takavi advances in a more extensive scale than at present for the purpose.	No. 1268—674, dated 24th July 1877.	...	...	4

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Financial Department, 6th July 1877.

FAMINE RELIEF.

No. 1038—553, DATED BANGALORE, 6TH JULY 1877.

ORDER.—The Government of India having, in their telegram dated 29th June 1877, called for a detailed list of works sanctioned and actual expenditure incurred up to the latest known date, with the total amount of estimate to complete in each case, the Deputy Commissioners of Districts and Presidents of the Bangalore and Mysore Town Municipalities are requested to furnish a detailed statement, in the annexed form **A** made up to 30th June 1877.

2. According to the taluk †returns for the week ending 30th June, the amount sanctioned for all works under revenue officers, was Rs. 15,30,201, and the amount expended Rs. 10,20,371. The returns to be submitted under this order must be made to tally with the above figures, and differences, if any, clearly explained by a foot note.

†*Vide* annexed Abstract B.

3. The statement referred to in para 1 above, should be prepared and submitted so as to reach this office by the 25th of this month.

T. R. A. THUMBOO CHETTY,
Assistant Secretary.

To—The Commissioners of Divisions.
„ Deputy Commissioners of Districts.
„ President, Bangalore Town and Cantonment Municipality.
„ President of the Mysore Town Municipality.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Financial Department, 6th July 1877.

A.

District.

Statement shewing the number of works in progress under Revenue Officers, the amount sanctioned or appropriated for each, the amount expended up to 30th June, and the amount of further appropriations required to complete them.

No.	Name of Work.	Amount of Estimate.	Amount appropriated.	Amount expended up to 30th June 1877.	Balance of appropriation available for expenditure.	Amount of further appropriation required to complete the work.	Remarks. Source from which the appropriations were made, whether from P. W. Budget or Ordinary District Funds, Civil or Municipal Budgets or from Relief Grant.	Source from which further Appropriations are required to complete the work.
	ORIGINAL WORKS. *Communications.*							
1	Constructing a road from—to— ...	500	300	150	150	200	Relief grant.	Relief grant.
2	Opening a road from—to-	1,000	500	300	200	500	District Funds.	District Funds.
3	Improving a road from—to-	1,500	1,000	500	500	500	Do.	Relief grant.
	ORIGINAL WORKS. *Miscellaneous Public Improvements.*							
4	Sinking a well at— ...	500	200	100	100	300	Municipal Funds.	Municipal Funds.
5	Improving the—tank in the —Taluk ...	3,000	1,500	1,000	500	1,500	P. W. Funds.	P. W. Funds.
	REPAIRS. *Communications.*							
6	Repairing the road from—to— ...	600	400	200	200	200	Relief grant.	Relief grant.
7	Repairing tunnels and bridges on the road from —to— ...	500	150	100	50	350	District Funds.	District Funds.
8	Collecting metal on the road from—to— ...	300	100	100	...	200	Relief grant.	Relief grant.
	REPAIRS. *Miscellaneous Public Improvements.*							
9	Repairing a well at— ...	400	200	100	100	200	Municipal Funds.	Municipal Funds.
10	Repairing a tank in—Taluk	300	100	100	...	200	P. W. Funds.	P. W. Funds.
	Total.....	...	..	...	...	...		

T. R. A. T.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Financial Department, 6th July 1877.

B.

Abstract shewing the figures entered in the Taluk Returns received from the Amildars for the week ending 30th June 1877.

District.	Taluk.	Amount.		Total Amount.	
		Sanctioned for all works under Revenue Officers.	Expended up to 30th June 1877.	Sanctioned for all works under Revenue Officers	Expended up to 30th June 1877.
Bangalore	Town and Cantonment Municipality ...	30,302	23,712	30,302	23,712
Bangalore District...	Bangalore	25,120	20,421		
	Hoskote	27,262	16,107		
	Devanhalli	26,213	14,321		
	Dodballapur	32,197	19,789		
	Nelamangala	30,216	20,946		
	Kankanhalli	23,883	13,220		
	Magadi	34,912	23,978		
	Closepet	19,932	13,165		
	Anekal	50,180	35,592	2,79,915	1,77,549
Kolar ...	Kolar	35,654	26,480		
	Betmangala	10,853	6,727		
	Shrinivaspur	21,064	16,084		
	Mulbagal	20,181	17,035		
	Gudibanda	21,484	9,401		
	Sidlagatta	37,260	23,523		
	Chikballapur	28,810	16,102		
	Malur	20,539	17,557		
	Gummayakanpalya	21,900	13,903		
	Goribidnur	19,660	11,142	2,37,405	1,57,751
Túmkúr ...	Túmkúr	44,359	33,630		
	Koratagere	12,606	11,924		
	Maddagiri	32,429	21,398		
	Chiknayakanhalli	15,375	12,483		
	Sira	39,810	30,392		
	Kunigal	25,330	19,967		
	Kadaba	45,268	33,842		
	Honnavalli	23,659	14,700	2,39,836	1,78,936
Mysore ...	Mysore	7,506	5,594		
	Chamrajnagar	19,474	12,625		
	Ashtagram	4,844	4,368		
	Periyapatna	6,661	3,448		
	Yedatore	3,907	2,791		
	Heggaddevankote	4,883	3,532		
	Gundlupet	5,002	3,358		
	Nanjangúd	2,991	2,303		
	Talkad	9,501	8,903		
	Mandya	26,174	13,587		
	Malvalli	12,854	6,121	1,03,797	66,630
Hassan ...	Hassan	20,460	17,115		
	Manjarabad	16,713	14,867		
	Arkalgúd	10,355	8,253		
	Attikuppa	5,593	2,837		
	Belur	7,226	5,254		
	Channaraypatna	9,430	7,862		
	Nagamangala	6,535	4,683		
	Haruhalli	28,124	20,202		
	Narsipur	12,489	9,771	1,16,905	90,844

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Financial Department,
24th July 1877.

District.	Taluk.	Amount. Sanctioned for all works under Revenue Officers.	Amount. Expended up to 30th June 1877.	Total Amount. Sanctioned for all works under Revenue Officers.	Total Amount. Expended up to 30th June 1877.
Shimoga ...	Shimoga	55,107	22,609		
	Chanagiri	36,429	25,320		
	Honnali	47,081	28,661		
	Sorab	40,741	35,967		
	Shikarpur	26,553	12,628		
				2,06,211	1,25,275
Kadur .	Tarikere	14,951	6,729		
	Chikmagalur	31,591	21,121		
	Tamavar	25,356	14,851		
	Mudgere	143	32		
	Koppa	584	110		
				72,825	42,856
Chitaldroog	Chitaldroog	69,737	49,001		
	Davangere	51,109	30,965		
	Kankuppa	15,384	5,388		
	Dodéri	27,521	15,786		
	Hiriyur	28,019	15,078		
	Budihal	5,665	1,881		
	Hosdurga	30,380	23,132		
	Pavagada	17,290	14,386		
				2,43,005	1,56,815
	Total.....	..	...	15,30,201	10,20,271

T. R. A. T

Famine Relief.

No. 1268—F. R. 671, dated Bangalore, 24th July 1877.

Order.—It has been suggested to the Chief Commissioner that the ryots, excepting in the malnad taluks of the Ashtagram and Nagar Divisions, might be encouraged and assisted by the grant of takavi advances in carrying on well-cultivation on a more extensive scale than at present, and that these advances may be advantageously made under the provisions of the Land Improvement Act XXVI of 1871.

After a careful consideration of the subject, Mr. Saunders feels doubtful whether the advances, if made, will, at the present season of distress, be really applied to the object for which they are granted, and whether well-diggers can be found in sufficient numbers to meet demands all over the country; and, before taking any action in the matter, desires that the Commissioners of Divisions will favor him with their opinion on the subject generally, and specially as to the restrictions and guarantees which they would recommend to be essentially requisite, in order to prevent the advances being diverted to any other purpose than that for which they are intended.

An early report is requested.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Commissioners of Divisions.

PART I.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

A.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF MYSORE FOR THE MONTH OF JULY 1877.

1	2	3	4	5	6
Index Nos. of the Proceedings.	Subject.	Nos. and Dates of Proceedings.	Date of Report to the Secretary of State for India.	Nos. and Dates of previous Proceedings.	Page.
1	*Condition reports for the week ending 16th June 1877.* Noticing certain discrepancies found in them.	No. 940—501, dated 3rd July 1877.	...	...	1 to 2
2 to 3	*Postponement of the examination of Assistant Commissioners.* Passing orders on letter from the Judicial Commissioner.	No. 3489—415, dated 4th July 1877.	...	...	2
4 to 5	*Revised form No. 3—Climate.* Calling upon Commissioners of Divisions and other officers to furnish statements for incorporation in the General Administration Report for 1876—77.	No. 3518—94, dated 5th July 1877.	...	...	3
6 to 7	*Condition reports for week ending 23rd June 1877.* Noticing certain discrepancies and errors found in them.	No. 1018—541, dated 6th July 1877.	...	...	4 to 5
8 to 9	*Substitutes for officials deputed on famine duty.* Passing orders as to the manner in which such charges are to be met.	No. 1047—560, dated 7th July 1877.	...	...	5
10 to 11	*Annual Report of the Mysore Museum for the year 1876—77.* Communicating to Superintendent the Chief Commissioner's remarks on certain points noticed in his covering letter.	No. 3568—430, dated 7th July 1877.	...	...	6 to 7
12 to 13	*Famine contribution from Bengal.* Communicating to President, Mysore Central Famine Relief Committee, correspondence on the subject.	No. 1043—558, dated 7th July 1877.	...	...	8 to 11
14 to 15	*Famine relief.* Passing orders on a communication from Nagar Commissioner as to description of work to be required, &c.	No. 1064—562, dated 9th July 1877.	...	...	11 to 13
16 to 17	*Condition of the Ashtagram Division.* Recording Commissioner's report which calls for no special remarks.	No. 1098—590, dated 11th July 1877.	...	...	14 to 19
18 to 19	*Condition reports for the week ending 30th June 1877.* Noticing certain discrepancies found in them.	No. 1104—592, dated 12th July 1877.	..	...	20

1	2	3	4	5	6
Index Nos. of the Proceedings.	Subject.	Nos. and Dates of Proceedings.	Date of Report to the Secretary of State for India.	Nos. and Dates of previous Proceedings.	Page.
20 to 21	*Appointment and dismissal of Mestris, &c.* Informing Nagar Commissioner that the instructions contained in Proceedings of September last were intended to include Mutsaddis.	No. 1133—603, dated 14th July 1877.	...	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for Sep. 1876, Part I, R., A. & C., Index Nos.	21
22 to 23	*Hamlet of Nilakantapura.* Passing orders on a memo from the Survey and Settlement Commissioner as to the tenure on which it is held.	No. 1150—63, dated 16th July 1877.	...	...	21 to 22
24 to 25	*Payment for burial, &c. of paupers.* Laying down a scale.	No. 3897—102, dated 17th July 1877.	...	...	22
26 to 27	*Municipalities.* Communicating Government of India No. 65, dated 29th June last, to Commissioners of Divisions and other officers with instructions.	No. 1185—96, dated 18th July 1877.	...	...	22
28 to 29	*Relief kitchens at Bangalore.* Passing orders on a letter from the President, Famine Relief Committee, on the subject.	No. 1184—630, dated 18th July 1877.	...	...	23 to 24
30 to 31	*Condition reports for week ending 7th July 1877.* Noticing discrepancies in them.	No. 1179—625, dated 18th July 1877.	...	...	25 to 26
32 to 33	*District Surveyors.* Empowering Commissioners of Divisions to grant privilege leave to such officials.	No. 1203—642, dated 20th July 1877.	...	...	26
34 to 35	*Carriage of grain.* Communicating telegram from Madras Government to Commissioners of Divisions and President, Central Executive Committee.	No. 1231—654, dated 21st July 1877.	...	...	27
36 to 37	*Condition reports for the week ending 14th July 1877.* Noticing certain discrepancies found in them.	No. 1304—697, dated 26th July 1877.	...	...	27 to 28
38 to 39	*Relief measures in the Kolar District.* Passing orders on Major Cole's report.	No. 1305—698, dated 26th July 1877.	...	...	29 to 38
40 to 41	*Supply of Books to the British Museum.* Passing orders with a view to giving effect to the measure.	No. 4229—548, dated 26th July 1877.	...	...	39
42 to 43	*Distressed people from the Districts.* Passing orders on a letter from the President, Central Famine Relief Committee, on the subject.	No. 1320—706, dated 28th July 1877.	...	...	40
44 to 45	*Carriage of grain.* Communicating correspondence with the Madras Government on the subject to the President, Central Famine Relief Committee.	No. 1342—720, dated 30th July 1877.	...	...	41 to 42
46 to 47	*Employment of Captain Clerk, Coorg Revenue Survey, on special duty.* Communicating order from the Government of India to the officers concerned, &c.	No. 4351—50, dated 31st July 1877.	...	...	42
48	*Condition reports for week ending 21st July 1877.* Noticing discrepancies found in them.	No. 1348—724, dated 31st July 1877.	...	...	43 to 44

Famine Relief.

No. 940—Genl. 501, dated Bangalore, 3rd July 1877.

Order.—The condition reports received from Amildars for the week ending 16th June 1877 having been examined in this office, the discrepancies observed are noted below :—

Daily average number of persons employed on works under Revenue Officers.

2. The daily average number of persons employed on works under revenue officers during the week under review was 30,517 as against 29,289 of the previous week. In the Nagamangala Taluk the daily average number employed during the week is stated to have been 55, but no fresh expenditure is shewn in column 7 of the return.

Amounts sanctioned and expended on works under Revenue Officers.

3. The figures entered in the reports of the following taluks exhibit a decrease as compared with those of the previous returns :—

Taluk.	Column	As per return for— Week ending 9th June.	Week ending 16th June.
Nagamangala .	6 Minor agricultural works. ..	2,845 0 0	2,485 0 0
Budibal ..	7 Relief do. ..	727 13 0	Nil.
Kadaba	7 Relief works. ..	6,174 8 8	6,034 1 10
Do ..	7 District Fund work. ..	6,688 2 0	5,588 15 6
Narsipur ..	7 Minor agricultural works. ..	840 13 0	825 12 0

Daily average number of persons gratuitously fed.

4. The number of persons relieved in the private kitchens at Bilikere in the Periyapatna Taluk, as well as the amount of expenditure incurred therein, have been erroneously included in the report received from the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District. This information should be omitted in future reports.

Grants for gratuitous relief.

5. In the Devanhalli Taluk return, a sum of Rs. 24,769—6—10 is entered as having been sanctioned by Government for gratuitous relief as against Rs. 24,772—4—2 shewn in the previous week's return. The discrepancy requires explanation.

Expenditure for gratuitous relief.

6. The expenditure entered in the reports of the following taluks exceeds the grant as shewn under :—

Taluk.	Grant, (including private subscriptions.)	Expenditure.
Dodballapur ..	14,814 0 0	14,817 10 10
Nelamangala ..	38,942 2 4	45,171 10 0
Kankanhalli ..	5,750 0 0	6,504 9 2
Chikballapur ..	12,530 11 9	13,880 6 0
Maddagiri ..	7,776 8 0	8,917 3 1
Chiknayakanhalli ..	7,828 5 10	8,268 3 8
Sira ..	14,262 0 0	15,103 10 0
Honnavalli .	11,604 8 0	11,910 1 9
Nagamangala ..	1,970 0 0	2,326 3 0
Harnhalli ..	8,920 0 0	10,097 4 6
Tarikere ..	1,055 0 0	1,073 12 11

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 4th July 1877.

7. Errors in calculation occur in the reports of the following taluks as noted below :—

Taluk	Head.	Amildars' figures			Correct figures		
Gudibanda ..	Daily average number of persons employed on works	264			266		
Magadi ..	Total of col. 7	23,295	9	2	23,331	9	2
Turkere ..	Daily average number of persons gratuitously fed .	298			301		

T R. A. THUMBOO CHETTY,

Assistant Secretary

To—The Commissioners of Divisions.
„ Dy. Commissioners of Districts

READ—

Letter No. 686—68, dated 26th June 1877, from the Judicial Commissioner, suggesting that, having regard to the special call on the time of the Assistant Commissioners in connection with famine relief duties this year, the examination of these officers may be postponed to December next

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No. 3489—GENL. 415, DATED BANGALORE, 4TH JULY 1877

ORDER THEREON.—The Chief Commissioner observes that the postponement of the Assistant's examination will entail probably in some cases hardship upon those Assistant Commissioners who stand next for promotion, but are disqualified for advancement until they have passed the examination prescribed. The examination of Assistant Commissioners will accordingly be held on the date already fixed, but that for Amildars, Munsiffs, &c., might suitably be dispensed with for this year

T. CLARKE,

Offg. Secretary

To—The Judicial Commissioner.
„ Commissioners of Divisions
„ Inam Commissioner
„ Dy. Accountant General.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 5th July 1877.

From the Offg Secretary to the Government of India, To the Chief Commissioner of Mysore and Coorg, Home Department, Public, No. 16—915, dated Simla, 28th April 1877.

I am directed to request that the enclosed revised Form No 3,* Climate, may be substituted for the one recommended by the statistical committee of 1866, and hitherto used in the annual administration reports

* Under heading "A Physical Geography"

2 In some Provinces a practice exists of recording meteorological observations at dispensaries, this practice may now be discontinued

3—Climate

Places at which observations taken and year for which taken	Rainfall in inches				Average temperatures in the shade										Cloud proportion 0 to 10			Remarks
					May			July			December							
	January to May	June to September	October to December	Total	Mean of maximum readings	Mean of minimum readings	Highest readings	Lowest readings	Mean of maximum readings	Mean of minimum readings	Highest readings	Lowest readings	Mean of maximum readings	Mean of minimum readings	Highest readings	Lowest readings	January to May	June to September	October to December	

General Averages .

No. 3518—Genl 94, dated Bangalore 5th July 1877

Order.—Ordered, that copies of the foregoing be communicated to Commissioners of Divisions, the Surgeon, Mysore Commission, and the Superintendent of Coorg, who are requested to furnish this office with statements, in the form prescribed by the Government of India, for incorporation in the General Administration Report for 1876—77.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Commissioners of Divisions for information.
" Surgeon, Mysore Commission.
" Superintendent of Coorg

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 6th July 1877.

Famine Relief.

No. 1018—Genl. 541, dated Bangalore, 6th July 1877.

Order.—On an examination of the condition reports received from the Amildars for the week ending 23rd June 1877, the following discrepancies and errors have been observed.

2. The amounts entered under this head, in some of the returns, are less than those shewn in the previous reports as noted below :—

Amounts sanctioned and expended on works under Revenue Officers.

Taluk.	Column.	As per report for— Week ending 16th June.			Week ending 23rd June.		
Koratagere ...	Column 6 under "Relief works" ...	9,145	0	0	9,135	0	0
Chiknayakanhalli ...	Do ...	9,833	0	0	9,637	0	0
Kadaba ...	Do "Minor Agricultural Works"...	19,957	0	3	19,937	0	3
Do ...	Do 7 "District Fund Works" ...	6,788	2	0	6,787	2	0
Do ...	Do "Minor Agricultural Works"...	18,568	6	10	1,856	6	10
Malur ...	Column 7 "Miscellaneous Works" ...	1,046	0	0		Nil.	

The Amildar of Shrinivaspur has again omitted to enter the amount sanctioned and expended on "Minor agricultural works" in columns 6 and 7 of his return.

3. The daily average number of persons fed was 6,007 in the Anekal Taluk, and 7,490 in the Nelamangala Taluk. Gratuitous relief appears to be afforded in these two taluks on a much larger scale than in other taluks, and the Deputy Commissioner's special attention is drawn to the same.

Daily average number of persons gratuitously fed.

The Amildars of Narsipur and Nanjangúd have omitted to furnish particulars as to the number of men, women and children fed. Only the total numbers fed have been entered in their returns. In the returns of the Mulbagal and Hosdurga Taluks the numbers fed in the previous week were erroneously included in the columns intended to shew the numbers for the present week.

4. The Amildars of Mandya and Malvalli have omitted to shew separately the amount of private subscriptions collected in aid of the Government grants for affording gratuitous relief.

Grants for gratuitous relief.

5. The expenditure in the following taluks exceeds the grant as noted below :—

Expenditure in relief kitchens.

Taluk.	Grant including— Private subscriptions.			Expenditure.		
Hoskote	12,313	4	0	12,932	2	11
Dodballapur	14,814	0	0	15,968	3	8
Nelamangala	38,942	2	4	50,192	6	2
Anekal	21,190	0	5	21,925	2	6
Kolar	11,673	9	0	11,838	13	11
Chikballapur	14,030	11	9	14,956	11	1
Maddagiri	8,776	8	0	10,115	4	6
Chiknayakanhalli	8,828	5	10	9,031	9	0
Sira	14,262	0	0	16,974	12	9
Honnavalli	11,604	8	0	13,038	14	5
Nagamangala	2,448	0	0	2,784	13	8
Harohalli	10,920	0	0	12,000	15	6
Channagiri	2,667	6	1	2,742	1	8
Mysore Municipality	26,950	4	0	28,483	9	5

6. The prices of food grains, which were reported to have prevailed during the past week, have not been correctly entered in column 11 of the returns of the following taluks :—

Prices of food grain.

Taluk.		According to return for— Week ending 16th June 1877.		Week ending 23rd June 1877.	
Shrinivaspur ...	Ragi ...	7	seers.	7½	seers.
Belur ...	do ...	5¼	"	5½	"
Attikuppa ...	2nd sort rice ...	6	"	5½	"

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 7th July 1877.

7. The following statement shews the discrepancies between the figures given in the report received from the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District for the week ending 16th June 1877, and those entered in the returns of some of the taluks for the week under review :—

Taluk.	Amount sanctioned for miscellaneous works		Expenditure on works				Grants for gratuitous relief				Expenditure on gratuitous relief	
			Miscellaneous works		Total expenditure on all works		Government grant.		Private subscription.			
	As per District report for week ending 16th June	As per Taluk report for week ending 23rd June	District report for week ending 16th June.	Taluk report for week ending 23rd June	District report for week ending 16th June	Taluk report for week ending 23rd June	District report for week ending 16th June	Taluk report for week ending 23rd June.	District report for week ending 16th June.	Taluk report for week ending 23rd June	District report for week ending 16th June	Taluk report for week ending 23rd June.
Mysore	1,158	155 11 7	1,145 3 1	125 11 3								
Ashtagram					4,367 13 0	2,929 5 10	1,019 9 10	752	684 2 0	63 10 11	1,482 9 10	903 0
Heggadevankote									31 2 1	521		

8 In the returns of the following taluks some of the figures entered have been incorrectly calculated :—

Taluk.	Column.	Actual figures	Correct figures
Hiriyur	Column 7 "Relief work". . ..	5,370 8 6 ...	5,730 8 6
Chamrajnagar	Total of column 7	12,312 6 4 ...	12,478 10 8
Sira	Daily average number of persons gratuitously fed...	3,070 0 0 ...	2,703 0 0

T. R. A. THUMBOO CHETTY.
Assistant Secretary.

To—The Commissioners of Divisions.
„ Deputy Commissioners of Districts.

Famine Relief.

Read—

Nundydroog Commissioner's No. 61, dated 26th June 1877, soliciting sanction to the arrangements made by the Deputy Commissioner of Bangalore District, for providing substitutes for those officials of the Judicial Assistants' and other courts, who were deputed on famine duty, and also to the payment of six bills, amounting to Rs. 90—5—3, being the allowance due to the substitutes.

No. 1047—Geni. 560, dated Bangalore, 7th July 1877.

Order thereon.—The arrangements reported are approved, and the bills for Rs. 90—5—3 sanctioned and forwarded to the Deputy Accountant General for audit, the charge being debited to the famine relief works grant of the Bangalore District.

2. The Chief Commissioner directs that the pay of the officials specially employed on famine duty be debited to the departments to which they respectively belong, the travelling allowance payable to them and the extra charge incurred by the employment of substitutes, being debited to famine funds on notifications of sanction, to be submitted to this office monthly for acceptance.

T. R. A. THUMBOO CHETTY,
Assistant Secretary.

To—The Commissioner, Nundydroog Division.
„ Dy. Accountant General in Mysore, with six bills.
„ Examiner, Public Works Accounts.
„ Commissioners of Ashtagram and Nagar Divisions, for information and guidance.
„ Dy. Commrs. of Districts do do do.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 7th July 1877.

From the Superintendent, Mysore Government Museum, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No 19, dated Bangalore, 1st April 1877

In submitting the annual report on the Mysore Government Museum I have the honor to observe that, if the full value of the institution is to be realized, some systematic steps should be taken for a complete collection of the manufactures and natural products of the Province. I am quite aware in the present unfortunate state of things any addition to the funds set apart for the Museum cannot be expected. But, if the Government will hold out a promise that it is prepared, when the times are better, to place funds at my disposal, I will commence taking preliminary steps for organizing some system.

I think something might be done to encourage the art of sandalwood carving This would best be done by sending selected specimens to the Museums at South Kensington, Paris, Berlin and St Petersburgh, intimating that similar specimens could be obtained through an agent at Home. The object of appointing an agent would be to save trouble about payment The preparation of specimens takes time, and I would have to order the specimens at once so as to meet any demands for them. Colonel Bruce when Deputy Commissioner at Shimoga, took some steps to get orders for the sandalwood carvers.

Annual Report on the Mysore Government Museum, for the year 1876—77.

The total number of visitors during the year was 120,973, being 14,681 less than in the previous year.

The largest number of visitors in one day (the Dasara festival) was		2,485
The smallest number in one day was	.. ..	186

Out of 120,973 visitors, 82,603 were males, 38,370 were females.

Signed in the book—		
Males		22,695
Females		1,099
Tally kept—		
Men and boys		59,908
Women and girls ..		37,271
Visitors signed in the book—		
In English—Europeans ..	4,061	7,439
Natives ..	3,378	
„ Kanarese		7,063
„ Tamil .. .		4,810
„ Hindustani .. .		2,432
„ Telugu		1,225
„ Mahratta		700
„ Marvadi .. .		46
„ Nagari		35
„ Guzarati		35
„ Malayalam		6
„ Scindi		3

The total number of visitors who have now entered the Museum since it was first opened, amounts to 1,747,324.

The visitors have as usual been remarkably well behaved and orderly.

Five hundred and seventy one new specimens have been added to the collection. Of these 402 were contributed by 34 donors, 31 purchased, 136 collected by the establishment, and 2 received from the Chief Commissioner's office.

The following memorandum specifies the contributions, &c., received under each head:—

Mammalia	14
Birds	201
Birds' eggs	18
„ nests	13
Reptiles	5
Insects	17

Raw products	..	..	4
Manufactures	..	..	18
Rocks and minerals	..	..	72
Models	..	..	33
Miscellaneous articles	..	..	9
Coins	..	..	167

The principal donors to the Museum were His Highness the Maha Raja of Travancore, His Highness the First Prince of Travancore, Captain Coussmaker, Dr Oswald, and Rangaiya Naidu of Bangalore.

The following coins were added during the year :—

Gold coins ..	..	16
Silver „ ..	..	3
Copper „ ..	..	147
Plated „ ..	..	1
	Total..	167

and the collection now consists of :—

Copper coins	..	840
Silver „	..	119
Gold „	..	98
Plated „	..	23
Gilt „	..	8
Leaden „	..	2

Twenty-three volumes of books have been added during the year The library now consists of 512 volumes The manuscripts are all in good order and are kept secure against damage by rain and white ants.

The expenses incurred have been as follows :—

		Rs	As	P
Salaries	.. ..	1,547	0	0
Contingencies	.. ..	434	11	6
Purchase of specimens	.. ..	233	4	8
Furniture	.. ..	235	0	0
	Total Rs. ...	2,450	0	2

No. 3568—GENL. 430, DATED BANGALORE, 7TH JULY 1877.

ORDER.—With reference to the proposal made in para 1 of the Superintendent's letter No. 19, dated 1st April last, which accompanied the annual report, the Chief Commissioner requests that Captain Mackenzie will state more fully what are the arrangements he proposes to make in forming a complete collection of the manufactures and natural products of the Province.

2. With regard to the other proposal relating to the encouragement of sandalwood carving, the Chief Commissioner remarks that the art of sandalwood carving is confined to a comparatively small class, and is now said to be in a languishing state. The Superintendent should communicate with the Deputy Commissioner of Shimoga in order to learn what prospect there is of this industry being so far developed as to warrant the action proposed being taken. It is obvious that before this Government can undertake to comply with requisitions from Europe, there must be an assurance as to its capability of complying with them.

3. The report of the working of the Museum calls for no special remark.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Superintendent, Mysore Government Museum.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 7th July 1877.

Famine Relief.

From the Honorary Secretary to the Mysore Central Famine Relief Committee, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. 11, dated 17th November 1876.

I am directed by the President of the Central Executive Committee to bring to the notice of the Chief Commissioner the fact that in 1874, in response to an appeal made by the Local Government at the instance of the Government of India, contributions were raised in Mysore from all classes chiefly natives, and in all other parts of the Province, to the amount of Rs. 23,351—6—8 in aid of the sufferers by the famine in Bengal.

2. The acknowledgments of the Central Committee of Calcutta and an abstract statement of the collection are enclosed.

3. It will not be denied that the calamity which has now befallen this Province threatens to be no less severe in its effects than the Bengal famine, and I am desired to request, therefore, that the Chief Commissioner will be pleased to bring these circumstances to the notice of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal with an expression of a confident hope that His Honor will be pleased to take such steps as may seem desirable to procure aid for the sufferers in Mysore.

The Bengal Famine Relief Fund.

From the subjoined communication addressed to us by Colonel Puckle, the Honorary Secretary to the Famine Relief Fund Committee at this place, it will be seen that while the present condition of the distressed province is such as to justify the discontinuance of any efforts to stimulate contributions, the Executive Committee have decided on present arrangements being continued until the 30th of October next, when they will meet for the last time. The thanks of the Central Famine Relief Committee to the Local Committee here is as well deserved as it is appropriate.

From the Honorary Secretary, Famine Relief Fund Committee, To the Editor of the Bangalore Examiner, 10th September 1874.

Will you be so good as to state that the Resolution of the Committee of the Bengal Famine Relief Fund, as published in the local papers last month, was submitted to the Chairman of the general meeting. He has replied that in his opinion it would not be expedient to close the fund and return subscriptions already received, and that those who have promised monthly contributions will be able to decide for themselves whether or not to continue such.

He is further of opinion that the condition of the distressed provinces is such as to justify the discontinuance of any efforts to stimulate contributions. The Executive Committee has, therefore, decided that the present arrangement shall continue until Friday the 30th October next, on which date the committee will meet for the last time at the office of the Deputy Accountant General, at 2 P. M. to present their final report.

The following letter has been received to-day from the Central Committee.

* * * *

Referring to your letter No. 18, dated 21st ultimo, to the address of the Honorary Secretary, Central Famine Relief Fund Committee, I am directed by the Chairman on behalf of the Executive Committee to convey to yourself and to the members of the Bangalore Committee an expression of the sincere thanks of the Central Committee for the energy and zeal which you have devoted to the collection of subscriptions in aid of the famine fund.

At a meeting of the Executive Committee on the 31st October 1874, it was finally resolved:—

(*a*) that any subscription received after this date shall be returned.

(*b*) that balance now in hand, *viz.*, Rs. 130—4—6, be appropriated as follows:—

To Mr. B. J. Lovery in addition to his former honorarium ..	15	0	0
Balance to be remitted to Calcutta with the intimation that the accounts are this day finally closed	115	4	0
Total....	130	4	0

The following analysis shews the total receipts and expenditure in the Province on account of the fund:—

Amount of Subscriptions. Above Rs.	Up to Rs.	Number of Subscribers.	Total Amount.
500	1,000	4	4,000 0 0
200	500	5	1,275 0 0
100	200	9	1,600 0 0
50	100	33	3,120 0 0
10	50	220	5,602 8 0
5	10	210	1,766 0 0
2	5	577	2,195 8 0
...	2	4,234	3,050 14 8
	Total	5,292	22,609 14 8

Add sums for which names and particulars are not furnished			977 12 0
Total Collections to date			23,588 10 8
Deduct for printing and postage	71 0 0		
Paid to Secretary's office	35 0 0		106 0 0
Balance.....			23,481 10 8
Remitted to Calcutta			23,351 6 8
Balance in hand			130 4 0

By Districts.	Number of Subscribers.	Total Amount.
Bangalore	2,020	9,928 15 6
Kolar	949	2,105 2 0
Túmkúr	147	374 0 0
Mysore	1,241	3,703 9 0
Hassan	261	863 12 2
Shimoga	49	483 8 0
Kadur	247	2,458 0 0
Chitaldroog	156	815 12 0
Coorg	222	1,877 4 0
Total.....	5,292	22,609 14 8

It was resolved that the local papers be requested to publish the proceedings of this final meeting, and that the same be notified in the Gazette and that a copy thereof be sent to the President of the General Meeting.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 7th July 1877.

From the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, To the Honorary Secretary, Mysore Central Famine Relief Committee, No. 8743—Genl. 1406, dated Bangalore, 24th November 1876.

I am desired to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No. 11, dated 17th instant, and in reply to state that, considering that Bengal has just had a very severe catastrophe in the destruction of some 120,000 souls during the recent cyclone by the storm wave which has passed over some of the islands in the Sunderbunds, and will in consequence have to make prompt and extensive arrangements for the relief of the sufferers, Mr. Saunders considers it will hardly be in very good taste to take so inopportune a moment for advancing claims for charitable contributions in aid of existing distress in Mysore, on account of past subscriptions collected in the Province and forwarded to Bengal during the famine in 1874, more especially as we are only at the commencement of the distress, which will hereafter perhaps be more severely felt, when an appropriate appeal may be more effectually made.

From the Honorary Secretary to the Mysore Central Famine Relief Committee, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. 94, dated Bangalore, 27th April 1877.

With reference to the marginally noted correspondence, I am desired by the President of the Mysore Central Famine Relief Committee to state that it appears to the Committee that the time has now come when an appropriate appeal for aid may be made to Bengal.

This office letter No. 11, dated 17th November 1876.
The Secretary's reply to the above No. 8743—1406, dated 24th idem.

From the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, To the Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Calcutta, Genl. No. 1611—183, dated Bangalore, 16th May 1877.

I am directed by the Chief Commissioner to forward herewith copies of the letters noted in the margin from the Honorary Secretary, Mysore Central Famine Relief Committee, and to request that you will be so good as to submit them for the favorable consideration of His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

No. 11, dated 17th November 1876, with enclosure.
No. 94, dated 27th April 1877.

2. His Honor is no doubt aware of the great distress which is now prevailing in this Province, and the efforts that are being made for the relief of the suffering poor; and as this state of things is likely to continue for some months longer, the Chief Commissioner trusts that the appeal of the Central Relief Committee for aid from Bengal will meet with due consideration.

3. It is believed that a considerable amount of the surplus contributions, collected in aid of the famine in Bengal in 1874, is now in deposit in the Government Treasuries in that Presidency, and, if such be the case, the Chief Commissioner solicits that the present may be deemed a fitting occasion for applying a portion of it towards mitigating the distress now so severely felt in this Province.

From the Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Financial Department, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, F. No. 1890, dated Calcutta, the 26th June 1877.

I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No. 1611, dated the 16th ultimo, forwarding copies of two communications from the Honorary Secretary to the Mysore Central Famine Relief Committee, and suggesting that some part of any surplus remaining over from the Bengal Famine Fund of 1874 may be contributed to the relief of the famine from which Mysore is now suffering.

2. In reply, I am desired to state, for the information of the Chief Commissioner, that no surplus remains from the Bengal Relief Fund of 1874, the balance formerly in the hands of the Relief Committee having been appropriated to the purposes of certain charitable institutions. I am also to add that, under the existing rules of the Government of India, in the Financial Department, the Lieutenant-Governor is precluded from making any contribution from the revenues of Bengal to alleviate the distress which has overtaken Mysore. His Honor has, however, appealed to the Collectors of the districts which benefited by the expenditure of the Bengal Relief Committee in 1874, to raise subscriptions in aid of the Mysore famine, and I am to state that, if any funds are realized, they will be duly forwarded to you.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 7th July 1877.

No. 1043—GENL. 558, DATED BANGALORE, 7TH JULY 1877.

ORDERED to be communicated to the President, Mysore Central Famine Relief Committee, for information.

T. R. A. THUMBOO CHETTY,
Assistant Secretary.

To—The President, Mysore Central Famine Relief Committee, Bangalore.

FAMINE RELIEF.

From the Commissioner, Nagar Division, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. 312—128, dated Shimoga, 30th June 1877.

In submitting for the information and orders of the Chief Commissioner the accompanying copy of a letter* from the Deputy Commissioner of the Chitaldroog District, I have the honor to offer the following remarks.

*No 308—356, dated 26th June 1877.

2. . At no time did many revenue paying ryots labor at relief works. These are now fully occupied in their fields. There remain the regular road and tank coolies consisting chiefly of Waddars, and Lambanis, and the miscellaneous poor population of villages and towns, namely Muhammadans, weavers, Gollars, shepherds, Bedars, Madigars and the like.

3. The cultivating ryots and the regular coolies have kept themselves in comparatively good condition, but I do not hesitate to say that the remaining portion of the laboring population throughout the Chitaldroog District are as a body reduced to a dangerous state of physical weakness, and that those who can be kept out of the kitchens are not in a condition to do more than half the ordinary daily task of a strong man or woman accustomed to manual labor.

4. These people are now thrown on our hands in large numbers, and I see no prospect of their being able to earn their daily bread by their own unaided exertions for the next six months of the current year.

5. Large numbers of small relief works have been sanctioned from time to time and are still being sanctioned. These consist of digging new wells and cleaning out old ones, repairing small tanks or hondas, making village roads, and filling up ditches and cutting down hedges, &c., otherwise called village sanitation.

6. No doubt there has been much waste and peculation in carrying out these works in remote places, but much good has also been done. money has circulated, grain has been attracted to the weekly markets and many a healthy man has been kept out of the kitchens for months longer than would otherwise have been the case.

7. There was and is one disadvantage however in this system of scattered petty works. There has been but little opportunity of noting the gradual deterioration in health and strength which has been taking place.

8. Before the beginning of the present year, I saw very few young and middle aged men in the kitchens. Now they are numerous, and although I believe that the constitutionally healthy among them are regaining strength under the sanctioned diet, the progress will of course be slow.

9. The time, I venture to think, has now arrived for reducing the number of the petty works referred to, and in their stead to employ gangs of relief coolies on provincial and district works, especially roads, the season for the repair of which has begun. But the usual mileage allowance will not suffice. The class of men and women for whom work has to be found can do only half a day's

work, and I would solicit sanction either that this should be recognized as their rate of working and the estimates utilized accordingly, or that a grant from relief funds should be made so as to admit of the necessary yearly repairs being fully carried out.

10. It will not be necessary to dispense with the able-bodied coolies, it would not be wise to do so, but they might be kept in separate gangs on separate portions of the road, and to them might be transferred from time to time such men from the relief gangs as may be found able to do a full day's work.

11. If this proposition meets with the Chief Commissioner's approval in the case of roads, it might be extended to other works also, notably the Timmenhalli tank project in the Budihal Taluk, in which taluk according to the latest accounts received demi-officially from Lieutenant Macintire, there are hundreds of people for whom no employment nearly so useful or remunerative can be found.

12. Referring to the roads specified by Major Armstrong, I am aware that in the near neighbourhood of the large kitchens at Davangere, Chitaldroog, Chalakere, Huriyur and Huliyar it is with the greatest difficulty that any work suitable for persons in an enfeebled condition of body can be found.

13. It is not surprising that the Chief Commissioner has grudgingly sanctioned estimates for filling up holes and ditches; I will not therefore, if I can help it, submit any more of such, but in their place I have, in anticipation of approval, authorized the Deputy Commissioner to employ famine gangs for the yearly road repairs on such terms as to work and pay as he can exact from them with a due regard to the interests of Government, and to the little strength which is left in the people to be employed.

From the Deputy Commissioner
No. 308—

As you are aware of the great difficulty that exists in opening suitable work, as a relief work to paupers in some of the taluks, *especially* at such places where large kitchens exist, I have the honor to solicit you will obtain grants from the relief grant for the following roads in the District; the Rs. 60 a mile provided from district funds being inadequate to put these roads in proper repair, as, owing to the unusual long drought that has prevailed, these roads cannot be placed in proper order this year with the small sum allowed.

2. The proposal I now submit will enable me on the one hand to put these roads in comparatively good order and on the other will be a means of affording relief.

3. The roads for which I solicit this extra sum are as follows:—

1.	Chitaldroog-Chalakere,	distance	.. 18	miles.
2.	Do Dumi	do	.. 29	do
3.	Do Oojani	do	.. 16	do
4.	Hiriyur-Huliyar	do	.. 27	do
5.	Huliyar-Hosdurga	do	.. 24	do
6.	Do Sira	do	.. 11	do
7.	Do Banavar	do	.. 11	do
8.	Hangal-Royadroog	do	.. 6	do
			142	

at Rs. 60 a sum of Rs. 8,520 will be required. To meet this expenditure, I am of opinion that many of the works proposed in the forecast programme will be ultimately unnecessary, and I therefore do not anticipate that this sum will in reality be an additional charge, and with the present improved condition of the Districts, I am very hopeful that the majority of the works proposed in the forecast programme will not be required.

4. I have in conclusion very earnestly to solicit that the above proposal will meet with approval, and early sanction be accorded. In the meanwhile I beg that you will allow me, in anticipation of the Chief Commissioner's approval, to commence operations where absolutely necessary in the vicinity of kitchens.

No. 1064—Genl. 562, dated Bangalore, 9th July 1877.

Order thereon.—The Chief Commissioner approves of the proposal made by the Commissioner, and to which effect has been given in anticipation of sanction.

2. From able bodied coolies a full day's work should be exacted, and from others who are unaccustomed to work, or are in an enfeebled state, a fair task should be required and full wages paid.

3. The system of work referred to should be applied to road repairs and other works carried out under the orders of revenue officers, and it is probable that the Chief Engineer will be able to arrange for the employment of the distressed portion of the population on similar works as well as on tank repairs in progress under the Public Works Department, on similarly equitable terms, provided that the different classes of laborers can be satisfactorily segregated.

4. Whenever the provision made in the budget for a work is found insufficient to complete it under the arrangements now sanctioned, the extra amount required for the purpose will be allotted from famine relief funds. But the budget provision must be fully utilized before an additional grant is applied for.

5. A copy of these Proceedings will be communicated to the Commissioners of Nundydroog and Ashtagram Divisions, for information and guidance, wherever the arrangements under reference can be suitably adopted.

T. R. A. THUMBOO CHETTY,
Assistant Secretary.

To—The Commissioners of Nundydroog, Ashtagram and Nagar Divisions.
" Deputy Commissioners of Districts.
" Chief Engineer and Secretary, D P. W.
" Deputy Accountant General
" Examiner, P. W. Accounts.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 11th July 1877.

Famine Relief.

From the Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. 163—74, dated 4th July 1877.

* * * * * *

General Remarks.

25. In addition to the information contained above, which is condensed from the official reports received by me, the Chief Commissioner may be interested in seeing the bi-monthly summaries sent in by the sub-division officers, which I forward both for this reason, and because they shew that these officers are under the direction of the Deputy Commissioners, carefully watching the condition of the taluks entrusted to them. I also add some remarks of what fell under my own observation in the course of a tour through the Taluks of Belur, Hassan, part of Manjarabad, Arkalgúd, Narsipur, Channaraypatna and Attikuppa after disposing of the sessions cases for trial at Hassan during May.

26. The effects of the cyclone which passed across the Bay of Bengal and reached the coast to the north of Masulipatam on the 19th May, occasioning at Madras the third greatest fall of rain on record within the last sixty years, evidently extended over part of the Mysor Province, reaching to Hassan where the barometer fell suddenly on the 17th, recovering its usual height on the 20th.

27. This was followed between the 22nd and 26th by a series of falls of rain in both Districts. the returns shewing that within those dates rain fell successively as follows :—

May.	22nd.	23rd.	24th.	25th.	26th.
	Taluks.	Taluks.	Taluks.	Taluks.	Taluks.
Mysore District	1	8	7	5	1
Hassan do	2	2	5	5	2
Total...	3	10	12	10	3

28. After a break of a few days, there were showers on the 30th and 31st in four and five taluks respectively.

29. On the 1st, 2nd, 3rd and 4th June, rain was reported from 13 stations in the Mysore District, of which the heaviest falls were at Mysore and Nanjangúd on the 3rd, but since that, only light showers seem to have fallen, all of which were previous to the 13th June.

30. In Hassan, heavy rain was reported from five taluks on the 4th, and from four taluks on the 5th, by which 17 tanks in Channaraypatna were breached. 1¼ inch was reported from Saklespur on the 8th, and continuous showers till the 14th; the south-west monsoon being considered to have commenced after the fall of the 8th, which appears to have been from north-east.

31. The published statements of rain-fall shew that at Calicut the first fall exceeding one inch was on the 7th June. Since which the rain has been continuous there, and that the monsoon broke at Vithery in the Wynad in the afternoon of the 7th. Mr. Anderson of Baugue between Hassan and Saklespur, who invariably notes the setting in of the monsoon as shewn by the collection of clouds on the range of the ghats, and by the direction from which the rain comes, dates the commencement at Baugue from the 9th, the fall on the 8th being the last of the preliminary showers from the east and north, before the south-west wind obtains ascendency.

32. Further inland the change did not take place till a few days later, and followed a final heavy burst of rain from the north-east on the 8th, which broke over part of the Channaraypatna and Kikkeri Taluks bringing down a freshet in the Hebhalla which drains the Shravanbelgola valley and falls into the Hemavati between Narsipur and Channaraypatna. The Hemavati below the junction rose

about 10 feet during the night of the 8th, but subsided equally fast, as it was falling at the rate of 3 inches an hour, when I reached the bank at 7 A. M. of the 9th.

33. This storm, the approach of which had been watched for some hours by the ryots of Kikkeri, was described by them to me as the result of the meeting of two heavy masses of rain cloud from south-west and north-east which was immediately followed by a deluge of rain.

34. Another smart shower from the north fell at Kikkeri on the evening of the 11th, and the south-west monsoon was announced as heavy set in with a steady downpour of 3 inches from the south-west at Attikuppa on the afternoon of the 12th.

35. These rains deserve attention, because they make a definite point in the agricultural year, when all preliminary operations connected with the early crops close, and from which those of the later crops either begin, or if begun, proceed.

36. The proper division of the seasons consists of three periods of rain :—

First.—Those which fall between the beginning of the Hindu year, and the commencement of the south-west monsoon, *i. e.* from about the end of March to the end of the 1st week in June.

Second.—The south-west monsoon.

Third.—The later rains of September, October and November.

37. The first or mungar rains are known also as "Dodda" or "Adha malé," that is heavy downpours, resulting from the crossing of currents of air, attended with thunder and lightning and ordinarily coming from north or north-east.

38. The south-west monsoon rains are styled "Madhya" or middle rains, and described as "Sóne," that is continuous mild showers or drizzle with steady south-west wind unattended with storms, and the last are the "Hingar" or latest rains of the other monsoon.

39. The register of rain-fall at the Mysore Jail gives the following results for the ten years from 1865 to 1875 for the months of March, April and May :—

Months.	10 years' Average.			1876.			1877.			Difference.
	Rain-fall.		No. of rainy days.	Rain-fall.		No. of rainy days.	Rain-fall.		No. of rainy days.	
	Inches.	Cents.		Inches.	Cents.		Inches.	Cents.		
1	2		3	4		5	6		7	Cols. 2 & 6.
										I. C.
March ...	0	82½	2⅕	1	16	5	1	18	5	0 5½ +
April ...	0	95½	5⅖	0	13	5	2	39¼	10	1 34 +
May ...	3	78¼	10 7/10	6	16	11	3	3¾	5	0 74 − ¾
Total.....	5	56½	18⅗	7	45	21	6	61¼	20	1 4¾ +

The total fall up to the end of May was therefore about an inch above the usual quantity, and distributed very equally over the three months. The total rain-fall of the three months at Hassan on the contrary is 2 inches 42 cents below the average of ten years, although there were falls on twenty-six days instead of nineteen and the deficiency has been occasioned by a failure of the heavy preliminary showers of May as the total fall was 2 inches 74 cents below the average, the number of rainy days being the same as the average. The details are given in the accompanying table:—

Months.	10 years' average.			1876.			1877.			Difference.	
	Rain-fall.		No. of rainy day.	Rain-fall.		No. of rainy days.	Rain-fall.		No. of rainy days.		
	Inches.	Cents.		Inches.	Cents.		Inches.	Cents.			
	2		3	4		5	6		7	I.	C.
March ...	0	96 1/10	2 1/2	0	88	5	0	49	6	0	47—
April ...	1	74 4/10	5 1/2	1	2	6	2	58	10	0	84+
May ...	4	59 9/10	10 2/5	2	58	7	1	85	10	2	74—
Total.....	7	30 1/5	18 7/10	4	48	18	4	92	26	2	42—

40. The early rains are the period for sowing cholam, and the "Gid" or short ragi, as well as oil-seeds and various pulses, and a good deal of paddy, and all operations including sowing must be got through before the actual arrival of the south-west monsoon, for if the seed is not well above the ground by that time, the season may be said to be lost.

41. Early cholam is a very important crop in the following taluks of the Mysore District :—

Chamrajnagar, Gundlupet, Nanjangúd,

and is grown in varying proportions in Mysore, Mandya, Talkad and Yedatore. In Hassan it is cultivated more or less in Channaraypatna, Nagamangala, Attikuppa and Narsipur, and is sown in Harnhalli, parts of Hassan and Arkalgúd in years of scarcity.

42. The localities specially adapted for gid ragi are Heggaddevankote and Periyapatna in Mysore, and Arkalgúd and parts of Narsipur, Hassan and Belur. The seed is said to be distinct from that of the dod ragi, and the usual explanation given of the reason for cultivating it in these places is that for preparation of the land for cereals ; and during the period of germination and sprouting, alternations of heavy rain and sunshine are required, by which the soil is first saturated and then dried and pulverized, which cannot take place in the continuous rain and damp of the monsoon in the western taluks.

43. The gid and dod ragi crops gradually blend inan intermediate tract, where both are cultivated, but to the east of Halebid, Grama and Narsipur in Hassan may be taken as exclusively a "Dodda" or late ragi-growing country.

44. It has not been possible to obtain strictly accurate returns of the area under these early crops, but it is certain that cholam was more extensively sown than in any known year, and that generally the result has been satisfactory.

45. The reports from the Nanjangúd Sub-Division of the state of this crop could scarcely be more favorable, and the late rains have brought them on well in all the other taluks. Nothing could be finer than the appearance of the standing grain in flower, when I passed through Channaraypatna and part of Attikuppa, and though the seed had failed once in Harnhalli and elsewhere, much had been re-sown, and good results were expected.

46. The prospects of the gid ragi in Hassan at the beginning of June were by no means so good. In the Taluks of Hassan, part of Belur, Arkalgúd and Narsipur, a great proportion of the fields were bare and brown. Seed had been sown in many cases twice, and had either not germinated or been destroyed by caterpillars, and the ryots said that they would make a third trial after which nothing remained, but to try "Dod" ragi which had succeeded in 1866, though inferior to the gid ragi. It remains to be seen whether the rain which has since fallen has enabled them to re-sow in the manner they proposed.

47. In Periyapatna and Heggaddevankote it is believed that, if not damaged by too heavy rain hereafter, there will be a splendid out-turn of gid ragi, and as these taluks are the granaries of Mysore it is hoped that these expectations may be realized.

48. The general cholam harvest may begin in another month, and the Amildars have sent in various estimates of the number of people who will be supported by the grain, and for what period, but

these seem to me too uncertain to be depended on, further than that it is confidently said that in the taluks where it is extensively grown about, a third of the population will be maintained for two or three months The next crops coming to hand will be sesamum seed and pulses, all of which promise well, and will be cut in about a month The former will be immediately converted into money, and the latter either sold or kept for food as may be found necessary

49 In September such of the gid ragi crop as has been sown early should be reaped, and its appearance at present is so promising in Heggaddevankote and Periyapatna that old grain is being brought out in anticipation of a fall of prices later.

50 In October hulka, save and navane will be cut , and if the S W monsoon is good, the dod ragi crop should be ready in November and December, and come to market in the beginning of the year

51 In the meantime a great accession of food has come from the spontaneous growth of a variety of edible herbs which spring up after the monsoon showers and form a large proportion of the food not only of the poor, but of all classes After one or two showers every field becomes a kitchen-garden, the figs, tamarind seeds and other substitutes for grain are replaced by cooked herbs and roots of which at least 25 sorts are in common use A list of those ordinarily eaten is appended

52 With regard to prices, they may be said to have been almost stationary up to the 15th, but there seems to be a general impression amongst the merchants and others that local prices will fall about 20 per cent owing to a diminished demand on the part of ryots and others when the cholam crops come in , but at the same time there are great obstacles in the way of importing grain from Bangalore, owing to the difficulty of getting carts The hire from Bangalore to Ganjam is now from 10 to 12 Rs instead of 5 as formerly, and as the ryots are now occupied in their fields, there is not much prospect of more carts being procurable

53 In the Hassan District also, opinions are against a rise of prices which is opposed to what I myself expect The buyers in the District have for some time been dependent in a great measure on what is brought to the local markets from the western coast, Bangalore and the Mysore District and as the ghats are now impassable, all importation from the west must cease, while the difficulty of importing from Bangalore increases during the rains, but it is replied that the imports from both directions have been in anticipation of this, and that much of what has been imported has been stocked as reserve In every taluk no doubt there has been great activity on the part of ryots who have carts, and the imports have been quite unprecedented

54 At least 60 carts of rice per day came up the Bhimad ghat, the greater part of which was for the Hassan District, the remainder going to Chikmagalur

55 During the greater part of the trading season, 150 carts per diem are said to have come up the Manjarabad ghat Mr Lilly takes an average of 180 for the whole season, the traffic during May being enormous, and exceeding at times 300 carts a day, the demand for carts being so great, that Rs 20 was paid for the trip to Cannanore, being double the ordinary rate In Attikuppa it has been usual for ryots possessing carts to hire them on the Nilgiri road and elsewhere for traffic, but this year they employed them exclusively in importing grain, and I have in former reports noticed the combinations of ryots formed for this purpose in Harnhalli With increasing difficulties of importation, I fully anticipate a marked rise of prices in the Hassan markets, and the latest accounts state that in Hassan itself rice is selling at 4½ seers per rupee, but I trust that the more sanguine opinion is the correct one. If the S W monsoon again fails, it is impossible to say what prices may be ; for in 1866, when the late ragi crop was in a critical condition, famine prices prevailed during September and October , but such was the effect of heavy rain on 31st October that the price fell at Hassan almost immediately from 3 to 17 seers per rupee

56. High winds still prevail, the rain keeps off, and, as far as I can see, prices must rise in both Districts

57. Owing to the ryots being now engaged in their fields, there is a decreasing desire for work on tank and other projects. Labor can scarcely be procured by the Irrigation Department in Channaraypatna and Nagamangala, and the numbers are falling off on the works in Harnhalli and Hassan Every ryot who can manage it now desires to plough and sow for the dod ragi crop, and the late opportune concession of a grant of Rs 20,000 for the purchase of seed and cattle will, I hope, enable many to do so who otherwise could not. Rs. 15,000 was allotted to Hassan, and 5,000 to Mysore, and the Deputy Commissioners were urged to loose no time in placing the money in the hands of the ryots

58. While a decrease in the numbers on works may be expected, it is doubtful whether any can be looked for at present among those receiving gratuitous relief. The applicants belong to different classes, the resident local poor, destitute wanderers from other Districts, especially Túmkúr and Bangalore, and those who are either going to or returning from the coffee districts. Lately every effort has been made to distinguish these classes, and to enforce careful examination into the condition of the local poor who have been ordered to be enrolled and obtain tickets for relief at the hobli kitchens, while the others are treated as casuals, and with the assistance of the officers lately detailed for famine duty, I hope this may be effected In the course of my tour, I inspected the kitchens at Channaraypatna, Hassan, Belur, Saklespur, Arkalgúd, Narsipur, Attikuppa, and Kikkeri, and saw scarcely a single person undeserving of relief At all these places, the difficulty was not with the local poor, but with strangers, most of whom were in a most wretched condition.

59 Under present arrangements it is proposed to collect these poor people gradually, and forward them to their own neighbourhoods as soon as they are fit to go, and in connection with this to receive emigrants from Mysore who may be sent, or voluntarily return from the coffee districts. The reports from all quarters agree in stating that very few emigrants are now going there, but there is a steady return stream consisting in part of persons in a most emaciated and debilitated state. There is now a great change in this respect, for we are getting back the dregs of the population who have been wandering hopelessly in Manjarabad, Coorg and Wynad, and have either been unable to obtain work, or have been discharged.

60. No reliable information has yet been obtained from Coorg or Wynad of the numbers that may be expected, but it is reported from Manjarabad that there are about 2,000 persons dispersed about the taluk, though it seems uncertain how many are employed, and how many not I have great hopes that the numbers in the relief camps on the roads will not be large, but considering the state of the emigrants, it is indispensable that provision should be made for them, and until the next crops in Túmkúr and Bangalore are assured, it is impossible to say what numbers may be on foot, as they appear to oscillate with every change of weather.

61. When the crops failed in October last, an extensive immigration to Manjarabad and all coffee districts set in. Cholera broke out in December, and there was a general flight and dispersion to be followed by a return in January 1877 In April reports of rain having fallen were circulated, and great numbers left, but returned shortly in consequence of their hopes being disappointed Since then there has been another exodus, and if the south-west monsoon fails it is expected that the same thing will happen again. The immigration this year has far exceeded any before known, and has been so great, that Canara coolies who usually come up in considerable numbers found no employment, and I was informed by the Patels that a good many immigrants from the maidan country belonging to the non-cultivating classes would permanently settle in the malnad. The same result seems to have occurred in former times, as the Belur Taluk is believed to have been partially populated with Lingayats who migrated there from the open country at the time of the Mahratta invasion.

62. We have now reached a most critical point, and although no doubt the early cholam crop and the gid ragi will afford great temporary relief, there can be no safety until a good monsoon has ensured a plentiful ragi harvest in the distressed districts. Even well-to do ryots in many taluks are coming to the end of their resources, and parting with their capital to an extent which will make it difficult for them to meet another bad season

63. In November last I heard a good deal at Channaraypatna of sales of ornaments by ryots, and soon after noticing a remark by the Munsiff of Alur that a number of shroffs and goldsmiths attended the market regularly to buy up ornaments offered for sale, I had enquiries made at several of the principal markets. The substance of the reports made is, that the ornaments ordinarily worn by the wife of a poor ryot are, silver kadaga or bracelet valued at 5 or 6 Rs, silver minchu or anklet valued at 3 or 4 Rs and gold gundu or necklace valued at from 15 to 30 Rs. presented to her by the husband at the time of their wedding Carefully preserved and seldom parted with, except under pressing and unfavorable circumstances, the ornaments usually possessed by the females of the superior classes consist of—

1 Vále or earring, valued from Rs. 25 to 100,
1 Gundu or gold beads, valued from Rs. 25 to Rs 100,
1 Bugadi or another kind of ear ornament set with pearls, priced at from 30 to 70 Rs,

and it is reported that at an average about 500 Rs. worth of such ornaments belonging chiefly to the females of the agricultural class in the Hassan Taluk are sold monthly in the markets at Alur and Dud to Komatis and goldsmiths, who test the quality and fix the market value of the articles.

64. A longer list was received from Channaraypatna of gold and silver ornaments brought for sale publicly on bazar days between the 15th May and 15th June, the total value of which was above Rs. 1,000. In the Attikuppa markets 500 Rs. worth were sold within the same period, and the sales at four places in the Nagamangala Taluk amounted to between 2,000 and 3,000 Rs. In Harnhalli

Taluk most of the sellers take the ornaments to Tiptur, where there is a ready sale for any quantity. At Arsikere market, the sales during four weeks were about 400 Rs. and the Shanbhogs and Patels of Chinkurli estimated to me that about 300 Rs. worth had been sold by ryots of the Hobli at Ganjam and the French Rocks during May.

65. Sales of this description appear first began about November and December, and have been on the increase since, but the belief is that when the early crops are cut, they will diminish, which I trust is the case.

66. In addition to ornaments and jewels, a number of old coins of various kinds are said to have been produced for sale, and it must not be forgotten that in all probability the value of articles sold privately exceeds that of those brought to the markets, as many persons are deterred by feelings of shame from carrying on transactions in public.

67. In connection with this, a published statement of the quantity of silver sold to the Bombay Mint is worth perusal, shewing as it does the increasing extent of these sales in that Presidency since November and December. While it is sad to think that so many families have been compelled to part with property to which they are attached, it is on the other hand a matter for congratulation that they have been able in better times to accumulate silver, which has stood them in good stead in a time of great need.

A.

List of Green Herbs, Roots, &c., ordinarily eaten by the people.

No.	Names.	
1	Hannesoppu ...	... Springs up in Aridra rain in June or July, and exists till November or December. Grows invariably on cultivated lands.
2	Uttaranesoppu	... Grows at all times of the year in hedges, fields, &c., and becomes fit to be eaten from August.
3	Adakachitte ...	... Grows in June and exists till January.
4	Akki Baili ...	... Springs in May, eaten till August or September, after which it becomes unfit for cooking purposes.
5	Honagoné ...	... Available from June to October or November.
6	Kamne ...	... As above.
7	Neggalu ...	... Grows wildly on all waste lands, available from July to September.
8	Káre ...	... Available only for one or two months in July and August.
9	Ganake ...	... Do from July to October.
10	Muluvar ...	... Grows in gardens, waste lands, hedges, &c., available only for a short time during Hingar rains.
11	Mundas'ge ...	... Available only for a week or fortnight in July.
12	Palavana ...	... Grows in gardens and fit to be cooked only when it shoots out during the Hingar rains.
13	Ageesoppu ...	... To be had at all times of the year: cultivated in gardens.
14	Chagache ...	... Available for 15 days in July.
15	Kolavalike ...	... Grows during the Hingar rains in nullahs, valleys, and available from July to September.
16	Kádmentya ...	... Grows in cultivated lands: available only for a month in July.
17	Honnegli ...	... Grows in hedges of fields or above.
18	Pattna Jori ...	... As above.
19	Ananta Gonde ...	... Available for 2 months from July to August.
20	Hasain ...	... Do Do Do
21	Hala ...	... Do Do Do
22	Chegata ...	... Available for 3 or 4 months from July.
23	Shrigandha ...	... Available for 3 or 4 months: eaten only in extreme cases.
24	Mugalu ..	... Available for 3 months from July.
25	Yele Nagaru ...	... Do do do

No. 1093—Genl. 590. dated Bangalore, 11th July 1877.

Order thereon.—The report which has been read by the Chief Commissioner with interest, calls for no special remarks.

2. The original enclosures are returned.

T. R. A. THUMBOO CHETTY,
Assistant Secretary.

To—The Commissioner, Ashtagram Division.
„ Commissioners, Nundydroog and Nagar Divisions.
„ Deputy Commissioners of Districts.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 12th July 1877.

Famine Relief.

No. 1104—592, dated Bangalore, 12th July 1877.

Order.—The condition reports received from the taluks for the week ending 30th June 1877 having been examined in this office, the discrepancies observed are noted below :—

Daily average number of coolies employed on works under Revenue Officers.

2. In the returns of the Koratagere and Ashtagram Taluks, the daily average number of persons employed on works is stated to be 77 and 287 respectively, but no corresponding increase is shewn in the amount of expenditure in column 7.

Amount of expenditure on the above works

3. The expenditure on district fund works in the Malur Taluk exceeds the sanctioned amount by Rs. 50—11—10. In the return received from the Koratagere Amildar Rs. 8,061—11—2 are entered as expended on relief works as against Rs. 8,078—11—2 shewn in the previous week's report.

No. of persons gratuitously fed.

4 The Amildars of Nanjangúd and Narsipur have again omitted to give particulars as to men, women, and children fed in the relief houses

Expenditure for gratuitous relief

5 The amounts shewn as expended under this head in some of the reports exceed the grants as shewn below :—

Taluk	Grant including private subscriptions.	Expenditure
Dodballapur ...	14,814 0 0	17,330 10 10
Nelamangala .	50,054 4 10	55,364 6 7
Anekal .	24,190 0 5	25,088 13 5
Kolar .	11,673 9 0	12,802 6 10
Chikballapur ...	15,030 11 9	16,011 2 2
Maddagiri ...	10,276 8 0	11,439 5 0
Chiknayakanhalli ...	9,318 5 10	9,880 3 2
Sira ...	16,262 0 0	18,845 8 1
Honnavalli ...	13,104 8 0	14,273 9 7
Nanjangúd ...	350 0 0	382 0 6
Channagiri ...	2,692 7 6	2,980 10 4
Budihal .	9,574 3 0	9,726 14 10

In the return of the Chikballapur Taluk for the week under review, a sum of Rs 13,610—15—4 is shewn as expended up to the end of last week, whereas the amount entered in the return of that week was Rs 13,520—15—4.

Prices of food grains.

6. The prices of food grains which prevailed in the previous week have not been correctly entered in column 11 of the reports of the taluks of Devanhalli and Gumnayakanpalya as shewn below :—

		As per return for— Week ending 23rd June.	Week ending 30th June.
Gumnayakanpalya	2nd sort rice	5¾ seers	6 seers
Devanhalli	„	6½ „	5¾ „
Do	ragi	7 „	8 „

7. The mistakes pointed out in para 7 of the Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 1018—Genl. 541, dated 6th July, have been repeated in the returns of the present week, and the attention of the Deputy Commissioner of Mysore District is drawn to the same.

T. R. A. THUMBOO CHETTY,
Assistant Secretary.

To—The Commissioners of Divisions
„ Dy. Commissioners of Districts.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 16th July 1877.

District Funds.

From the Commissioner, Nagar Division, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Duftur Department, No. 302—125, dated 27th June 1877.

With reference to the Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 6400—139 of the 29th September 1876 on the appointment and dismissal of Mestris and Mutsaddis, I have the honor to observe that, by the Department Public Works Secretary's Circular No. 654 of the 15th April 1872, Commissioners are vested with the power of appointing and dismissing Mestris whose pay is partly borne by the imperial and partly by district funds. Nothing however has been said regarding Mutsaddis paid from the same source, which leads me to presume that they can be dealt with by Deputy Commissioners.

2. The Proceedings under reference, para 2, refer to "Mestris, &c.," probably intending to include Mutsaddis also. As this is however doubtful, I request definite instructions whether Deputy Commissioners, who fill up vacancies in other departments up to 30 Rs. without reference to higher authority, are competent to dispose of the appointments of Mutsaddis in like manner.

No. 1133—D. F. 603, dated Bangalore, 14th July 1877.

Order.—The Commissioner is informed that the instructions contained in Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 6400—139, dated 29th September 1876, were intended to include Mutsaddis whose salaries are borne by imperial and local funds conjointly, and whom it will be competent therefore to the Presidents of District Fund Committees to appoint, discharge, &c.

T. R. A. THUMBOO CHETTY,
Assistant Secretary.

To—The Commissioner, Nagar Division.
" Commissioners of Nundydroog and Ashtagram Divisions, for information.
" Deputy Commissioners of Districts, for do
" Secretary, Department Public Works.
" Examiner, Public Works Accounts of Mysore.

Read—

Memorandum No. 810, dated 12th June 1877, from the Survey and Settlement Commissioner, submitting correspondence on the subject of the tenure on which the hamlet of Nilakantapura, attached to the village of Raghuvanhalli in the Maddagiri Taluk, is held by the present holder Deshala Nanjundaiya, who alleges it to be a kayamgutta.

No. 1150—R. M. 63, dated Bangalore, 16th July 1877.

Order thereon.—The Chief Commissioner observes that the hamlet in question is neither a kayamgutta nor a jodi village, not being mentioned in the lists of such villages in this office. From Captain Briggs' Mahratti order of 13th May 1837 it may be inferred that the hamlet was regarded as a sthal kayamgutta or mahal-jodi; but its omission in the mahal-jodi list, coupled with the fact that, in the deha jadha accounts of 1855, the land, the extent of which is specified in kandis, is said to be attached to the primary (Government) village of Raghuvanhalli and the payments to Government are shewn as "Suvarnadaya" or nagadiyat, leads to the conclusion that the hamlet must have been held as a plot of land and not as a village. It further appears that the tax called "*Kunchetigara manya" in Nilakantapura was, in the year Vilambi (1838—39,) paid to Government and not to the guttadar, which also confirms the supposition that the land in question was enjoyed as Government land and held on "mamul kandayam." There can be no question, therefore, that it is subject to survey and settlement.

*A tax upon the religious ceremonies performed in the caste of "Kunchetigar" which was originally paid to priests, but subsequently assumed by Government and now merged in "Mohatarfa."

2. The Honorable Colonel Anderson is requested to communicate the views above expressed to the Inam Superintendent, who should call upon the holder of the land or hamlet to produce any further evidence of the grant being made on the tenure of a

kayamgutta or sthal kayamgutta holding, within one month ; failing which, the lands should be treated as held on "mamul kandayam" and assessed in the usual course.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Survey and Settlement Commissioner,
(with correspondence subd)
" Inam Commissioner in Mysore.
" Commissioner Nundydroog Division.
" Superintendent, Inam Settlements.

READ—

Letter No. 207, dated 8th March 1877, from the Commissioner of Nundydroog.

No. 3897—GENL. 102, DATED BANGALORE, 17TH JULY 1877.

ORDER.—The Commissioner of Nundydroog Division submits a proposal for a revision of the existing scale of payment for burial, &c., of paupers, as follows.—

		Rs	As.	P
1.	For burning a body	2	0	0
2.	" burying do	0	8	0
3.	" burying a body when cholera is the cause of death ...	1	0	0

2. These rates do not appear to the Chief Commissioner to be sufficient to ensure decent burial, or the removal of bodies to suitable localities.

3. The rates adopted in the several districts appear however to differ, no general rule having been as yet laid down for adoption.

4 The following scale appears to the Chief Commissioner a sufficient one ; but, before its introduction, the opinions of the Commissioners of Divisions are requested :—

	Rs	As	P.
For disposal of the dead body of a caste Hindu or Musalman	2	0	0
" of all others	1	8	0
" burial, in cases of death from cholera ...	2	0	0

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

To— The Commissioners of Divisions.

From the Offg. Under-Secretary to the Government of India, To the Chief Commissioner of Coorg, Home Department, Municipalities, No. 65, dated Simla, the 29th June 1877.

With reference to your letter No. 35—1, dated the 17th April last, submitting statements Nos. I and II shewing the income and expenditure of municipalities in Coorg for 1874—75 and 1875—76, I am directed to point out that statement No. III (relating to the incidence of octroi duty) has not been received. It is understood that octroi collections are farmed out in Coorg, but I am directed to enquire whether contractors are not bound to furnish returns, and, if so, whether the statement No. III cannot be prepared from them.

No. 1185—MUNL. 96, DATED BANGALORE, 18TH JULY 1877.

ORDER THEREON.—Communicated to the Commissioners of Divisions, the Superintendent of Coorg, and President of the Bangalore Town and Cantonment Municipal Commissions, with reference to para 1 of Chief Commissioner's Proceedings, No. 9186—167, dated 7th December 1876, and with the request that statement No. III might be continued to be furnished as at present, and that the returns due for the past three years be prepared upon such data as may be available, and forwarded to this office as early as possible.

T. R. A. THUMBOO CHETTY,
Assistant Secretary.

To—The Commissioners of Divisions
" Deputy Commissioners of Districts.
" Superintendent of Coorg.
" President, Town and Cantonment
Municipal Commissions.
" Deputy Accountant General.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 18th July 1877.

Famine Relief.

From the President of the Mysore Central Famine Relief Committee, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. 141, dated Bangalore, 12th July 1877.

I have the honor to report for the information of the Chief Commissioner that the number of paupers fed daily at the Binnamangalam relief camp now exceeds 5,000, and that at the outlying kitchen at Krishnarajpur 3,000. Every day, large numbers of emaciated and distressed persons, non-residents, are collected and sent out of the Cantonment of Bangalore to the former place, and though every effort has been and is being, made to afford them shelter, yet the accommodation at these places is still quite insufficient to meet such requirements.

2. The persons who are thus deported are in a very distressed and emaciated state, and the mortality, which has always been high, has lately increased to a fearful extent. We cannot hope to keep pace with requirements, whilst the steady influx of such persons into Bangalore continues. I am of opinion that really strict persistent and strong efforts should be made to prevent these persons from coming into Bangalore. It may not be possible to ensure this altogether, but I believe it may be attained to a very satisfactory extent. It was with this view that the roadside kitchens on the approaches to the town were originally set on foot, but practically distressed wanderers have not been much interfered with, nor compelled to stay at any particular place.

3. In the existing state of the distress and with the present gloomy prospects, I am strongly of opinion that additional provision is absolutely required.

4. In the first place, I would propose that the present siledar stables, if practicable, be made over to the committee, so as to enable them to arrange for receiving, treating and retaining there, weak and sickly children and emaciated people, who are quite unable to do any work; such persons would be sent to this place from the kitchens, and by the police or other agency employed for the purpose, from those picked up in the streets and lanes of the Cantonment and Pete of Bangalore. The stables are large and airy, and suitable in every way for the accommodation of a large number of emaciated persons in distress; its situation is also very convenient with regard to the existing pete kitchen and hospitals.

5. I make this proposal very reluctantly as the best available arrangement, and I need hardly add that the stables would be restored as soon as possible. It may perhaps facilitate the arrangement, and may be in other respects highly advantageous, if the siledar force here were reduced, and that at Mysore, Túmkúr and Kolar were increased. Crime is very rife and the force may, with much effect, be increased at the places named. But I throw out this suggestion in ignorance of the present state of the force here and the calls upon it.

6 In the next place, I would suggest the formation of a large relief camp at Yelahanka on the Secunderabad road. There is a Government kitchen there at present which may well be incorporated with the proposed camp. If the whole could be placed under a subordinate medical officer to be located there, the arrangement will be very satisfactory. The principle of retaining inmates there would be strictly enforced, and an enclosure and suitable and sufficient sheds must be erected. I have selected Yelahanka as the place most suitable for the location of such additional camp, as it is healthy with an abundant supply of water, and as it is from its situation a good depôt from which eventually to deport to their homes those who come from the northern parts of the Kolar and Túmkúr Districts.

7. The last proposal that I would make is, for the appointment of a commissioned medical officer as health officer for Bangalore. The services of one may perhaps be obtainable from the garrison at Bangalore. The best results would follow such an appointment. I have long felt that such an officer would be very valuable, but have refrained from earlier suggesting it, in the hope that, with favorable rains, our condition and prospects would daily improve and brighten. As this is not so, and, as, on the contrary, it is unhappily not improbable that our condition must long continue bad, and may greatly deteriorate, I would strongly urge the carrying out of some such proposals as I have now made.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 18th July 1877.

No. 1184—Genl. 630, dated Bangalore, 18th July 1877.

Order thereon.—The continued influx of famine-stricken people from the surrounding districts into Bangalore is indicative, undoubtedly, of the extreme distress caused by the present price of food grains; but it evidences also, as suggested by Mr. Gordon, the inadequacy of the arrangements made to prevent the ingress of these people at the relief kitchens placed with this object on all the avenues to the town.

2. If, indeed, as the Chief Commissioner understands, the persons fed at these kitchens are not, for the most part, detained in them, but, owing to their large numbers, merely attend at the time of the issue of food, the object of maintaining them on their present footing is doubtful.

3. The necessity is at least obvious that a relief camp must be formed on a large scale in the neighbourhood of Bangalore, and the Chief Commissioner is disposed to concur in Mr. Gordon's suggestion that it may be conveniently established at Yelahanka. The Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division is requested to take steps at once for having the site, as well as the plan and other details of the camp, determined, in concert with the Chief Engineer, Public Works Department, and Dr. Henderson. The sheds may be erected by the agency at the Deputy Commissioner's disposal from plans to be furnished by the Public Works Department. The Judicial Commissioner is requested to consider and report whether arrangements can be made to have the work carried out by a large gang of prisoners which might perhaps be furnished for the purpose from the Cnetral Jail.

4. The proposal to utilize the siledars' stables above the Dharmambudi tank as a relief camp has the approval of the Chief Commissioner, and had indeed been already under his consideration. They will be used chiefly for the reception of such of the inmates of the kitchens in Bangalore as are in special need of shelter and careful treatment; and will probably provide for the accommodation of 3 or 4,000 people. The Officiating Military Assistant is requested to have the stables vacated with the least practicable delay and to make suitable arrangements for the disposal of the horses, accoutrements, &c., belonging to the Regiment of Mysore Horse. Colonel Renton will report the nature of these arrangements and the expenses involved in carrying them out. It will be understood that the recoveries from the men for stabling rent will be discontinued while the stables are under occupation as a relief camp, and that the Chief Commissioner will undertake to make good the deficiency to the "Stable repairs fund."

5. With regard to the proposal made in para 7, the Deputy Surgeon General' Indian Medical Department, is requested to state whether in the event of no medical officer being available to aid Dr. Henderson in the supervision of the relief camps and kitchens in Bangalore, an arrangement would be feasible by which the services of one of the medical officers belonging to the garrison might, with the consent of the Major General Commanding, be temporarily employed in affording the necessary aid.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The President, Central Famine Relief Committee.
" Dy. Surgeon General, I. M. D., Mysore Division, & C. D.
" Military Assistant.
" Chief Engineer and Secy. D. P. W.
" Surgeon to the Mysore Commission.
" Commissioner, Nundydroog Division.
" Dy. Commissioner, Bangalore District.
" Dy. Accountant General in Mysore.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 18th July 1877.

FAMINE RELIEF.

No. 1179—F. R. 625, DATED BANGALORE, 18TH JULY 1877.

ORDER.—The condition reports received from Amildars for the week ending 7th July 1877 having been tabulated and reviewed in this office, the Chief Commissioner observes that there are several discrepancies in them as noted below :—

Daily average number of coolies employed on works under Revenue Officers.

2. In the reports for the week ending 30th June, the daily average number of coolies employed in the Manjarabad Taluk was shewn to be 28, and in Channarayapatna Taluk 134; but, in column 4 of the present returns, the numbers inserted are 26 and 130 respectively.

In the Chiknayakanhalli, Mandya, Attikuppa and Nagamangala Taluks, the numbers employed during the week, daily, were 328, 78, 119, and 56 respectively; but no fresh expenditure is shewn in column 7 of the returns.

Amounts sanctioned for works under Revenue Officers.

3. In the return received from the Mulbagal Taluk, Rs. 12,325 are entered as sanctioned for relief works, which is less than the amount shewn in the previous week's report. The Amildars of Mysore and Nanjangúd have omitted to shew in their returns the total amounts sanctioned from 1st April 1876 to 7th July 1877.

Expenditure on the above works.

4. The Amildar of the Ashtagram Taluk does not shew any expenditure in column 7 of his return. In the report of the Arkalgúd Taluk a sum of Rs. 1,659 is entered under "Minor agricultural works," which is less than the amount entered in the previous return by Rs. 40.

Daily average number of persons gratuitously relieved.

5. The Amildars of the Mandya, Mysore, Heggaddevankote and Gundlupet Taluks, and the President, Municipal Board, Mysore, have entered in column 10 the total number of persons gratuitously fed during the week, instead of giving the daily averages.

Grants for gratuitous relief.

6. The Government grant and private subscriptions are not separately shewn in the reports received from the Mandya and Malvalli Taluks. The subscriptions collected and the amount expended therefrom on account of the private kitchen at Bilikere before 30th June 1877 appear to have been erroneously included in columns 8 and 9 of the report received from the Periyapatna Taluk.

Expenditure for gratuitous relief.

7. The amounts entered under this head in some of the returns exceed the grants as noted below :—

Taluk.	Grant, (including private subscriptions.)			Expenditure.		
Hoskote ..	15,313	4	0	15,902	6	1
Dodballapur ..	14,814	0	0	18,928	5	2
Nelamangala ..	59,206	10	5	60,871	2	3
Closepet ..	21,527	0	0	21,800	14	3
Anekal ..	27,190	9	5	28,436	6	0
Kolar ..	13,673	9	0	13,969	2	3
Mulbagal ..	3,875	4	0	3,890	3	7
Chikballapur ..	16,530	11	9	17,167	10	4
Malur ..	3,989	12	8	4,328	4	5
Maddagiri ..	11,276	8	0	12,833	9	0
Chiknayakanhalli .	10,793	4	0	10,928	9	9
Sira ..	18,762	0	0	20,998	10	3
Honnavalli ..	14,104	8	0	15,645	10	4
Nanjangúd ..	350	0	0	423	14	4
Channagiri ..	2,993	14	0	3,233	7	4
Tarikere ..	1,675	0	0	1,705	11	10

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 20th July 1877.

8. Errors of calculation have been observed in the reports of some of the taluks as shewn below :—

Taluk.	Column.	Amildars' figures.			Correct figures.		
Nanjangúd	Column 5, Daily average number of coolies employed	29			39		
Ashtagram,	Total of column 6	1,844			4,844		
Mandya,	do	15,174			26,174		
Budihal,	Column 6 under "relief works"	165			1,650		
Kankanhalli,	Total of column 7	13,113	2	8	14,113	2	8
Kadaba,	Column 7 under "miscellaneous works" ..	267	2	6	2,067	2	6
Gundlupet,	Total of column 7	344	5	2	3,448	5	2
Koratagere	do 9	11,463	3	6	11,465	3	6
Heggaddevankote,	Total of column 10	979			919		

9. The prices of food grains which prevailed during the past week have not been correctly repeated in some of the returns under review as shewn below :—

		As per return for— Week ending 30th June 1877.	Week ending 7th July 1877.
Goribidnur,	2nd sort Rice	5	5½
	Ragi	7	7½
Attikuppa,	Ragi	6½	6
Gundlupet,	2nd sort Rice	5½	5½
Channagiri,	Ragi	5½	6
Hosdurga,	2nd sort Rice..	4½	4¾

T. R. A. THUMBOO CHETTY,
Assistant Secretary.

To—The Commissioners of Divisions.
„ Deputy Commissioners of Districts.

District Funds.

Read—

Docket No. 131—54, dated 20th June 1877, from the Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, soliciting sanction to two weeks' privilege leave granted to Mr. Morton, District Surveyor, in April 1877.

No. 1203—D. F. 642, dated Bangalore, 20th July 1877.

Order thereon.—Sanctioned.

2. Under section 17 (*a*), Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code, the Commissioners of Divisions are hereby empowered to grant privilege leave to District Surveyors, and to submit a departmental notification for publication in Part II of the *Mysore Gazette*. In such cases the leave certificate from the Examiner, Public Works Accounts, referred to in the Public Works Code chapter IV, section I, para 14, will not be necessary, but the applicant for leave should be required to furnish an extract from his service book shewing his previous leave, &c., in accordance with Standing Order No. 34 of 1874.

T. R. A. THUMBOO CHETTY,
Assistant Secretary.

To—The Commissioner, Ashtagram Division.
„ Commissioners of Nundydroog and Nagar Divisions.
„ Examiner, Public Works Accounts.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 26th July 1877.

FAMINE RELIEF.

Telegram from His Grace the Governor of Madras, To the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, dated 20th July 1877.

Alleged monopoly railway carriage investigated. Waggon register for South-West line, current month, contains names of nearly 300 traders having waggons allotted. Please let this be known. Report will be sent.

No. 1231—F. R. 654, DATED BANGALORE 21ST JULY 1877.

ORDERED to be communicated to the Commissioners of Divisions, and the President, Central Executive Committee, for information.

T. R. A. THUMBOO CHETTY,
Assistant Secretary.

To—The Commissioners of Divisions.
" President, Central Famine Relief Committee, Bangalore.

FAMINE RELIEF.

No. 1304—F. R. 697, DATED BANGALORE, 26TH JULY 1877.

ORDER.—The condition reports received from the taluks for the week ending 14th July 1877 having been reviewed, the discrepancies observed are noted below :—

Daily average number of persons employed on works under Revenue Officers.

2. The daily average number of persons employed on works in the Davangere Taluk during the week ending 7th July was, according to the present report, 2,034, whereas the number entered in the previous return was 1,982.

Amount sanctioned for works under Revenue Officers.

3. The Amildar of Narsipur has omitted to enter the amount sanctioned and expended on relief works in columns 6 and 7 of his return. The Amildar of Mysore has, likewise, omitted to shew, in his return, the total amount sanctioned and expended on "Miscellaneous works" from 1st April 1876. The Amildar of Nanjangúd Taluk has entered a sum of Rs. 1,635 as sanctioned for "District fund works," which is less than the amount shewn by the Deputy Commissioner in his report for the week ending 16th June, by Rs. 224. The Amildar of the Malvalli Taluk has erroneously entered the amount sanctioned up to last week under the head "Amount sanctioned during the present week."

Expenditure on the above works.

4. The Amildar of Ashtagram Taluk has shewn no expenditure under column 7 of his return. In the Arkalgúd Taluk the amount expended up to date on "Minor agricultural works" is stated to be Rs. 1,676—9—8, which is less than the amount shewn as expended up to 30th June. In the return of the Heggaddevankote Taluk a sum of Rs. 2,996—7—0 is entered as expended on "District fund works" up to 14th July, being 50 rupees more than the amount shewn in previous week's return, but under the head "Expenditure during the current week," the amount entered is Rs. 62—8—4. The difference Rs. 12—8—4 requires explanation.

Daily average number of persons gratuitously relieved in kitchens and camps.

5. The daily average number of recipients of gratuitous relief has been steadily increasing in the following taluks :—

Taluk.	As per report for week ending— 30th June.	7th July.	14th July.
Devanhalli	4,497	5,147	5,240
Magadi	2,222	3,680	3,798
Closepet	2,585	2,816	2,934
Anekal	6,014	6,253	6,814
Sira	3,095	3,311	3,587
Kadaba	2,531	2,680	3,448
Kankuppa	2,981	3,254	3,916
Hiriyur	4,729	5,239	5,378

The Amildar of Nanjangúd has erroneously included in column 10 of his return the number of persons fed in the private kitchens. Notwithstanding the repeated instruc-

tions issued on the subject and which have been clearly noted in the heading of column No. 10 of the revised form, the Amildars of Closepet, Nelamangala, Mysore, Heggaddevankote, Gundlupet, Mandya, Manjarabad, Attikuppa, and Nagamangala, Taluks, and the President of the Municipal Board at Mysore, have entered the total number of persons fed during the week instead of shewing the daily averages. Their attention should again be directed to this point.

Grants for gratuitous relief.

6. In the report of the Arkalgúd Taluk Rs. 68 are entered as private subscriptions collected up to date, whereas the amount shewn in the previous week's return was Rs. 85—8—0.

Expenditure in kitchens and camps.

7. The expenditure under this head exceeds the grant in some of the taluks as shewn below :—

Taluk.	Grant, (including private subscriptions.)			Expenditure.		
Hoskote ..	17,313	4	0	17,766	4	9
Dodballapur ..	19,814	0	0	20,488	10	10
Nelamangala ..	59,206	10	5	66,105	8	0
Anekal ..	30,190	0	5	32,211	4	10
Kolar ..	14,738	0	0	15,319	0	3
Chikballapur ..	18,030	11	9	18,262	8	3
Malur ..	4,489	12	8	4,624	10	4
Goribidnur ..	5,411	13	11	5,555	11	7
Maddagiri ..	14,276	8	0	14,619	11	10
Sira ..	21,762	0	0	23,407	15	3
Honnavalli ..	15,604	8	0	17,018	4	11
Nagamangala ..	4,386	8	6	4,468	13	10
Channagiri ..	3,402	14	0	3,538	7	8
Budihal ..	13,124	11	0	13,368	13	8
Mysore Municipality ..	33,331	8	0	34,194	9	4

8. The prices of food grains which prevailed during the past week have not been correctly repeated in some of the returns under review as shewn below :—

	As per return for week ending— 7th July 1877.	14th July 1877.
Chikballapur, ragi	6½ seers.	7 seers.
Hassan, do	6	5¾
Periyapatna, 2nd sort rice..	4¾	5

9. Errors of calculation have been observed in the reports of some of the taluks as shewn below :—

Taluk.	Column.	Amildars' figures	Correct figures.
Gudibanda	Total of column 2	53	35
Mandya	Do 6	16,174	26,174
Talkad	Column 6, amount sanctioned up to last week ..	9,221	9,501
Channaraypatna	Total of column 6	10,179	10,079
Magadi	Column 7, amount expended up to last week ..	2,449 2 1	24,449 2 1
Sidlaghatta	Total of column 7	24,536 13 5	24,537 13 5
Harnhalli	Column 7, under "Relief works" ..	1,318 11 0	4,318 11 0
Honnavalli	Column 10, number of children gratuitously fed ..	1,220	1,202
Kadaba	Column 9, expenditure up to last week ..	1,594 1 7	15,946 1 7

10. The Amildar of the Sorab Taluk has entered the quantity of rainfall gauged at the head-quarters as 3½ ounces instead of giving it in inches and cents.

11. The Amildars of the marginally noted taluks have not submitted their reports for the week under review in the revised form, although copies were forwarded to the Deputy Commissioners for distribution on the 3rd instant.

1. Bangalore.
2. Ashtagram.
3. Shimoga.
4. Channagiri.
5. Honnali.
6. Sorab.
7. Shikarpur.
8. Ságar.
9. Nagar.
10. Kavaledurga.
11. Tarikere.
12. Banavar.
13. Múdgere.
14. Koppa.
15. Lakvalli.

T. R. A. THUMBOO CHETTY,
Assistant Secretary.

To—The Commissioners of Divisions.
„ Deputy Commissioners of Districts.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 26th July 1877.

Famine Relief.

From the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, Genl. No. 296, dated Bangalore, 7th July 1877.

I have the honor to submit for the information of the Chief Commissioner copy of a general report received from Major Cole on the relief measures adopted in the Kolar District.

2. I beg to add that I consider it a most satisfactory report. It is evident that relief both as regards the works and the kitchens, has been carefully and at the same time economically carried out, and Major Cole is moreover of opinion after going round the whole District, that it has been sufficient. This latter point was previously one which was much discussed and it is very satisfactory to have it cleared up.

3. The Deputy Commissioner has been requested to close out-lying kitchens when he may consider it desirable to do so, and those which he may shut up first have been pointed out to him.

4. It is clear that "the self maintenance power" of the ryots in these parts is beyond what any one anticipated, and that our kitchens have been resorted to mostly by the pauper classes and that portion of the population that lives by daily wages or from hand to mouth; and as in ordinary times each community supports these people by arrangements of their own; the object to be kept steadily in view is to get them all back into the old groove as soon as possible.

5. In the Kolar District great care has evidently been taken to prevent a rush, and the circumstances of each individual and all particulars regarding him have been ascertained before he has been allowed to remain in the kitchen as a permanent incumbrance on the resources of the State.

6. It is difficult to say at present whether like results would have been obtained by like care in other Districts.

Report by Major Cole, dated 20th June 1877, on the measures now in force for the alleviation of the distress prevailing in the District of Kolar.

Pursuant to the instructions contained in the Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 2021—30 of the 25th of May last, I proceeded to Malur on the 28th idem, and have traversed the whole of the ten taluks composing the District of Kolar, returning to Bangalore on the 19th instant. During this period I have inspected 20 kitchens, 29 relief works and travelled 329 miles. I might have done more, but it was necessary to visit most of the principal kitchens at the hour for the distribution of food, so that generally a day had to be given to each kitchen.

2. I will first briefly allude to the relief works in progress and to the kitchens in the District, and then submit my opinions on the several points noted in my instructions.

Relief Works.

3. According to the returns kindly placed at my disposal by the Commissioner of the Division, the sum of Rs. 57,338 had been spent up to the 15th of May last on the following relief works in this District:—

30 Roads.
202 Tanks.
115 Wells,

as per talukwar statement annexed and marked **A.**

4. Taking the statistics for the months of April and May last, when the famine began to be still more felt, it will be found that Rs. 11,499 in April and Rs. 17,317 in May had been spent on the relief works.

The daily average number employed on these works was for—

April 3,442.
May 4,998.

This is irrespective of the large number employed in this District by the Public Works Department, especially in its irrigation branch.

5. The total population of the District, according to the last census held in 1871, is given at

618,954 souls. The percentage of the average number daily employed during April and May, would be in

April ·56.
May ·80.

The subjoined statements will exhibit the daily average number employed in each taluk and the ratio to the population :—

April.

No.	Taluk.	Daily Average Number.	Population.	Percentage to Population.
1	Kolar	546	71,796	·76
2	Betmangala	277	68,233	·41
3	Shrinivaspur	651	73,933	·88
4	Mulbagal	428	58,051	·74
5	Gudibanda	110	44,233	·25
6	Sidlagatta	201	91,849	·22
7	Chikballapur	522	69,177	·75
8	Malur...	256	56,581	45
9	Gumnayakanpalya	214	48,600	·44
10	Goribidnur	237	36,501	·65
	Total.....	3,442	618,954	·56

May.

No.	Taluk.	Daily Average Number.	Population.	Percentage to Population.
1	Kolar	1,172	71,796	1·63
2	Betmangala	459	68,233	·67
3	Shrinivaspur	439	73,933	·59
4	Mulbagal	517	58,051	·89
5	Gudibanda	221	44,233	·50
6	Sidlagatta	558	91,849	·61
7	Chikballapur	595	69,177	86
8	Malur	429	56,581	·74
9	Gumnayakanpalya	407	48,600	·84
10	Goribidnur	201	36,501	·55
	Total.....	4,998	618,954	·80

6. The numbers on all the works have steadily decreased since the rain fell. This was specially apparent in the large diminution in the numbers employed by the Irrigation Department, which has chiefly found the means of employment for the ryots in the Taluks of Betmangala, Mulbagal, and Shrinivaspur and I am indebted to Mr. Kensington, the Executive Engineer, who kindly accompanied me during part of my tour, and rendered me much valuable information for the following statement of labor employed on tank works in the Kolar District :—

Month.	Average Daily Number.			Remarks.
	Skilled.	Cooly.	Total.	
November 1876	616	1,317	1,933	Return not prepared till 16th of month.
December	615	1,794	2,409	
January 1877	845	2,476	3,321	
February	770	2,532	3,302	
March	560	2,031	2,591	Decrease due to a great measure to the prevalence of cholera.
April	778	2,975	3,753	
May	1,401	4,375	5,776	
Average for the last 6 months.....	828	2,697	3,525	

The return for November 1876 was not prepared till the 16th of that month, and the decrease in the month of March was due chiefly to the prevalence of cholera, which broke up several of the gangs, and stopped the progress of the works.

7. It will be observed that the number of skilled hands rose from 560 in March to 778 in April, and 1,401 in May.

This rapid increase in the month of May would tend to shew that the famine was beginning to press hard, even on those who had hitherto been able to find employment for skilled labor.

8. The rise in the number of ordinary coolies, amongst whom the lower agricultural classes are to be found, was similar, and we find that in May the number (4,375) was more than double that in March, *viz.*, 2,031.

9. The total average daily number during the last 6 months, or from November 1876 to May 1877, is shewn to be 3,525. This figure represents 105,750 wages paid in a month, or 634,500 payments during the 6 months.

10. The people employed on these tanks have been chiefly cultivators, and the following statement will convey the very satisfactory information that the late rainfall has induced more than half to return to their homes and to the cultivation of their fields, since the 12th May, from No. 1 range of No. 2 Tank Division, or the Ramsagar series :—

Date.	Skilled labor.	Cooly labor.			Total.
		Men.	Women.	Children.	
5th May 1877	546	1,247	1,329	87	3,209
12th do	986	1,486	1,976	35	4,477
19th do	599	1,200	1,476	36	3,311
26th do	469	623	876	106	2,074
2nd June 1877	479	646	883	4	2,012

Kitchens.

11. The number of kitchens opened in this district are 22. Many of them had been first opened and entirely maintained by private charity ; but as the distress began to prevail, the Government had to step in and assume entire control of the administration of these institutions. A list of the kitchens with the dates on which they had been opened is annexed and marked B.

12. A list of the special relief officers employed in this district is also annexed and marked C. These officers would appear to have been carefully selected, and their duties have been on the whole satisfactorily discharged. It will be noticed that they were all subordinate officials, on whom the Deputy Commissioner could place reliance. The employment of the Munsiffs and their office establishment for the charge of other kitchens, and of the Peshkars in some of the taluks, enabled the Deputy Commissioner to curtail the number of special relief officers, and by the employment of trusted subordinates, he was able, to a great extent, to reduce the cost of supervision.

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13. The subjoined statement will exhibit the number of persons fed in each kitchen on the several dates of inspection, and the rates to the population of each taluk —

Taluk.	Kitchen.	Date.	Men	Women	Children	Total	Percentage to Population
Malur ...	Malur ...	28th May 1877	96	164	130	390	
" ..	Narsapur ...	30th do ...	49	82	82	213	
			145	246	212	603	1 07
Kolar ...	Kolar ...	29th do .	408	634	914	1,956	
" ..	Tambihalli ..	30th do ...	172	300	352	824	
			580	934	1,266	2,780	3 87
Betmangala ...	Bowringpet .	1st June 1877		..	..	590	
" ...	Betmangala ..	2nd do	8	63	218	289	
			..	..	.	879	1 14
Mulbagal ...	Mulbagal ..	3rd do ..	58	72	126	256	
" ...	Bhairakur ...	Not inspected ..	.	...	...	..	
			.		.		
Shrinivaspur ..	Shrinivaspur	4th June 1877	95	183	220	498	
" ...	Nelavanki ...	5th do .	...	..		170	
" ...	Chintamani ..	6th do			..	584	
			.			1,252	1 69
Sidlagatta ..	Burdaguntc ..	9th do ...	.		.	271	
" ...	Dibbarhalli ..	10th do .	35	128	135	298	
" ...	Sidlagatta	19th do	..		.	587	
			..	..	.	1,156	1 26
Gumnayakanpalya .	Bagepalli ...	12th do .	58	75	141	274	
" ...	Patapalya ...	Not inspected ..	41	78	111	210	
			99	153	252	484	1 00
Gudibanda ...	Gudibanda ...	15th June 1877.	61	94	173	328	
" ...	Sabbanhalli ...	16th do	71	60	93	224	
			132	154	266	552	1 25
Goribidnur ...	Goribidnur ...	17th do ...	151	233	264	648	
" ...	Tondebhavi ...	18th do ..	33	68	130	231	
			184	301	394	879	2 40
Chikballapur ...	Harur ...	14th do ...	...	...		495	
" ...	Chikballapur ...	18th do ...	426	730	1,180	2,336	
			...	..	..	2,431	3 51
		Grand Total.....	.	...	...	11,272	..

The numbers shewn in the above statement include those caste people who are in receipt of raw rations, the total number of whom for the entire district was 711.

14. The caste of those fed in the several kitchens will be apparent from the subjoined table :—

Taluk.	Kitchen.	Brahmans.	Hindus.	Musalmans.	Holayas.	Madigars.	Total
Malur	Malur	...	...	...	...	...	390
„	Narsapur ...	...	...	...	...	...	213
		..	...		...	...	603
Kolar	Kolar .. .	77	694	661	450	151	1,956
„	Tamblihalli ...	93	299	101	318	13	824
		170	993	762	768	164	2,780
Betmangala .	Bowringpet ..	46	119	71	342	12	590
„	Betmangala ..	...	..	..	...	...	289
		46	119	71	342	12	879
Mulbagal	Mulbagal ...	...	...	...	...	...	256
Shrinivaspur ...	Shrinivaspur ...	10	181	130	104	73	498
,, ...	Nelavanki ...	...	...	...	...	...	170
„ ...	Chintamani ...	...	...	...	...	...	584
		10	181	130	104	73	1,252
Sidlagatta... ...	Burdagunte ..	12	146	11	45	57	271
„	Dibbarhalli ...	1	119	14	64	100	298
„	Sidlagatta ...	...	..	...	...	...	587
		13	265	25	109	157	1,156
Gumnayakanpalya ..	Bagepalli ..	2	83	26	52	111	274
„	Patapalya ...	...	..	...	...	...	210
		2	83	26	52	111	484
Gudibanda ..	Gudibanda ...	...	151	92	33	49	328
„	Sabbanhalli ...	...	160	13	24	27	224
		...	314	105	57	76	552
Goribidnur ...	Goribidnur ...	25	433	104	68	18	648
„	Tondebhavi . .	...	125	73	15	18	231
		25	558	177	83	36	879
Chikballapur ...	Harur	...	...	...	...	..	495
...	Chikballapur ...	74	871	232	326	833	2,336
		74	871	232	326	833	2,431
	Grand Total.....	340	3,384	1,528	1,841	1,462	11,272

The number of Pariahs was 3,303 out of the total of 11,272 fed in the kitchen, or 29·30 per cent.

15. The results of my enquiries relative to the sick in each kitchen are tabulated below :—

Taluk	Kitchen	No. sick.	Cholera	Dysentery	Diarrhœa	Other Diseases	Number of Deaths during past week, or on the day of inspection
Malur ...	Malur ...	9	...	9	...	...	5
„ ...	Narsapur ...	5	...	..	...	5	6
Kolar... .	Kolar	...	...	..	..	...	22 during past 2 months
„ ..	Tambihalli ...	16	...	..		16	3
Betmangala	Bowringpet ..	60	..			60	8
„ ..	Betmangala .	12		1		11	7
Mulbagal	Mulbagal .	14	9	.	...	5	2
Shrinivaspur ...	Shrinivaspur .	21	..		2	19	..
„ ...	Nelavanki ..	5	...	3	2		2
„ ...	Chintamani	36	...		9	27	...
Sidlagatta	Buradagunte ..				1	2	„
„	Dibbenhalli ..	11				11	5
„ .	Sidlagatta .	17	.		3	14	...
Gummayakanpalya	Bagepalli	17	...	5	3	9	2
Gudibanda ...	Gudibanda	10			...	10	
„ ..	Sabbanhalli .	15	.		1	14	4
Goribidnur ...	Goribidnur ...	9	..	5	3	1	2
„	Tondebhavi	4		1		3	.
Chikballapur ..	Harur .	27	...	1	17	9	..
„	Chikballapur ..	55		5	17	33	
	Total.....	349	9	30	58	252	71

16. Adopting the statistics for the months of April and May when the prevailing distress began to culminate, it will be found that the cost of the kitchens in April and May had been Rs 9,601—4—11, and 21,860—15—0, respectively. The subjoined table will exhibit the number of persons fed and the ratio to the population :—

April

Taluk	Kitchen	Adults.	Children	Total	Percentage to Population of each Taluk
Kolar	Kolar ..	1,000	702	1,702	2·37
„	Tambihalli .				
Betmangala	Bowringpet .	406	312	718	1·08
„	Betmangala ..				
Shrinivaspur	Shrinivaspur .	577	324	901	1·22
„	Nelavanki ..				
„	Chintamani . .				
Mulbagal	Mulbagal .	293	93	386	·67
„	Bharakur ...				
Gudibanda ...	Gudibanda ...	363	317	680	1·54
„ ...	Sabbanhalli ...				
Sidlagatta .	Sidlagatta ...	649	413	1,053	1·15
„	Burdagunte ...				
„ .	Dibberhalli ...				
Chikballapur .	Harur ..	1,221	876	2,097	3·03
„ ..	Chikballapur. .				
Malur ..	Malur ...	359	71	430	·76
„ ..	Narsapur ...				
Gumcayakanpalya . .	Bagepalli ...	128	148	276	·57
„ ...	Patapalya . .				
Goribidnur ..	Goribidnur ...	197	116	313	·86
„ ...	Tondebhavi ..				
	Total	5,184	3,372	8,556	1·38

May.

Taluk.	Kitchen.	Adults.	Children.	Total.	Percentage to Population of each Taluk.
Kolar	Kolar	1,440	944	2,384	3·32
,, ...	Tambihalli				
Betmangala	Bowringpet	663	445	1,108	1·62
,, ...	Betmangala				
Shrinivaspur	Shrinivaspur... ...				
,, ...	Nelavanki	793	437	1,230	1·66
,, ...	Chintamani				
Mulbagal	Mulbagal	312	167	479	·83
,, ...	Bairakur				
Gudibanda	Gudibanda	423	346	769	1·71
,, ...	Sabbanhalli				
Sidlagatta	Buradagunte ...				
,, ...	Dibbarhalli	650	549	1,199	1·31
,, ...	Sidlagatta				
Chikballapur	Harur	1,361	1,140	2,501	3·62
,, ...	Chikballapur ...				
Malur	Malur	546	224	770	1·36
,, ...	Narsapur				
Gummayakanpalya ..	Bagepalli	193	231	424	·87
,, ...	Patapalya				
Goribidnur	Goribidnur	342	212	554	1·52
,, ...	Tondebhavi				
	Total.. ...	6,723	4,695	11,418	1·84

17. It will be observed from the annexed statement marked D how few pattadars or landholders are to be found in the kitchens of this district. The total number was 392.

18. During my inspections of the kitchens, I admitted, as per statement marked E, 384 fresh applicants amongst those applying for admission. The rest were fit for work and were relegated to works in the vicinity.

19. No separate record had been kept of the number of paupers sent in by the Patels to the several kitchens after their house-to-house inspection. In the case of the subsidiary kitchens which I have shewn in my detailed reports to have been well located, the great majority of the recipients of gratuitous relief had been so sent in by the Patels. The orders on this subject would appear to have been generally well attended to; but the taluk and village officials' attention might be again drawn to the subject of exercising a vigilant watch over the condition of the poorer classes, though I trust that the continuance of the monsoon in a favorable manner, and the harvesting of the early crops, will soon render such a continued precaution unnecessary.

General Remarks.

20. I have shewn in detail the proportion of the population employed on the relief works and fed in the several kitchens of this district, and now subjoin a tabular statement of the ratio of both classes, by which it will be seen that 1·94 and 2·65 per cent per diem of the total population of the district were in receipt of State relief in some form or another in the months of April and May :—

April.

Taluk.	Average daily number on Relief Works.	Average daily number fed	Total	Population	Percentage to Population.
Kolar ..	546	1,702	2,248	71,796	3·13
Betmangala ...	277	718	995	68,233	1 46
Shrinivaspur ...	651	901	1,552	73,933	2·10
Mulbagal	428	386	814	58,051	1 41
Gudibanda ...	110	680	790	44,233	1·79
Sidlagatta	201	1,055	1,254	91,849	1·37
Chikballapur	522	2,097	2,619	69,177	3 79
Malur	256	430	686	56,581	1·22
Gummayakanpalya	214	276	490	48,600	1·01
Goribidnur	237	313	550	36,501	1·58
Total.....	3,442	8,556	11,998	618,954	1 91

May.

Taluk	Average daily number on Relief Works.	Average daily number fed	Total.	Population	Percentage to Population
Kolar	1,172	2,384	3,556	71,796	4 95
Betmangala	459	1,108	1,567	68,233	2 30
Shrinivaspur . .	439	1,230	1,669	73,933	2 25
Mulbagal	517	479	996	58,051	1 72
Gudibanda	221	769	990	44,233	2 23
Sidlagatta	558	1,199	1,757	91,849	1 91
Chikballapur ...	595	2,501	3,096	69,177	4 47
Malur . .	429	770	1,199	56,581	2 11
Gummaykanpalya	407	424	831	48,600	1·71
Goribidnur .. .	201	554	755	36,501	2 07
Total . .	4,998	11,418	16,416	618,954	2 65

21. The ryots had excavated 978 new wells during the season, most of them in dry lands. The advantages of garden cultivation under wells became painfully apparent during such a season and the excavation of so many wells augurs well for the condition of some of the ryots.

22. With regard to the relief works as far as I have been able to judge, they are of a most useful character The storage of water and the opening out of communications are the best means we can employ, not only for the present support of the starving people, but as a sure means for the prevention or palliation of future famines. The new roads open out portions of the district which used to be almost inaccessible, and the tanks were all works requiring attention sooner or later. I held charge of most of these frontier taluks some 15 years ago and can form an opinion of the marked progress that has been effected in that period.

23. The provision made for relief works would appear to have been sufficient, and the available balances will suffice for their being carried on for another three to four months. The numbers on these works have begun to diminish since the rain fell and will doubtless continue to do so. The members of a ryot's family will continue to come on the works, on and off, as their services can be spared from agricultural labors, until the harvest season has fairly set in By that time none will remain except the ordinary skilled and laboring classes, who are in the habit of obtaining their maintenance on such works. I would strongly recommend that all relief works now in progress should be thoroughly completed.

24. With regard to the kitchens it will have been apparent from my detailed reports that the large majority of the recipients of gratuitous relief are the village paupers, who are ordinarily maintained by the private charity of each village. This charity in such a season of want and scarcity naturally

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failed them, and they were speedily thrown on the Government kitchens This class included a large number of the old and infirm amongst the Parialis These paupers do not, as a rule, remain in or near the kitchens except in the larger towns, but return to their homes daily with their dole of food, which is often divided amongst other members of the family and made to supplement the leaves, heart of the aloe plant, &c which they are in the habit of eating.

25 I believe a large number of the people prefer to eke out a precarious existence in this manner rather than do a full day's task work One remarked to me that he could get his belly full of the aloe, which he could not do out of the relief wages !

26. Many who are themselves ashamed to attend the kitchen, or too indolent to do much work, send their children to the kitchens and make them bring their food home, several giving but a scanty proportion to their children

27. I have given much earnest consideration, in communication with Mr Krishnaiengar, C S I the Deputy Commissioner of the District, to the question of the early closing of some of these kitchens I much fear that the village community is not yet restored to such a position as to employ or relieve their own poor, and that great caution must be taken in the closing of the kitchens It is true that in many localities the Gaudas and Patels are now feeding the poor, and I have no doubt the kitchen pauper often obtains a second meal at their houses Indeed these Gaudas refuse none who come, in accordance with Hindu customs, and feed many who are refused admission to the Government kitchens but I fear that the great majority of the kitchen paupers of the Kolar District have no resources to fall back upon until the earlier crops are harvested.

28 The Deputy Commissioner agreed with me in the submission of the following proposals for the gradual reduction in the number of the kitchens in his District —

Taluk.	Kitchens.	Remarks
Malur	Narsapur	This kitchen might be closed from the 15th July the remaining paupers being transferred to the kasba and to the kitchen at Kolar
Kolar	Tumbihalli ...	This kitchen is located between those at Kolar and Mulbagal, and might also be closed from the 15th July, the poor being transferred to the above kitchens
Sidlagatta	Dibbarhalli	This might also be closed from the 15th July next and the remaining poor relegated to the kitchens at Sidlagatta and Burdagunte

The kitchens marginally noted might also be closed from the 15th August The attendance at the kitchens of Bairakur and Nelavanki is small, but they are situated close to the frontier, and, if closed too early or suddenly, an excuse might be made for crossing the frontier to the relief camps in Her Majesty's Territories.

1 Mulbagal Taluk —Bairakur kitchen
2 Shrinivaspur Taluk —Nelavanki kitchen
3 Chikballapur Taluk —Harur kitchen
4 Gowribidnur Taluk.—Tondebhavi kitchen.

The remaining subsidiary kitchens, *viz*, 1 Burdagunte, 2 Patapalvam, 3 Betmangala, 4 Sabbanhalli, with the exception of Chintamani which ought to rank as a kasba kitchen, might be closed from the 1st September, by which date the early crops will, it is hoped, be harvested

29 I would, however, consider it a preferable course to keep all the subsidiary kitchens open till the 1st September, unless any marked diminution in the numbers should justify their being closed earlier by the Deputy Commissioner, as it must be borne in mind that almost all those in receipt of relief at these kitchens return to their homes daily, which they, especially the infirm and children, could not do if relegated to the more distant central kitchens. By closing them we shall certainly eliminate some who might, to some extent, be supported by their relations, but the saving effected in two months would not be commensurate with the danger we may run of lowering the physical condition of people already much exhausted. The relief officers are also in charge of relief works, which they must continue to supervise ; the sheds are built and ready, and the saving cannot be much

30. With regard to the main points to which my enquiry was directed in para 2 of the Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 2021—30 of the 25th May last, I may state that the relief measures adopted in the Kolar District, both as regards gratuitous feeding and employment on works, would appear to have been sufficient With the exception of the comparatively few admitted by me into the several kitchens, I had no applications for gratuitous relief, and none for employment on works.

31. With regard to the second point, severe distress had existed more or less throughout the District and had culminated during the month of May. The recent heavy showers of rain had tended, however, to encourage the ryots, who were making strenuous efforts to cultivate their lands. The fact of ½ to ¾ of the dry lands in each taluk, and in some villages the whole of the lands, having been brought under the plough, is highly encouraging, as tending to shew the possession, to a great extent, of both cattle and seed. The agricultural classes would appear to have pulled through though put to great straits; but any repetition of bad seasons would be dreadful to contemplate.

32. As far as I can judge, much economy as well as efficiency have been exercised by the Deputy Commissioner in the administration of both kinds of relief. The relief works are roads and tanks, which afford relief to those residing near them, and the completion of which is essential to the well being of the District.

No. 1305—F. R. 698, DATED BANGALORE, 26TH JULY 1877.

ORDER THEREON.—Major Cole's report embraces the general result of his observations and enquiries during his inspection of the principal kitchens in the Kolar District. The Chief Commissioner has read this and the detailed reports previously submitted with much interest, and considers that the enquiry on which Major Cole was deputed has been conducted with commendable care and judgment.

The report is satisfactory so far as it indicates that famine relief measures in the Kolar District have been judiciously and economically managed; but the Chief Commissioner would have been glad if the investigation had been carried further so as to admit of an opinion being formed of the general condition of the people, and of the causes which have led in this as well as in other districts to extensive migrations.

2. The daily average number of persons employed during the months of April and May last on works under Revenue officers was 3,442 and 4,998, and the number who received gratuitous relief during the same months was 8,556 and 11,418 respectively. The total number relieved was 11,998 in April and 16,416 in May, being 1·94 and 2·65 per cent respectively on the total population. This, the Chief Commissioner observes, is a fair percentage, but rather lower than might have been looked for in a district so seriously affected by famine in every taluk, as Kolar has been.

3. The number of public kitchens in operation was 22, and the number of persons receiving relief in these institutions, as ascertained by Major Cole on the days of his inspection, was 11,272, including only 392 pattadars or landholders; 711 persons were in receipt of raw rations.

4. The Chief Commissioner fully coincides in the opinion that the Deputy Commissioner has exercised great care in the selection of projects as relief works. They have been generally of a very useful character.

5. The practice which is said to exist in many of the kitchens, of allowing the recipients to carry the food served to them to their houses and villages instead of eating it in the kitchens themselves, is irregular and ought not to have been allowed, and Mr. Saunders desires that it be put a stop to at once.

6. It is satisfactory to learn that the orders conveyed in the Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 11381—226 of the 9th February last, regarding house-to-house inspection, have been generally well attended to.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Commissioner of Nundydroog Division.
„ Major R. A. Cole.

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READ—

Letter No. 21—1212, dated the 21st June 1877, from the Secretary to the Government of India in the Home Department, forwarding certain papers on the subject of a request made by the British Museum to be supplied with a copy of all books, &c, published in India, on payment of the cost of the same.

No. 4229—GENL. 548, DATED BANGALORE, 26TH JULY 1877.

ORDER.—The Government of India having desired that, pending further legislation, measures may be taken to give effect to the request of the British Museum, the Chief Commissioner directs the publication of the subjoined notification on the subject.

2. The additional copy thus obtained will be forwarded by the Deputy Commissioner of the District, accompanied by the usual memorandum of particulars, to the Curator of the Government Library at Bangalore, by whom it will be sent to this office for eventual transmission to the British Museum through Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

NOTIFICATION.

The 26th July 1877.

Under instructions from the Government of India, the Chief Commissioner directs that para 1 of the rules promulgated in this office Notification No. 169, dated 11th October 1867, be amended as follows:—

Four copies of every book printed or lithographed in the Mysore Province shall, under the provisions of section 9 of Act XXV of 1867, be delivered by the printer to the Deputy Commissioner of the District, together with a memorandum containing the particulars required by section 18 of the Act.

"By Order,"
T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Curator, Government Library.
" Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore.

FAMINE RELIEF.

From the President, Mysore Central F. R. Committee, To the Officiating Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. 149, dated Bangalore, 20th July 1877.

I have the honor to forward, for the information of the Chief Commissioner, copy of a letter No. 23, dated the 16th instant, from the Assistant Commissioner in charge of the Head-Quarters Sub-division, Kolar, to the address of the Secretary to the Committee, and to state that, although the letter was intended to be laid before the committee, I have thought it advisable to lose no time in placing it before the Chief Commissioner, as it appears to call for prompt notice and orders.

2. I have already reported the recent steady and great influx of paupers into Bangalore. It is said that this amounts to about five hundred persons daily, and a great deal of this has been ascribed to recent action in regard to relief kitchens in the Kolar District, where it is reported that many kitchens have been closed and those at taluk head-quarters only have been retained. There can, unhappily, be no doubt that the distress through famine is now worse than it has ever been, and that our situation calls for an expansion rather than a contraction of relief operations. The Chief Commissioner will know what the facts really are as to Kolar, and will be able to give orders on the subject, but the letter of the Assistant Commissioner would seem to confirm the impression above mentioned, and some corrective orders appear urgently called for.

3. From the Assistant Commissioner's letter it would appear that persons have been discharged from the relief kitchen at Kolar as being fit for light work, and that these persons have been permitted to migrate to Bangalore It further appears that persons admittedly fit only for retention in the kitchen have been allowed also so to migrate Now, the proper course with regard to both classes is clearly to retain them in their own districts, and to prevent, by all means, even by force if need be, their immigration into Bangalore. To permit them to wander in their distressed condition is, in many cases, to permit them to go to certain death, and we are certainly justified therefore in attempting to save them, even against their will.

4. The simple and patent facts are that large numbers of persons are daily pouring into Bangalore from outside, and that these persons are, with scarcely any exceptions, in a more or less distressed and emaciated state from want of food. We cannot refuse them admittance when they come to the Bangalore relief kitchens, and we have not accommodation, and it is not desirable that we should provide accommodation for their rapidly swelling numbers; they should be provided for in their own districts.

5. It is not the case that such persons are here fed without being required to work; every one who can do any work at all is required to do some thing, however light But there is not any good reason why such persons should not be as well treated in their own districts as they are in Bangalore, and if similarly treated near their homes it is quite certain that they would have no desire to migrate.

6. Under the sanction of the Chief Commissioner we are actually engaged in taking steps gradually to deport to Kolar and Túmkúr suffering immigrants from those districts, but it is obvious that our exertions must be worse than futile, whilst operations in Kolar directly tend to promote immigration into Bangalore.

7. It appears to me, under the terrible distress now existing, to be quite idle, indeed heartless, to talk of "designing, contumacious" and "misguided" persons in connection with the sufferers from the famine. A glance at the unfortunate condition of these distressed people suffices to shew their sad and miserable plight. They are guided merely by a natural desire to escape from starvation and their "design" is to save their lives.

8. We have made, as the Chief Commissioner is aware, under his approval and sanction, considerable provision for the relief of the distressed here, and we are now greatly extending that provision. But unless large provision be likewise similarly made from without and vigorous efforts insisted on, so as to retain and properly feed the suffering paupers in their own districts, our efforts here will not only be unavailing, but we shall be increasing the very evil we are striving to mitigate. Bangalore must, ere long, if existing measures continue in the neighbourhood, be enormously and dangerously overcrowded by masses of famine-stricken sufferers. I need hardly dwell on the obviously grave and evil results which cannot but follow such an incursion. I would, therefore, most strongly urge its timely prevention.

No. 1320—F. R. 706, DATED BANGALORE, 28TH JULY 1877.

ORDER THEREON.—The Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, will have his attention again drawn to the necessity of adopting more effectual measures for preventing, by forcible means if necessary, the migratory movements of sickly or enfeebled persons, men and women, from their districts. If decided steps are taken in this direction, the Chief Commissioner feels assured that these movements will cease to a great extent. The police must be strengthened at the frontier if requisite.

2. The Chief Commissioner deems it unnecessary to comment on the tone of some of Mr. VenkatVardaiengar's remarks. The Assistant Commissioner should not, however, have addressed the Central Executive Committee, excepting through the Deputy Commissioner.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Commissioner, Nundydroog Division.
" President, Central Executive Committee.
" Commissioners, Ashtagram and Nagar Divisions.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 30th July 1877.

FAMINE RELIEF.

From the Offg Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, To the Chief Secretary to the Government of Madras, Fort St George, No 3709—42, dated Bangalore, 10th July 1877.

I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of His Grace the Governor's telegram of yesterday's date, and in reply to forward the marginally noted papers, and to invite special attention to paras 5 and 8 of the Traffic Manager's letter No C, 4991, dated 12th June 1877, from which it will be seen that the practice has been recently adopted both in the Madras and S I Railways, to give the monopoly of the carriage of grain by rail to certain firms and individuals, European and native, whom the railway authorities have themselves selected for their preference, on the assumption that they are large importers of grain, and are in a position to keep the waggons allotted to them fully employed

* Correspondence between this office and Traffic Manager, Madras Railway, in June 1877 enclosed in Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner April Progress dosé

Letter from Agent South Indian Railway, No 8080—2939, dated 26th June 1877

Letter from Superintendent Mysore Division Officiating Superintendent Central Jail No 601, dated 9th July 1877

2 From the numerous representations made to him the Chief Commissioner has no reason to doubt but that many persons who have laid out their capital on the grain trade and had received large consignments of rice, &c, have been practically debarred from forwarding them, and have been subjected to loss by their detention at Madras or Negapatam

3 The course adopted by the officers of the Railway Companies is no doubt conducive to much convenience, in their regular and timely loading and despatch of grain trains, but it is attended, as has been pointed out to the Traffic Manager, Madras Railway, by the disadvantage of making a certain few merchants sole importers, and the abuses to which the system is likely to lead are such as Dr Law reports to have already occurred, and which in Mr Saunders' opinion must be regarded as inevitable.

4 There can be no reason to doubt that the public at large have to pay in the increased prices to which the grain foods have been steadily rising of late for the profits which are being realized by the registered lessees of the railway waggons, as well as for the losses to which the less wealthy and influential importers of grain are subjected by having to deal with those who have secured a preferential right to the use of the Railway Company's trucks

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From the Secretary to Government of Madras, Public Works Department, To the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, No 247, R, dated Fort Saint George, 21st July 1877

In answer to your Secretary's letter of the 10th July, No 3709—42, I am directed to remark the question regarding the practice adopted by the Traffic Department of the Madras Railway, in apportioning the waggons available for grain, has, ere now, engaged the attention of the Madras Government, and the difficulties to be dealt with have been fully recognized

2 But I am to observe that some misapprehensions as to the exact state of the case appear to exist On the Madras Railway, the South-West line register contains the names of 68 firms and individuals, to whom waggons have been regularly allotted during the current month. In addition to this number, there are more than 200 other names upon the same register, to each of whom there have been already allotted, during this month, from 1 to 17 waggons There are thus nearly 300 firms and individuals to whom waggons have been actually allotted on the South-West line during this month.

3 I am directed to say that the greater number of these consignees are shewn by the register to have dealings with Bangalore and Mysore

4 His Grace in Council desires me to point out that a practice which includes on the register for the month the names of so many traders, each having waggons, can hardly be termed a monopoly

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From the Offg Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, To the Secretary to the Government of Madras, P. W. Department, Fort St George, No. 1341—719, dated Bangalore, 30th July 1877.

I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No 247, R. of the 21st instant, and in reply to state, for the information of His Grace the Governor in Council, that, in characterizing the arrange-

ments made by the railway authorities for the importation of grain into Bangalore as a monopoly whether of a more or less extensive character, Mr. Saunders' intention was to draw attention to the fact that there was an undoubted restriction upon the great bulk of the mercantile community trading in grain, the result of which was that many of them were altogether unable to bring up to Bangalore the consignments of grain which they had purchased in the Madras and other markets, and were thereby subjected to great loss and virtually compelled to abandon the trade at least for a time.

2. It is notorious, I am to observe, that, in some instances, persons who had secured waggons were in the habit of underletting them for a consideration, an arrangement which undoubtedly resulted in raising the price of grain in this market.

3. The effect of the new arrangement has been, as the Chief Commissioner understands, to admit a larger number of registered holders of waggons, and thus to mitigate the evil of restricting the use of the rolling stock to a comparatively few privileged holders. Mr. Saunders is willing to admit the inconvenience that may arise from adopting a different arrangement, but it must be obvious that a system which excludes competition outside a limited number is one that is opposed to the principle of free trade, and is in a certain though more extended sense, still a monopoly.

No. 1342—F. R. 720, DATED BANGALORE, 30TH JULY 1877.

ORDERED to be communicated to the President of the Mysore Central Famine Relief Committee and to Commissioners of Divisions, for information in continuation of this office No. 1231—F. R. 654, dated 21st instant.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The President, Mysore Central Famine Relief Committee.
„ Commissioners of Divisions.

From the Additional Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, To the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, No. 608, Agri. Horti. and Famine, dated Simla, the 16th July 1877.

In acknowledging the receipt of your Offg. Secretary's letter No. 3455—G. 70, dated the 3rd instant, I am directed to convey the sanction of His Excellency the Governor General in Council to the employment of Captain R M. Clerk, 1st Assistant Superintendent, Coorg Revenue Survey, on special duty under the orders of the Commissioner of the Ashtagram Division for the period of three months during which the Coorg survey will be in recess, and to the grant to him of his ordinary pay and allowances, *plus* batta at the rate of Rs. 5 per diem, or travelling allowance at the rate of 8 annas per mile when it may be requisite for him to travel 50 miles and upwards on a single journey.

2. I am also to convey sanction to the recommendation made by you in paragraph 3 of your Officiating Secretary's letter that Captain Clerk's ordinary pay and allowances should be borne in the proportion of one-third from the Coorg civil budget, and two-thirds by the Mysore State from the famine relief grant.

No. 4351—GENL. 50, DATED BANGALORE, 31ST JULY 1877.

ORDERED that the foregoing letter be communicated to the Comptroller General, Calcutta, and to the Superintendent, Revenue Survey, Madras. The Deputy Accountant General in Mysore is requested to adjust the proportion of the charge debitable under the above order to the Coorg civil budget at the close of the period of Captain Clerk's deputation on special famine duty.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Commissioner, Ashtagram Division.
„ Supt., Revenue Survey, Madras.
„ Superintendent of Coorg.
„ Comptroller General, Calcutta.
„ Dy. Accountant General in Mysore.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 31st July 1877.

FAMINE RELIEF.

No. 1348—F. R. 724, DATED BANGALORE, 31ST JULY 1877.

ORDER.—The condition reports received from Amildars for the week ending 21st July 1877 having been tabulated and reviewed in this office, the Chief Commissioner observes that there are several discrepancies in them as noted below.

Daily average number of coolies employed on works under Revenue Officers.

2. In the report for the week ending 14th July the daily average number of coolies employed in the Mandya Taluk was shewn to be 82, but in column 4 of the present return the number inserted is 83.

Amount sanctioned for works under Revenue Officers.

3. The Amildar of Narsipur has again omitted to enter the amount sanctioned and expended on relief works in columns 6 and 7 of his return. The Amildar of the Ashtagram Taluk has shewn an increase of three works in column 2, but there is no corresponding increase in the amount sanctioned (column 6).

Expenditure on the above works.

4. In the return of the Magadi Taluk a sum of Rs. 160—11—0 is entered as expended during the week, but the sums entered under the several heads, when totalled, amount to Rs. 1,060—11—0. Compared with the previous week's figures there is an increase of annas 5 and pies 3 only under "Minor agricultural works" in the Kadaba Taluk. This trifling amount could not have been the whole expenditure incurred during the week.

Daily average number of persons gratuitously relieved.

5. The Amildars of the Malur and Kunigal Taluks have erroneously entered the number of persons belonging to the Mysore Province under the head "Persons belonging to H. M.'s Territory". The Amildars of the Nelamangala, Closepet, Ashtagram, Heggaddevankote, Attikuppa, Manjarabad, Channaraypatna and Nagamangala Taluks have entered, in column 10, the *total number* of persons gratuitously fed during the week instead of giving the *daily averages*. The Chief Commissioner trusts it will not be necessary again to notice this error, which is the result of carelessness.

Grants for gratuitous relief.

6. In column 8 of the return of the Nelamangala Taluk a sum of Rs. 9,291—13—0 is entered as sanctioned during the week under review; whereas, according to the particulars furnished, the correct amount is Rs. 9,292—4—7. The Amildar of Mysore Taluk has erroneously entered the amount sanctioned up to last week, *viz.*, Rs. 675, as the amount sanctioned during the current week.

Expenditure for gratuitous relief.

7. The total amount shewn in column 9 of the return of the Betmangala Taluk as expended up to date is Rs. 5,805—11—1, or Rs. 280—11—11 more than the amount shewn in the previous week's return, but under the head "Expenditure during the week' the sum entered is Rs. 280—15—11. There is a difference of 4 annas which requires explanation. The expenditure in some of the taluks exceeds the grant as shewn under :—

Taluk.		Grant, (including private subscriptions.)			Expenditure.		
Hoskote	..	17,313	4	0	20,108	14	6
Nelamangala	..	68,498	15	0	72,486	7	1
Betmangala	..	5,789	13	8	5,805	11	1
Malur	..	4,489	12	8	4,969	7	1
Maddagiri	..	16,276	8	0	16,962	8	10
Nagamangala	..	4,986	8	6	5,213	10	10

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Educational Department, 4th July 1877.

From the Director of Public Instruction, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. 1030, dated Bangalore, 5th June 1877.

In continuation of my letter No. 613 of the 8th ultimo, I have the honor to submit for orders of the Chief Commissioner the results of the final examination held of the students in the first class, lower division, of the School of Engineering and Natural Science, on the completion of their course of training for upper subordinates in the Public Works Department.

2. The examination embraced the following subjects, and was conducted by means of written papers and practical exercises (copies of which are attached) set by the several gentlemen whose names are given below :—

Pure Mathematics	Euclid.	Mr. A. G. King, B A
	Algebra	,, Hanumanta Rao, B A.
	Trigonometry	,, Subba Rayar, B. A, B C. E.
Mixed Mathematics	Applied Mechanics	Do do
	Hydrostatics and Hydraulics.	Do do
	Mechanics.	,, C Waters, M. A
Surveying and Levelling	Theoretical	Subba Rayar, B. A., B C E
	Practical.	
Drawing	Theory	,, E Gramatzki, C. E.
	Practice.	
Mensuration and Estimating		,, Subba Rayar, B A., B C. E.
Engineering	Constructive	,, E. Gramatzki, C. E.
	General.	Do do
	Preparation of Materials.	Major Fraser, R. E.

3. Out of a maximum of 1,050 marks, the four students in question obtained the following total numbers :—

Nalla Nayagam	702
Narasimmaiengar	605
Raghavachari	504
Phaure .. .	431

It is thus evident that two have obtained over half the maximum number of marks, and the remaining two over one third. In individual subjects, it will be seen from the tabular statement appended, that Nalla Nayagam has gained very high marks in all but the theory of drawing, in which the other students also have come rather short. Narasimmeangar shews good results generally, but is somewhat deficient in Euclid and in theoretical surveying and levelling. The same remarks apply to Raghavachari Phaure is the least proficient, whether the total results or those obtained in special studies are considered. He has done best in mixed mathematics and trigonometry ; and has also made up marks in the practical part of surveying and levelling, and drawing, and in the preparation of materials.

4. By adopting one third of the maximum as the standard for passing, all have passed ; a result which is creditable alike to the instruction and to the students, but not more favorable than might have been anticipated, seeing that the students are the best remaining out of the original number admitted to this class, and have gone through a continuous course of special training for two years.

5. Regarding the further disposal of these students I beg to solicit instructions.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Educational Department, 4th July 1877.

For passing 250.

No.	Names.	Maximum.	Mathematics.										Surveying and Levelling.			Drawing.			Mensuration and Estimating.	Engineering.				Grand Total.	Remarks.
			Pure.					Mixed.																	
			Euclid.	Algebra.	Trigonometry.	Total.	Applied Mechanics.	Hydrostatics and Hydraulics.	Mechanics.	Total.	Theoretical.	Practical.	Total.	Theory.	Practice.	Total.				Constructive.	General.	Preparation of Materials.	Total.		
			60	60	60	180	90	90	90	270	60	60	120	60	60	120			60	120	120	60	300	1,050	
1	Nalla Naygam	...	28	38	57	123	70	59	81	210	29	33	62	7	50	57			34	75	90	51	216	702	
2	Narasimmaiengar	...	18	43	53	114	61	35	40	136	17	55	72	17	55	72			28	50	85	48	183	605	
3	Raghavachari	...	19	26	33	78	56	33	62	151	11	30	41	17	30	47			23	61	57	46	164	504	
4	F. C. Phaure	...	16	14	32	62	33	39	78	150	11	40	51	7	40	47			15	33	30	43	106	431	

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Educational Department, 4th July 1877.

No. 3486—EDCL. 6, DATED BANGALORE, 4TH JULY 1877.

ORDER THEREON.—The results of the final examination of the 1st class, lower division, of the School of Engineering and Natural Science, are satisfactory, and the Chief Commissioner is pleased to declare the four students named in the margin to have passed the prescribed course.

Nalla Nayagam.
Narsimmaiengar.
Raghvachari.
F. C. Phaure.

2. As these students have been trained for the Public Works Department, the Chief Engineer is requested to give effect to the provisions of Notification No. 193, dated 29th August 1876, which was published in supersession of the original Notification No. 247, dated 20th November 1874.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Director of Public Instruction.
" Chief Engineer.
" Principal of the School of Engineering and Natural Science.

PART II.

JUDICIAL.

B.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF JULY 1877.

MYSORE.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	A letter from the Acting Head Assistant Magistrate of Salem, for the surrender of one Shamshuddin charged with house breaking and theft, was referred to Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, for disposal.	3rd July 1877.	
2	A warrant for the surrender of certain individuals charged with theft was returned to Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, duly signed.	Do do	
3	A warrant for the surrender of one Mardu was returned to Nagar Commissioner, duly signed.	6th do	
4	A fresh warrant for the surrender of one Babigadu and three others was returned to Nundydroog Commissioner, duly signed.	7th do	
5	In reply, the Government of India in Legislative Department were informed that the "Transfer Property Bill" (1877) with its statement of objects and reasons would be printed in English in the local Gazette, and a report submitted as soon the opinions of the Judicial Commissioner and other officers have been received.	10th do	
6	Copies of the bill circulated among the Judicial Commissioner, Commissioners of Divisions, Judge, Small Cause Court, and Mr. Thumboo Chetty, for an expression of their opinion on its several provisions to be submitted not later than the 1st of September next.	Do do	
7	Notification empowering Apramaiengar, Sheristadar and 3rd Class Magistrate of the Devanhalli Taluk, to try offences against forest rules, was gazetted, and copy sent to the Judicial Commissioner.	Do do	
8	A list of casualties amongst the transmarine convicts at Port Blair during the month of May 1877 was forwarded to the Judicial Commissioner, for disposal.	11th do	
9	In reply, a report was submitted to the Government of India in the Legislative Department on the subject of the crime of infanticide and its punishment.	14th do	
10	A warrant addressed to the District Magistrate of Cuddapah for the surrender of one Hajam Muniga was returned to Nundydroog Commissioner, duly signed.	Do do	
11	In reply, the Chief Commissioner's remarks on the case of Annaiya, Amildar of the Koratagere Taluk, were communicated to the Judicial Commissioner.	Do do	
12	Two warrants for the surrender of certain individuals charged with dacoity and with house breaking by night were returned to Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, duly signed.	19th do	
13	A warrant addressed to the District Magistrate of Bellary for the surrender of one Bedar Oba, charged with theft, was returned to Nundydroog Commissioner, duly signed.	20th do	

PART II.

JUDICIAL.

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No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
14	A warrant addressed to the District Magistrate of Bellary for the surrender of two individuals charged with theft was returned to Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, duly signed.	21st July 1877.	
15	Do for the surrender of one Krishna Chetty.	Do do	
16	A warrant for the apprehension and surrender of certain individuals was returned to Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, duly signed.	25th do	
17	A warrant for the surrender of one Mara was returned to Nagar Commissioner, duly signed.	30th do	
18	Do for the surrender of one Venkatrama to Commissioner, Nundydroog Division.	Do do	
19	A statement containing a collection of the decisions passed by the lower and appellate courts in this Province under section 304 (*a*) of the Indian Penal Code since the passing of Act XXVII of 1870, together with copy of a letter from the Judicial Commissioner, was submitted in reply to the Government of India, in the Home Department, with the Chief Commissioner's remarks.	31st do	*Vide* Vol of Progs for Feb. 1877, Part II, "Judl." No.

MYSORE CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
Bangalore, August 1877.

T. CLARKE,
Secretary.

PART II.

DEPT. OF REVENUE, AGRICULTURE AND COMMERCE

B.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF JULY 1877.

MYSORE.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	In reply, the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, was requested to submit further information in regard to the postponement, till the month of November next, of the payment of certain arrears of jodi due for 1876—77 by one Desamukhi Venkoba Rao.	4th July 1877.	
2	In reply, the Chief Commissioner's instructions relative to the resumption of the toddy contract of the Chitaldroog and four other taluks, and to the same being placed under Government agency, were communicated to Commissioner, Nagar Division, and Deputy Accountant General.	Do	do
3	A communication from the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, in original, was forwarded to the Superintendent, Inam Settlements, for explanation, with reference to the Commissioner's statement that, in the Tumkúr District, 68 cases involving an assessment of Rs. 429—7—3 have still to be settled by the Inam Department.	Do	do
4	The usual season report was telegraphed to the Government of India in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce.	5th	do
5	Three printed copies of the returns of food-grains in this Province and Coorg for the fortnight ending 15th June 1877, were submitted to the Government of India, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, to replace manuscript return.	Do	do
6	As submitted by Commissioner, Nagar Division, a bill for the refund of Rs 3, to certain ryots of the Shikarpur Taluk, on account of mohatarfa recovered in excess of the amount fixed by the settlement officer, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General, with bill.	Do	do
7	The Commissioner, Nagar Division, was requested to explain certain discrepancies in certain items in connection with the revision of the emoluments of Patels in the unsettled taluks of the Kadur District.	6th	do
8	In reply, the Chief Commissioner's orders relative to the employment of two peons to Assist the Municipal Shanbhogs in serving summonses in the Town and Cantonment of Bangalore, were communicated to Commissioner, Nundydroog Division	Do	do
9	The Chief Commissioner's orders on a petition from one Babu Rao, complaining of the reduction by the Inam Department of certain amounts of jodi payable to him, were communicated to the Survey and Inam Commissioner, Superintendent of Inam Settlements, and Commissioner, Nundydroog Division	9th	do
10	As solicited by the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, the remission of Rs 23—13—9, being irrecoverable balance of land revenue of the Devanhalli Taluk, due for 1875—76, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do	do
11	As submitted by Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, a bill for Rs 80—4—0, being the cost of paper, &c., required for the prepa-	Do	do

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	ration of survey accounts of certain hoblis of the Bangalore District, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General, with bill.		
12	The question of the determination of the frontier line between this Province and the South Canara District of the Madras Presidency at those points where it has hitherto been undefined, was submitted for the consideration and orders of the Government of India in the Foreign Department.	9th July 1877.	
13	In reply, the Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division was informed that his proposal to defer the collection of Rs. 40, being jodi due for 1876—77, on account of the Kamalapur village in the Túmkúr Taluk, till the collections of the current official year were made, was sanctioned, as also to his authorizing the postponement of collection in such cases subject to a monthly statement being submitted for the Chief Commissioner's information and approval.	10th do	
14	In forwarding a memo drawn up in this office on the subject of a claim put forward by the trustee of the Narsimhaswami temple at Chikka Sibi in the Túmkúr Taluk, to the arrack license fees collected during the jatre or annual festival of 1875—76, the Inam Commissioner was requested to submit his opinion on the points noted in paras 17 and 18.	Do do	
15	A manuscript copy of the return of prices current of food grains in this Province and Coorg for the fortnight ending 30th June last, as also average wages, was submitted to the Government of India, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce.	12th do	
16	The usual weekly season report was telegraphed to the Government of India, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce.	Do do	
17	On the representation of the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, the remission of Rs. 39—11—9, being the irrecoverable balance of land revenue in the Bangalore District, for the year 1873—74 and 1874—75, due by one Abdulla Saib, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	13th do	
18	Under circumstances represented, the sanction of the Government of India in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, was solicited to the further grant of 5 lakhs of rupees for famine relief operations.	14th do	
19	As submitted by the Commissioner, Nagar Division, a bill of refund for Rs. 72—3—10, to one Ramanna, being the amount recovered as interest on certain excess collections of still-head duty, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General, with bill.	Do do	
20	In reply, the Chief Commissioner's orders on an application from one Mr. Smith, to pay for a jungle recently purchased by him by three instalments, were communicated to the Commissioner, Ashtagram Division.—Communicated to Deputy Commissioner, Hassan.	Do do	
21	The Survey and Settlement Commissioner, and the Commissioner Nagar Division, were informed that the word 'Karab' was inadvertently inserted in this office order of 12th January 1877, and should be expunged from the copies communicated to them.	16th do	Vide Vol. of Progs. for Jan. 1877, Part II, R., A. & C. No. 23.
22	A statement shewing the extent and description of lands alienated during the quarter ending 30th June 1877 was submitted to the Government of India, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, with a request that the permanent remission of assessment amounting to Rs. 32—2—8 payable thereon may be sanctioned.	Do do	
23	The usual weekly season report was telegraphed to the Government of India in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce.	19th do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
24	A printed copy of the Proceedings authorizing the issue of takavi advances within certain limitations of amount to the poorer class of ryots for the purchase of plough-cattle and seed-grain, was forwarded to the Madras Government.	19th July 1877.	
25	Under circumstances represented by the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, the remission of Rs. 100, being contribution promised by one Venkatachala Bhatta and another towards the repairs of the Mastikunte tank in the Shrinivaspur Taluk, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Chief Engineer and Secretary, Department Public Works, Examiner, Public Works Accounts, and Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
26	In reply, the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, was informed that the remission of Re. 1, being tax recovered from one Akki, was sanctioned, and further explanation was called for regarding certain other items of irrecoverable balance in the Kolar District for 1875—76.	Do do	
27	The sanction of the Government of India in the Foreign Department was solicited to the exemption of a certain class of inams from the operation of the rules sanctioned by the Government of India in November 1876.	20th do	
28	In reply, the Chief Commissioner's instructions relative to the collection of revenue khists in the Chitaldroog District, were communicated to the Commissioner, Nagar Division.	22nd do	
29	Under circumstances represented, the Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division was informed that the application of certain jodidars for the postponement of the jodi payable by them was sanctioned, but that the Chief Commissioner considered that, as a rule, such concessions should be made only when an inam village has suffered loss of crops for two successive seasons.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	23rd do	
30	In reply, the Chief Commissioner's instructions relative to the postponement of the collection of the arrears of jodi due for 1876—77 by one Deshamukhi Venkoba Rao on account of the Timmasandra village, Shrinivaspur Taluk, were communicated to the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division.	Do do	
31	The Chief Commissioner's orders on the case of inamdar Mantramurti Ramasastri relative to certain land held by him were communicated in reply to the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, and Inam Commissioner.	25th do	
32	Referring to correspondence denoted, the Superintendent, Inam Settlements, was informed in reply that the Chief Commissioner was disposed to consider that the stamp duty on inam title deeds may be levied by the issue of a notice through the Amildar, and the neglect or omission of the inamdar to comply with the notice within a reasonable time might be held as tantamount to refusal of enfranchisement.—Communicated to Inam Commissioner.	Do do	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for Oct. 1874, Part I, "General," Index Nos.
33	Copy of Government of India No. 411, dated 14th instant, intimating that the Government of India will be ready, as soon as circumstances permit, to consider proposals for increasing the survey establishments employed in this Province, was forwarded to the Survey and Settlement Commissioner in continuation of previous endorsement.	26th do	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for May 1877, Part II, "General," No. 212.
34	The usual weekly season report was telegraphed to the Government of India in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce.	Do do	
35	A coffee patta in duplicate No. 292 was returned to the Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District, duly registered and signed.	27th do	
36	In reply, the Commissioner, Nagar Division, was informed that the action taken by him relative to working the tolls on the Agumbe and Bhund ghats was approved, and he was requested to furnish the information called for in this office Proceedings of June 1876, para 5.	Do do	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for June 1876, Part I, "R., A. & C." Index Nos.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
37	As solicited by the Deputy Commissioner, Chitaldroog District, a bill for Rs. 22—5—7, being the amount required for the purchase of new brass and copper vessels for the use of the Komaranhalli chattram in the Davangere Taluk, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General, with bill.	30th July 1877.	
38	As submitted by the Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division, a bill for the refund of Rs. 5—6—11, being the amount of beriz of an inam in the Hoskote Taluk, recovered from the holder whilst the inam was under attachment and before it was ordered to be restored, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General, with refund bill.	De do	
39	The Commissioner, Nagar Division, was requested to submit the patta of a coffee garden resigned by a native in the Nagar Taluk, for cancellation.	31st do	

MYSORE CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
Bangalore, August 1877.

T. CLARKE,
Secretary.

PART II.

FINANCIAL.

B.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF JULY 1877.

MYSORE.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	As submitted by the Deputy Surgeon General, Indian Medical Department, certain bills amounting to Rs. 12—12—10 were sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	2nd July 1877.	
2	Rupees 50, being amount of subscription for the year 1875 to the "Ornithology of our Indian Empire," returned by the Manager, Calcutta Central Press Company Limited, was forwarded to the officer in charge, Chief Commissioner's Treasury.	Do do	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for May 1877, Part II, "Financial," No. 81.
3	Rupees 46—4—8 were remitted to the Military Assistant in adjustment of the charges for making up two flags, &c.	Do do	
4	On the representation of the Deputy Surgeon General, Indian Medical Department, the Chief Commissioner authorized the advances in connection with the temporary hospital shed established at the Bangalore Pete Dispensary, being made up to a limit of Rs. 150 per mensem, subject to adjustment on audited bills.	Do do	
5	Copy of Government of India, Financial Department No. 1075, dated 12th June, relative to the rules laid down in Financial Resolution No. 1709, dated 22nd March 1877, not applying to any Province to which the provincial service scheme has not been extended, was forwarded to the Deputy Accountant General for information.	4th do	
6	Copy of Government of India No. 1222, dated 18th June, relative to Presidency Bank ceasing to use any nomenclature or language which seem to imply that its relations to the Government are other than those of Banker and Agent, was forwarded to the Deputy Accountant General.—Gazetted.	Do do	
7	As submitted by Nagar Commissioner, an estimate amounting to Rs 265—14—0 for weeding the cinchona plantation at Kalhatti was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	5th do	
8	On the representation of the Commissioner, Nagar Division, the payment of an invalid gratuity amounting to Rs. 40, on behalf of Hande Sidda, late revenue peon, Channagiri Taluk, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
9	With reference to circular No. 1049, dated 5th June, the Government of India in the Financial Department were informed that the rules regulating the grants of pensions and gratuities to the Mysore Police were promulgated so recently as in last month, *vide* Financial Department Notification No. 549.	Do do	
10	On the representation of the Commissioner, Nagar Division, the payment of a gratuity of Rs. 32 on behalf Nazuff Ali, late Kotval of Javagondanhalli, Hiriyur Taluk, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
11	A public service transfer receipt for Rs. 12—6—9, in adjustment of the cost of seven maunds of wheat supplied to this Administration, was forwarded to Messrs. Nicoll and Co., Bombay.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
12	Under circumstances represented, the sanction of the Government of India was solicited to the grant of an increased rate of travelling allowance to the special famine officers who have been drawn temporarily from the Survey Department.	6th July 1877.	
13	A public service transfer receipt for Rs. 26—8—0, received from the Surgeon General, Calcutta, for delivery to 3rd class Hospital Assistant Syed Ahmed Ali, was forwarded to the Deputy Surgeon General for attention.	7th do	
14	As solicited by the Superintendent, Government Press, the further employment for three months of 15 boys for coloring maps for the Mysore and Coorg Gazetteers was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for Jan 1878, Part II, "Financial," No. 15.
15	Referring to Government of India telegram, regarding the sale of five lakhs of Mysore securities for relief operations, the Deputy Accountant General was requested to submit a statement of the existing cash balances and an estimate of the funds that it will be necessary to provide by the sale of securities to meet the normal expenditure for this and the ensuing month, after taking credit for receipts during the same period.	Do do	
16	In reply, the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, was informed that, under section 92 of the Civil Pension Code, the Chief Commissioner sanctioned the payment of arrears of pension to Venkat Rao from August last at Rs. 3—8—3 per mensem.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
17	On the representation of the Commissioner, Nagar Division, the payment of invalid gratuities on behalf of two Revenue peons aggregating to Rs. 244 was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	9th do	
18	On the representation of the Superintendent of the Mysore Government Press, the payment of an invalid gratuity of Rs. 190 to one Dasappa, a Pressman, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
19	As solicited by the Deputy Surgeon General, Indian Medical Department, the continuance of the water cart for the use of the Lunatic Asylum for a further period of 6 months was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	10th do	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for July 1877, Part II, "Financial," No. 109.
20	As solicited by the Commissioner of the Ashtagram Division, the appropriation of Rs. 150, from budget head "Batta to witnesses," to meet payments on account of rewards to the individuals denoted for capturing an absconded prisoner, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
21	Copies of correspondence from the Government of India on the subject of a special allowance of Rs. 25 per mensem to the senior Assistant Apothecary, Presidency General Hospital, were forwarded to the Commissioners of Divisions for information.	Do do	
22	Letter No. 313, F., dated 27th ultimo, from the Government of India, in the Foreign Department, requesting to reconsider the financial condition and prospects of the Province as affected by the famine, and to propose any modifications of the programme of public works expenditure which may be considered necessary, was forwarded in original to the Deputy Accountant General for opinion in continuation of previous reference on the subject.	12th do	*Vide* this statement, "General," No.
23	As submitted by Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, a bill for Rs. 135—0—10 on account of remission to Patels of the Kolar, Malur, Shrinivaspur and Chikballapur Taluks for 1876—77, was sanctioned.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
24	In reply, the Anche Bakshi was authorized to expend Rs 7—2—0 to convey the anche across the Hanumasagar Halla, which is reported to have risen much.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General	12th July 1877.	
25	The Deputy Accountant General's opinion was called for as to the expediency of empowering the Director of Government Gardens, Bangalore, to sanction items of expenditure not exceeding 200 or 300 Rs. in each case within the provision in the Lal-Bagh budget estimate	13th do	
26	A bill for Rs. 17—12—0 on account of peons' belts was returned to Commissioner, Nagar Division, for revision as pointed out	Do do	
27	In reply, the Inspector General of Police was informed that, for the reasons assigned, the Chief Commissioner was not prepared to authorize Mr Vardon, Officiating Police Assistant, to draw an additional allowance not allowable under section 20 (*a*) of the Acting Allowance Code.	Do do	
28	As submitted by the Commissioner, Nagar Division, a bill for Rs 2,722—13—0, being amount of compensation due to the Shanbhogs of six surveyed Taluks in the Shimoga District for the quarter ending the 30th June 1877, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
29	As solicited by the Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division, the remission of Rs. 231, being amount promised by ryots towards the repairs of certain tanks in the Bangalore District, was sanctioned, and the Superintending Engineer for Irrigation was requested to appropriate the equivalent sum from the Public Works Irrigation budget allotments.—Communicated to Examiner, Public Works Accounts, and Deputy Accountant General	Do do	
30	In reply, the Commissioner of the Ashtagram Division was informed with remarks that the Chief Commissioner sanctioned the establishment as denoted accompanying him while on circuit.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	14th do	
31	As solicited by Anche Bakshi, the payment of Rs 12, being charges incurred in conveying the mails across the Varada river between Ságar and Sorab, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	16th do	
32	As solicited by the Superintendent, Government Press, the disbursement of the pay bill to the Press establishment for June 1877, which exceeded the fixed scale by Rs 252—8—4, was sanctioned, and he was requested to furnish a nominal list of all press servants paid by piece work shewing individually the monthly pay they formerly drew and the amount actually earned during June last.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
33	Copy of a letter from the Deputy Accountant General proposing an addition to be made to the form of certificate prescribed in section 52, rule 2 of the Civil Pension Code, required of all persons nominated to Government employment, was submitted for the favorable consideration and orders of the Government of India in the Financial Department.	Do do	
34	As submitted by the Commissioner of the Nagar Division, a bill for the refund of Rs 48—8—11, being sale proceeds of certain property left by one Ramakrishna Pandit who died in 1874 at Javoli in the Chikmagalur Taluk, was sanctioned with certain remarks.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	17th do	
35	On the representation of the Military Assistant, the payment of an invalid gratuity of Rs. 224, on behalf of Timdal Hanumantu, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
36	A public service transfer receipt for Rs. 612—14—0, in adjustment of the cost of certain periodicals as denoted, was forwarded to Messrs. Thacker Spink & Co, Calcutta.	18th do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
37	A public service transfer receipt for Rs. 36—8—0, in adjustment of the cost of 6 copies of the Financial Codes, was forwarded to the Superintendent, Government Printing, Calcutta.	18th July 1877	
38	On the representation of the Anche Bakshi, the payment of a gratuity of Rs. 90, in behalf of Kariya, a runner, was sanctioned —Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
39	Copy of Government of India, Financial Department Resolution No. 1553, relative to the allowances of officers in acting appointments, was forwarded to the Compiler, Mysore Gazette, for publication	19th do	
40	In reply, the Inspector General of Police was informed that the further retention for a period of three months of the temporary Police establishment in the Kolar District was sanctioned, the cost, *viz*,, Rs 810, to be met from savings in the Police establishment —Communicated to Deputy Accountant General	20th do	*Vide* Vol of Progs for March 1877, Part II, "General," No 139.
41	In reply, the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, was informed that, for reasons stated, the Chief Commissioner was not prepared to sanction a proposal submitted by the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore, that Rs 15,000 be placed at his disposal for distribution to Amildars for the purchase of seed-paddy for ryots cultivating land on batayi tenure, but that, if it was necessary, seed-grain should be distributed among the poorer ryots who have no means to purchase the seed themselves, the grant of the indulgence should be limited to only kandayam-paying ryots on proper security	Do do	
42	A bill submitted by Nundydroog Division Commissioner for Rs. 177, being difference of the original and revised estimates for enclosing a tomb on the land of one Nabi Sabi taken up by Government, was sanctioned —Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
43	As solicited by the Superintendent, Inam Settlements, the payment of office rent as denoted was sanctioned —Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
44	As solicited by the Deputy Surgeon General, Indian Medical Department, the further employment for six months of the Toti engaged for the Bowring Hospital in May last was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	*Vide* Vol of Progs for May 1877, Part II, Finl. No. 25
45	Rs 8—12—7 in adjustment of the cost of repairing 3 flags were forwarded to the Military Assistant	Do do	
46	In reply, a report was submitted to the Government of India in the Department of Revenue Agriculture and Commerce, on the subject of substituting local purchases for the agency of the Store Department of the India Office,	Do do	
47	As submitted by the Commissioner, Ashtagram Division the appointment of a Nirganti (waterman) to the Annekere tank was sanctioned on condition of the miras being paid by holders of the land below it	23rd do	
48	A register of sanctions accorded by the Chief Commissioner to fixed charges subject to the confirmation of the Government of India was submitted to the Secretary in the Foreign Department.	24th do	
49	A monthly statement of cash balances for 1st July 1877 was returned to the Deputy Accountant General	Do do	
50	As submitted, the Nagar Commissioner was informed that bills aggregating Rs. 6,057—14—0, being amount to be paid to malnad warg inamdars in five taluks of the Shimoga District, on account of ready money payments for the year 1876—77, were sanctioned —Communicated to Deputy Accountant General, and Superintendent of Inam Settlements.	25th do	
51	On the representation of the Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, the payment of a gratuity amounting to Rs. 164—11—9 to Shek Budan, a	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	revenue peon, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General, with copy of 1st page of application.		
52	Copy of Government of India, Foreign Department No. 354, F. sanctioning the grant of a pension of Rs. 20 a month to Rangaswami Modaliar, late a Clerk in the Mysore Deputy Commissioner's office, was forwarded to Ashtagram Commissioner, for communication to that individual.	25th July 1877.	
53	The grant of a pension to Byata Rao, late Sheristadar of the Maddur Taluk, as intimated in Government of India No. 1442, dated 30th June last, was communicated to the Commissioner, Ashtagram Division.	Do do	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for Sep. 1876, Part II, Financial,
54	In reply, the Honorary Secretary, Horticultural Society, was informed that instructions will be issued for the payment of a grant of Rs. 200 towards the half-yearly flower show to take place on the 27th instant, but that the Chief Commissioner regrets he must withhold the usual grant for the winter show under the exceptional circumstances of the present season and on financial grounds.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	26th do	No.
55	In reply, the Chief Commissioner's instructions relative to the appointment of an additional Proof Examiner in the Press on Rs. 40 per mensem were communicated to the Superintendent, Government Press.—Communicated to the Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
56	Rupees 25 in adjustment of the cost of 50 copies of his pamphlet entitled the "Agricultural condition of Mysore prior to the famine of 1876—77," were forwarded to Mr. Harman, Superintendent of the Experimental Farm.	27th do	
57	As solicited by the Director of Public Instruction, a further sanction of rent of Rs. 15 per mensem for the vernacular branches of the Maha Raja's High School, Mysore, was authorized.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for June 1876, Part II, "Financial,"
58	A memorial from the widow of the late Mr. T. E. Woodcock, Assistant Commissioner, 5th class, roll B, praying for the grant of a monthly pension or gratuity, was submitted with a report to the Government of India in the Foreign Department, for orders.	Do do	No.
59	Copy of Government of India, Foreign Department No. 360, F, sanctioning proceedings relative to the discharge of Government of India 5 per cent debentures held in deposit at the Bank of Madras on account of the Mysore invested surplus account, was forwarded to the Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for June 1877, Part II, "Financial," No. 52.
60	A public service transfer receipt for Rs. 6,676—10—7 in adjustment of undisputed charges made for the conveyance of His Highness the Maha Raja of Mysore and suite from Bangalore to Delhi and back, was forwarded to the Agent and Manager, Madras Railway.	Do do	
61	Receipts obtained from the Hospital Assistants on special duty in this Province for certain documents were forwarded to the Surgeon General, Indian Medical Department, Fort William.	Do do	
62	As solicited by the Director of Public Instruction, a rent of Rs. 7 per mensem for the Ashtagram Normal School, Hole Narsipur, was sanctioned with effect from 1st January 1877.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	30th do	
63	In order to curtail correspondence, the Director of the Government Gardens was empowered to sanction items of expenditure for buildings and other works not exceeding Rs. 300 in each case within the grants provided in the Lal-Bagh budget or on re-appropriations sanctioned by the Chief Commissioner.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	*Vide* this statement No.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
64	In reply, the Judicial Commissioner was informed that certain jail re appropriation statements aggregating Rs. 20,000 were sanctioned subject to explanation as pointed out in the case of the Bangalore District.	30th July 1877.	
65	As submitted by the Inspector General of Police, gratuities aggregating Rs. 121—4—9 on behalf of two men of the Hassan District Police found unfit for further service, were sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General with the roll.	31st do	
66	A re appropriation statement for Rs. 300 from savings under head of "District and Taluk English Schools" in the budget of 1876—77, to meet the provision made for the purchase of prizes for the Raja's High School in Mysore, was returned to the Director of Public Instruction sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
67	Five statements of pensions and gratuities sanctioned during the quarter ending 30th June 1877 were submitted to the Government of India in the Financial Department.	Do do	
68	Two statements shewing the loans made to Municipalities, &c, during the years 1875—76 and 1876—77, were submitted to the Government of India in the Financial Department.	Do do	
69	The Commissioners of Divisions were informed that the Government of India had intimated in letter No. 618 of the 19th June last from the Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, that they do not consider there are sufficient grounds for sanctioning an increased rate of travelling allowance to survey and other officers deputed on special famine duty, and they were requested to communicate the above to the special officers employed in their Divisions.	Do do	*Vide* this statement No.

MYSORE CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
Bangalore, August 1877.

T. CLARKE,
Secretary.

PART II.

GENERAL.

B.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF JULY 1877.

MYSORE.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	A duplicate packing account of Mysore Foreign Fund stores per S. S. "Athenian" was returned duly signed to the General Superintendent, Public Works Stores, Madras.	2nd July 1877.	
2	Notification that Tiruvengada Modaliar, Naib Sheristadar of the Chiknayakanhalli Sub-Division office, acted as Amildar of the Honnavalli Taluk during the period specified, was gazetted and copy sent to Commissioner, Nundydroog Division.	Do do	
3	In reply, the General Superintendent of Operations for the suppression of Thuggee and Dacoity was informed that the statistical returns A. to G., referred to in para 1 of the Mysore Police Report for 1875, would be found in the appendices to the Administration Report for 1875—76.	Do do	
4	Three printed copies of the special famine report of the Province for the week ending 25rd June 1877, were transmitted to the Government of Madras.	Do do	
5	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette was requested to have the rules regulating the grant of pensions and gratuities to the members of the Mysore rural police published in Kanarese, and to furnish 300 spare copies in that language to the Deputy Inspector General of Police direct.—Communicated to Deputy Inspector General of Police.	Do do	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for June 1877, Part II, "Genl." Index Nos.
6	In reply, the Chief Commissioner's orders with reference to the suspension of the Amildar of the Betmangala Taluk were communicated to the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division.	Do do	
7	In reply, the Acting Anche Bakshi was informed that the Chief Commissioner approved of the certain views expressed by the Acting Anche Bakshi in favor of retaining existing arrangements for the conveyance of heavy bangis between Bangalore and Túmkúr.	Do do	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for June 1877, Part II, "Genl."
8	As submitted by the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, an estimate amounting to Rs. 22,620 for constructing a road from Mulbagal to Shrinivaspur, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Examiner, Public Works Accounts.	Do do	
9	Six notifications of sanction for certain relief works in the Bangalore District were returned to Nundydroog Commissioner, duly accepted.	3rd do	
10	Nine do do for the Kolar District amounting to Rs. 4,991.	Do do	
11	In reply, the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, was informed that the contingent bill of his office for May 1877, amounting to Rs. 15, had been transmitted, duly corrected, to the Examiner, Public Works Accounts for audit.	Do do	
12	As solicited by the Examiner, Public Works Accounts, the retention for a further period of three months of the temporary establishment sanctioned for the Examiner's office at a cost of Rs. 80 per mensem, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for March 1877, Part II, "General," No. 222.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
13	Under circumstances represented by Ashtagram Commissioner, the deputation of Periyatambi Pille, Record-keeper of the Judicial Assistant's Court at Mysore, and formerly a Dresser, on special medical duty in the Hassan District, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Surgeon General, Indian Medical Department, and Deputy Accountant General.	3rd July 1877.	
14	Copies of order directing the formation of a committee to re-allot the space now provided in the Public Offices so far as may be desirable, and to report whether any, and, if so, what measures seem called for in providing more effectually than at present for the control and protection of the buildings generally and of the conservancy arrangements now existing, were forwarded to the Judicial Commissioner and other officers nominated to form the committee.	Do do	
15	In reply, the Director of Public Instruction, who submitted proposals for opening in the lower division of the School of Engineering and Natural Science, a second class, having for its object the training of lower subordinates for the Department of Public Works, was requested to submit the usual proposition statement for the extra expenditure involved in the proposed measure and to state on what date he would recommend the class to be opened.	Do do	
16	Under circumstances stated, the sanction of the Government of India, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, was solicited to the application of Captain R. M. Clerk, 1st Assistant Superintendent, Coorg Revenue Survey, on special famine duty.	Do do	
17	Copy of a communication with enclosure from the Additional Secretary to the Madras Government, Revenue Department, relative to the removal of Mysore paupers in March last from the Bellary Sub-Division, was forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District, for report on the point denoted.	Do do	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for March 1877, Part I, "General," Index Nos. 7 to 8.
18	In reply, the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, was informed that the Chief Commissioner approved of a statement shewing the distribution made of the funds placed at his disposal on account of feeding kitchens.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General with copy of statement.	Do do	
19	A notification of sanction for repairing the Kadankere in the Betmangala Taluk was returned to the Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District, for correction and resubmission.	Do do	
20	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, was informed that his contingent bill for May 1877 had been forwarded to the Examiner, Public Works Accounts, countersigned for Rs. 19—11—0.	Do do	
21	The Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, was requested to report in future the rain-fall up to Saturday midnight only in his weekly season telegram.	Do do	
22	Notifications of sanction Nos. 7 to 10, received from Nagar Commissioner, for certain relief works in the Kadur District, amounting to Rs. 2,799, were accepted and full appropriation sanctioned.	Do do	
23	A notification of sanction for fencing the Magarvalli travellers' bungalow for Rs. 68, was returned to Nagar Commissioner, duly accepted.	Do do	
24	In reply, the Chief Commissioner's instructions relative to the pay of the Maramat Clerk of the Shimoga District office were communicated to Commissioner, Nagar Division.—Communicated to Examiner, Public Works Accounts, and Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
25	In reply, the Secretary, Department Public Works, was informed that the contingent bill of the district fund establishment attached to his office for the months of April, May and June 1877, amounting to Rs. 25—9—8, had been countersigned and transmitted to the Examiner, Public Works Accounts.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
26	In reply, the Nagar Commissioner was informed that the Chief Commissioner approved of appropriations as denoted by him for certain works out of the relief grant at his disposal.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General, and Examiner, Public Works Accounts.	3rd July 1877.	
27	In forwarding plans and estimates amounting to Rs. 4,373 for the water-supply scheme for Antarsante, the Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, was requested to report whether the work was urgently required, and, if so, the source from which funds could be appropriated for it.—Communicated to Chief Engineer.	Do do	
28	In reply, the President, Cantonment Municipal Board, was informed that a memo of propositions to be laid before the ordinary meeting to be held on the 11th instant had been recorded.	Do do	
29	Do that the proceedings of an ordinary meeting held on the 12th June last had been ordered to be recorded.	Do do	
30	In reply, the Chief Commissioner's orders on a petition from one Channa Shetti, claiming a building site in the Town of Bangalore, were communicated to the President, Town Municipal Commission.	Do do	
31	In reply, the President, Mysore Central Famine Relief Committee, was informed that the grant of Rs. 25,000 to meet charges for the maintenance of the kitchens in the Cantonment of Bangalore as specified was sanctioned, the amount being debited to the 14th lakh grant of 29th June 1877.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	4th do	
32	Correspondence on the subject was forwarded to the Deputy Surgeon General, Indian Medical Department, who was requested to submit his views, and at the same time to sketch out as briefly as practicable a scheme for establishing a Medical School, either at Bangalore or Mysore, on such moderate scale as will suffice for the present requirements of this Province and Coorg, as regards Hospital Assistants only.	Do do	
33	In reply, intimation was given to the Secretary in the Department of Public Works of the despatch of certain articles of stationery to the officers of his Department as denoted.	Do do	
34	Notification intimating the dates and subjects for the Assistant Commissioner's examination by the higher and lower standards, was gazetted.	Do do	
35	Two copies of the Quarterly Gradation and Distribution Lists of officers for 30th June 1877, were submitted to the Private Secretary to His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General.	Do do	
36	A re-appropriation statement for Rs. 1,000, providing funds for the purpose of interring and burning paupers in the town of Mysore, was returned to Ashtagram Commissioner, duly sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
37	A further reference relating to the survey of the forts of Bangalore, Mysore and Seringapatam on a large scale, was made to the Quarter-Master General of the Army, Fort Saint George.	Do do	
38	A list of promotions consequent on the vacancy caused in the office of Secretary to the Chief Commissioner by the forfeiture of his appointment by Mr. H. W. Wellesley, was submitted to the Government of India in the Foreign Department.	5th do	
39	A copy of the Gradation and Distribution List of officers in the Mysore and Coorg Commissions for the quarter ending 30th June 1877, was submitted to the Government of India in the Foreign Department.	Do do	
40	Ten do do to the Government of India in the Financial Department.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order	Date of previous Orders.
41	With reference to correspondence on the subject, the Government of India in the Foreign Department were informed that the Madras Government relinquished their claim for a share of the net proceeds of the tolls proposed to be levied on the Bhund and Agumbe ghat roads.—Communicated to Chief Engineer of Mysore.	5th July 1877.	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for May 1877, Part II, "General," No.
42	As solicited by the Deputy Surgeon General, Indian Medical Department, a modification of the rule during the current official year, requiring from each Vaccinator, a minimum number of 160 operations in a month in certain districts during the current official year, was sanctioned.	Do do	
43	Notification granting Mr. W. J. Cuningham, Special Assistant Commissioner, special leave to Europe for six months with the necessary subsidiary leave to embark from Bombay, was gazetted and copy sent to Nagar Commissioner.	Do do	
44	A re-appropriation statement for Rs. 20, for repairing the Dam of the Hutchangi Honda, Chitaldroog District, was returned to Nagar Commissioner, duly accepted.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
45	In reply, the President, Cantonment Municipal Commission, was informed that the rate of five annas per R. foot for "V" drains, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
46	The Chief Commissioner's orders on certain correspondence relative to a package of cigars belonging to the Queen's own Sappers and Miners being needlessly detained in the bonded warehouse for tobacco, were communicated to the President, Cantonment Municipal Commission, and Captain Begbie, R. E., Secretary to the Sappers' Mess.	Do do	
47	In reply, the Deputy Surgeon General, Indian Medical Department, was informed that, under the circumstances stated, Hospital Assistant B. Venkatsami Naidu would continue in his present grade until he satisfied his superior officers that he merited promotion.	6th do	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for July 1877, Part I, "General," Index Nos. 3 to 4.
48	In reply, the President, Cantonment Municipal Commission, was requested to furnish further information with reference to a petition from one Srinivas Chetti.	Do do	
49	As solicited by the Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division, a sum of Rs. 800 being expended during June last by the Superintendent, Bangalore Experimental Farm, out of the provision under head "V. Carrying on the Farm," minor head "Labor," was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
50	In reply, the Nagar Commissioner was requested to furnish information as to the date from which certain famine Relief Inspectors have been employed and the authority for their entertainment.	Do do	
51	As solicited by Nagar Commissioner, the grant of Rs. 74,889 for relief works and kitchens in the Kadur District as denoted was sanctioned with certain remarks.	Do do	
52	The 15th lakh grant of 4th July 1877 having been nearly exhausted, the Deputy Accountant General was informed that the Chief Commissioner directed that, out of the five lakhs sanctioned by the Government of India on the 29th June last, an additional lakh be made available for relief operations, and that the grant be styled the 16th lakh grant of 6th July 1877.	Do do	
53	Three copies of the special famine report of the Province for the week ending 30th June 1877, were transmitted to the Government of Madras.	7th do	
54	The special famine report of the Mysore Province for the week ending 30th June 1877, was submitted to the Government of India in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
55	In reply, the officer in charge No. 8 Party, Mysore Topographical Survey, was requested to depute a responsible person to take charge of certain stationery intended for his office use.	7th July 1877.	
56	In reply, the Town and Cantonment Magistrate, Bangalore, was informed that the stationery for his office would be forwarded on Monday next.	Do	do
57	In reply, the President, Cantonment Municipal Commission, was requested to furnish a statement of the expenditure, &c., made up to the 30th June last incurred on the cholera and small-pox hospitals.	Do	do
58	Notification granting Kumarsami Modaliar, Amildar of the Ashtagram Taluk, 15 days' privilege leave of absence, &c. was gazetted and copy sent to Commissioner, Ashtagram Division.	Do	do
59	In reply, the Nagar Commissioner was informed that measuring glasses for gauging rain would be forwarded with the supply of stationery for the use of his Division.	Do	do
60	A letter from the Nagar Commissioner, on the subject of obtaining of grain for the relief kitchens in the Chitaldroog District, was forwarded to the President, Central Famine Relief Committee, Bangalore, with remarks.	Do	do
61	The Secretary to the Government of the North-West Provinces was requested to furnish the Chief Commissioner with a copy of the Urdu translation of the new Civil Procedure Code, if such should have been published, with an enquiry whether it would be practicable to obtain 200 or 300 copies should they be required, and at what cost.	Do	do
62	Notification appointing Narasanna, Peshkar of Kadur, to act as Amildar and 3rd class Magistrate of the Banavar Taluk, Kadur District, was gazetted and copy sent to Nagar Commissioner.	9th	do
63	Two bundles containing 7 sample packets of wheat from Messrs. Nicol & Co., Bombay, were forwarded to the Superintendent of the Government Farm with a request that he will remit the value, Rs. 12—11—9.	Do	do
64	The duplicate packing accounts of stores per S. S. "Bokhara" and "Duke of Buccleuch" were forwarded to the Director of Public Instruction with a request that the vacant columns may be filled up, signed and returned to this office, if the stores have been received.	Do	do
65	The Deputy Surgeon General, Indian Medical Department, was informed that third class Hospital Assistant Shek Abdulla had been directed by the Surgeon General, Indian Medical Department, Bengal, to proceed and do duty in this Province, in room of Hospital Assistant Jaggam Ram, who has not yet returned to the Presidency from the Tirhoot District.	Do	do
66	In reply, the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, was requested to revise and resubmit a statement shewing the present and proposed emoluments of the Patels of the Uodballapur Taluk, Bangalore District.	Do	do
67	The grant of six months' special leave to Mr. W. J. Cuningham, Special Assistant Commissioner, Mysore, to proceed to Europe under Section 21, Chapter V of the Civil Leave Code, was reported to the Government of India in the Foreign Department. Do to the Government of Bombay.	Do	do
68	Papers on the subject of reductions in the Public Works budget were forwarded in original to the Deputy Accountant General for such observations as he may wish to offer on the subject.	Do	do
69	Copies of the Quarterly Gradation and Distribution Lists of officers for 30th June 1877 were circulated to Heads of Departments.	Do	do

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
70	A list of the Commissioners and Chief Commissioners of this Province duly corrected, was returned to the Secretary to the Government of India in the Financial Department.	9th July 1877.	
71	In reply, a report was submitted to the Government of India in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, on a statement made in a Bangalore newspaper that since January last the police have picked up 308 dead bodies in the streets.	Do do	
72	A report in original from Mr. Assistant Engineer Gilbert on the state of famine affairs at Devanhalli and Yelahanka was forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, through the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, for information and attention on the points brought to notice.	Do do	
73	A tabular statement of vacancies and a register of effective and non-effective officers employed in this Province and Coorg, with proportionate return for 1st July 1877, was submitted to the Government of India in the Foreign Department.	10th do	
74	The despatch of certain cases containing stationery, &c, was intimated to the Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, and the Deputy Commissioner, Hassan District	Do do	
75	Returns of stores imported during June last Ex "City of Mecca" and "Australia" were transmitted to the Acting Collector of Sea Customs, Madras.	Do do	
76	Copy of Government of India No. 1673, G., dated 22nd June last, declining to interfere in the orders passed in the case of petitioner Srinivas Chetti, was forwarded to the Commissioner, Ashtagram Division	Do do	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for May 1877, Part II, "General," No. 249.
77	In reply, the President, Cantonment Municipal Commission, was informed that no decision has been yet passed diverting the premises erected for the accommodation of His Highness in the Cantonment of Bangalore, and that it should not therefore be brought on the register of houses for assessment by the Municipality.	Do do	
78	In reply, the Deputy Accountant General was informed that the proposal to introduce postage stamps of a special character for use in the Mysore Ancho having been negatived by the Government of India, the question cannot be again raised.	Do do	
79	The Chief Commissioner's remarks on the report on the operations of the Friend-in-need Society at Bangalore during the year 1876 were communicated in reply to the Honorary Secretary of the Society.	Do do	
80	Notification granting Mr. D. Narsinga Rao, Assistant Superintendent, Inam Settlements, one month's privilege leave, was gazetted and copy sent to the Superintendent, Inam Settlements.	11th do	
81	Notification transferring the services of Captain D. Cowie, Assistant Superintendent, Revenue Survey, to the Nundydroog Division for employment on special famine duty in the Bangalore District, was gazetted and copy sent to Commissioners, Ashtagram and Nundydroog Divisions.	Do do	
82	As solicited, three standard imperial gallon measures were forwarded to the Commissioner, Nagar Division, who was requested to remit the cost Rs. 15—12—0	Do do	
83	The duplicate packing accounts per S. S. "City of Mecca" and "Hydaspes" were forwarded to the Director of Public Instruction to be duly filled and signed.	Do do	
84	A (blank) return of deaths among European uncovenanted officers employed in this Province and Coorg, during May 1877, was submitted to the Government of India in the Home Department.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders
85	A statement of officers of the Bengal Covenanted Civil Service attached to this Government absent on furlough, special or subsidary leave, during the quarter ending 30th June last, was submitted to the Government of India in the Home Department	11th July 1877.	*Vide* this statement No.
86	Referring to a communication from him on the subject, the Commissioner of the Ashtagram Division was requested to inform the Deputy Commissioner, Hassan District, that the cost of Doctor Moore's Manual of Family Medicine and medicine chests could not be defrayed from office contingencies, the purchases being made for private use and not for that of establishments	Do do	
87	Under circumstances stated the sanction of the Government of India in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce was solicited to the sale of five more lakhs of Mysore Invested Funds	Do do	
88	In reply the Chief Commissioner's orders in revenue special appeal No. 8 of 1877—78 were communicated to Commissioner Ashtagram Division.	12th do	
89	Referring to an extract from the Bangalore Spectator' newspaper the Deputy Commissioner Hassan District was requested to submit full particulars on the points denoted in connection with a statement therein made as to the condition of a large number of cart-people who are said to have been blocked up on the Kempakat (Manjarabad) ghat road owing to a landslip which took place on the 15th ultimo	Do do	
90	The Commissioners of the Nundydroog and Ashtagram Divisions were informed of the despatch to Deputy Commissioners of copies of the Supplement to the Mysore General Census Report of 1871 with a request that one copy be sent to each taluk cutcheery in their respective Divisions	Do do	
91	Twenty one copies of the Supplement to the Mysore General Census Report of 1871 for the official use of the Amildars were forwarded to the Commissioner Ashtagram Division	13th do	
92	In continuation of letter of June last a report was submitted to the Government of India that application has been made to the Surgeon General, Indian Medical Department, Bengal, for 15 medicine chests of the description intended to accompany Doctor Moore's Manual of Family Medicine for India, but that, that officer has replied to the effect that they were not available from his office, and further instructions were solicited as to the means of obtaining the supply	Do do	*Vide* Vol of Progs for June 1877, Part II, "General,"
93	Certain articles of stationery were forwarded to the Deputy Commissioners, Bangalore and Tumkúr, in advance of indents for 1877—78 — Communicated to Commissioner, Nundydroog Division in reply	Do do	
94	Notification granting Amildar Ramanujaiengar of the Manjarabad Taluk, two months' privilege leave of absence from the 14th June last, and arrangements consequent thereon, was gazetted and copy sent to Commissioner, Ashtagram Division	14th do	
95	Copy of the Chief Commissioner's Proceedings passing orders on the condition report of the Ashtagram Division for the month ending 15th June 1877, was submitted to the Government of India in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce	Do do	
96	Three copies of famine report forwarded to Madras Government	Do do	
97	Certain articles of stationery required by Mr Harman in connection with the scientific lectures to be delivered at the School of Engineering and Natural Science, were forwarded to the Director of Public Instruction	Do do	
98	In reply, the District Superintendent of Police, Dharwar, was requested to make his application for information as to the number of dacoities which have been committed during the year 1876—77, by Lambanis	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	residing on the frontier of the Dharwar District, to the Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga District.		
99	The special famine report of the Province for week ending 7th July 1877, together with a copy, of the Chief Commissioner's Proceedings dated 11th instant was submitted to the Government of India in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce.	14th July 1877.	
100	The sanction of the Government of India in the Home Department was solicited to a copy of the *Gazette of India*, being furnished in future to the Superintendent of the Government Experimental Farm at Bangalore.	Do do	
101	In reply to a communication from the Honorary Secretary, Bangalore Society, for the prevention of cruelty to animals on the subject of the payment to the society of a moiety of the fines levied by Local Magistrates in all cases of cruelty to animals brought to notice by its agents, it was pointed out that the Chief Commissioner had received no intimation of the constitution of the society and of the procedure or rules by which its action is to be regulated.	Do do	
102	The Honorary Secretary to the Society for the prevention of cruelty to animals, Calcutta, was requested to furnish any papers that may be of service for constituting a similar Society at Bangalore,—the rules framed on the formation of his society, and any information he can afford as to the aid rendered to it by the Local Government.	Do do	
103	An application from Honorary Surgeon Dilkins, I. M. C. S., offering his services as a teacher in the proposed medical school to be established in Bangalore, was referred to the Deputy Surgeon General for consideration in the event of the scheme for establishing a medical school is carried out.—Communicated in reply to Mr. Dilkins, who was informed that no scheme for the foundation of a medical school at Bangalore has as yet been definitely decided up.	Do do	
104	In reply, the Commissioner of the Nagar Division was informed that the Chief Commissioner was unable, for reasons assigned, to grant any extra allowance to the Hospital Assistants attached to the hospitals at Chitaldroog and Davangere.—Communicated to Commissioners, Ashtagram and Nundydroog Divisions.	Do do	
105	In forwarding a communication from the Nundydroog Division, soliciting sanction to the remission of the labor contribution of Rs. 301 promised by the ryots towards the repairs of the Magara Hoshalli tank, the Examiner, Public Works Accounts, was requested to state the amount of contribution for which credit has been given, and what portion, if any, has been contributed by labor or cash.	Do do	
106	The Commissioner of Nagar was instructed to send a daily report to this office noticing any material facts relative to the weather as affecting agricultural prospects in his Division so far as they are known each day.	16th do	
107	As solicited by the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore, the payment of famine allowance to two individuals of the Muzrayi Department as denoted, at the rate of one rupee each per mensem with retrospective effect from 1st April last, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
108	Further explanation in regard to an item of Rs. 6—8—0, being amount due for house-rent and other charges incurred in connection with a quantity of smuggled tobacco, was called for from Nagar Commissioner.	Do do	
109	A telegram was despatched to His Excellency the Viceroy intimating that no rain-fall has been reported since 7th instant in any of the Districts.	Do do	
110	Notification granting Mangapati Naidu, Munsiff, Anantapur Sub-Division, 25 days' leave on medical certificate, was gazetted and copy sent to the Judicial Commissioner.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
111	The Bombay Government were solicited to direct that the issues of the *Bombay Government Gazette* be regularly furnished to this office in future.	16th July 1877.	
112	The Director of Public Instruction was requested to name a date convenient to him for the examination of Mr. E. W. Laseron, Mysore Revenue Survey, in kanarese by the higher standard.	Do do	
113	Copy of Government of India, Financial Department letter No. 1413, dated 23rd June, sanctioning the entertainment permanently of the additional establishment of the civil hospital and dispensary at Hassan, with copy of this office letter to Government on the subject, was forwarded to the Deputy Surgeon General, Indian Medical Department, with remarks.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for May 1877, Part II, "General," No
114	In reply to a communication from the Superintendent, Inam Settlements, soliciting sanction to the payment of Rs. 21—9—10 from the treasury, being amount made away with by a peon who was entrusted to pay the same into the Small Cause Court, that officer was requested to explain the special grounds he has for exemption from the orders of the Supreme Government which require that the Head of a Department be held responsible for loss of Government money.	Do do	
115	The Superintendent of Coorg, and Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, were requested to telegraph at 9 A. M daily, any material facts worth notice, especially rain-fall.	Do do	
116	Ten printed copies of the Mysore Civil List as it stood on the 1st July 1877 were submitted to the Government of India in the Financial Department.	17th do	
117	Two copies of do to the Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
118	As submitted by Commissioner, Nagar Division, a bill for Rs. 2,347—15—8, being amount of temporary remuneration due to the Patels of Nagar and Kavaledurga Talukas, Shimoga District, for 1876—77, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
119	On the representation of the Deputy Accountant General, the payment of a superannuation pension of Rs 22—8—0 to V. Kandasami Modaliar, late a Sub-Auditor in his office, was sanctioned.	Do do	
120	With reference to an application for the grant of an acting allowance to a Clerk in his office, the Nagar Commissioner was referred to section 20 (*b*) of the Acting Allowance Code, entitling the acting official to an allowance of 20 per cent on the absentee's pay when not less than Rs 100.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
121	A draft notification, inviting applicants for 8 vacancies in the grade of "Native Medical Pupil" in the Subordinate Medical Department of the Mysore Government, was returned to the Deputy Surgeon General, with reference to this office letter relative to the contemplated formation of a Provincial Medical School or Hospital Assistants at Bangalore.	Do do	*Vide* this statement No.
122	Before sanctioning a proposal for the entertainment of two additional peons to be employed for the use of the Bangalore Town Municipal Commissioners, the President, Cantonment Municipal Commission, was requested to report whether 2 out of the 7 orderlies attached to the Cantonment might not be reduced	18th do	
123	Certain correspondence between this office and Mr. J. Casey, Editor, "Stamps Journal," New York, relative to stamps, was forwarded to the Deputy Accountant General and Superintendent of Stamps to obligingly comply with Mr. Casey's request as far as may be practicable	Do do	
124	Referring to a communication from the Madras Government as to the futility of the measures taken to remove Mysore people from the relief works in the Hindoopoor and other Talukas in the Bellary District,	Do do	*Vide* Vol of Progs. for March 187 , Part I, "General," Index Nos.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	it was remarked in reply that the deputation of a special officer in March last from the Kolar District for the purpose was ordered in compliance with the requisition made by the Madras Government.		
125	The Chief Commissioner's remarks on a communication from the Honorary Secretary, Wynad Planters' Association, intimating that there is employment for a large number of Kanarese laborers on most of the estates, were communicated to Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, and the Honorary Secretary to the Association.	18th July 1877.	
126	Notification granting Amildar Bhima Rao leave of absence on medical certificate, and appointing Peshkar Gangaiya to act for him during his absence, was gazetted and copy sent to Commissioner, Nundydroog Division.	Do do	
127	Notification attaching Lieutenant H. Todd of the Mussoorie Rifle Volunteers temporarily to the Bangalore Volunteers was gazetted and copy sent to Commandant, Bangalore Rifle Volunteers.	Do do	
128	In reply, the Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division was informed that the Chief Commissioner accepted the explanation submitted by the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, regarding the overdrawal of money on account of relief kitchens, with an intimation that a copy would be forwarded to the Deputy Accountant General with a view to the Treasury Officers being instructed to bring to the notice of the Commissioners of Divisions any overdrawals on the part of Deputy Commissioners in excess of the sanctioned grants.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General and Commissioners, Ashtagram and Nagar Divisions.	Do do	
129	In reply, the Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, was requested to report further in regard to certain expenditure on works in the Seringapatam Municipality.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	19th do	
130	The Chief Commissioner's orders on the conduct of Mahomed Ali Hazari, Amildar of the Honnavalli Taluk, were communicated in reply to the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division.	Do do	
131	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner, Chitaldroog District, was referred to the Commissioner of the Nagar Division, for some missing numbers of the Indian Gurist.	Do do	
132	The Superintendent of the Government Press was requested to strike off 500 copies in English and 1,000 copies in Kanarese of the Indian Registration Act III of 1877 and forward them direct to the Inspector General of Registration.—Communicated in reply to Inspector General of Registration.	Do do	
133	In reply, the Nagar Commissioner was informed that the stationery supplies for 1877—78 will be despatched on the 24th instant direct to each of the District head-quarters of his Division.	Do do	
134	In reply, the Commissioner of the Ashtagram Division was requested to point out the source from which a charge of Rs. 12 for tatting the walls of the toll gate shed on the Manjaralad ghat, Hassan District, to be met.	Do do	
135	Referring to correspondence on the subject of utilizing the services of the Mysore Topographical Survey Department during the recess in the preparation of survey plans of the forts in the Province, a copy of the correspondence denoted, from which it would be seen that His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief of the Madras Army had on further consideration decided on having the work referred to carried out when necessary by the agency at his own disposal, was forwarded to the Surveyor General of India, Simla.	Do do	*Vide* this statement No.
136	The Surgeon General, Indian Medical Department, Calcutta, was requested to furnish this office with the last pay certificate of 1st class Hospital Assistant Nabi Baksh of the Bengal Medical Establishment, as early as practicable.	20th do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
137	Copy of a report by the Superintendent of the Government Gardens at Bangalore on the experimental cultivation of the vanilla plant during the half year ending 30th June 1877, was submitted to the Government of India in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce.	20th July 1877.	
138	An estimate amounting to Rs. 5—12—0, for repairing the Gopal Krishnaswami's Devasthanam at Honanur in the Hassan District, was returned duly registered.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
139	Two bills aggregating Rs. 289, for repairs to two buildings in the Mysore District, were returned after registering to the Deputy Accountant General.—Communicated to Deputy Commissioner, Mysore.	Do do	
140	The Chief Commissioner's orders on a petition from one Krishnamachari in the Kolar District, complaining of the resumption at the inam settlement of a piece of wet land enjoyed by him, were communicated to the Superintendent, Inam Settlements, and the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division.	Do do	
141	In reply, the Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, was informed that Mr Srinivas Rao's application to have his examination question papers set in Kanarese at the ensuing examination of Assistant Commissioners would entail much labor for which there was no occasion with that officer's knowledge of English.	21st do	
142	The special famine report of the Province for the week ending 14th instant was submitted to the Honorable T. C. Hope, Additional Secretary in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce.	Do do	
143	In reply, a report was submitted to the Government of India in the Foreign Department relative to the occupation by the British Government of land in this Province for railway purposes.	Do do	
144	In reply, the Deputy Accountant General was informed that the practice of closing the Chief Commissioner's and Her Majesty's Treasuries on the last Saturday of every month may be continued to be acted upon.	Do do	
145	In reply, the Deputy Accountant General was informed that, for the sake of uniformity of practice, the turlau issued to his Jamedar would continue to be supplied from this office.	Do do	
146	A report regarding certain discrepancies in the General Remarks appended to the famine report for the week ending 30th June 1877, was submitted to the Additional Secretary to the Government of India in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce.	Do do	
147	On a report from the Anche Bakshi, the order contained in Proceedings of August 1876, relative to the anche line between Harihapur and the Western coast, *viâ* Agumbe, was made absolute—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for Aug. 1876, Part I, "General," Index
148	The Commissioner, Nagar Division, was requested to report the source from which an estimate amounting to Rs. 60, for tracing and lockspetting, &c., the new line from Kullurkatte to Sagar, can be met.	Do do	
149	In reply, the Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, was authorized to provide Rs. 120 in the current year's municipal budget of the Mysore town, being pay for two gardeners employed in the Civil Hospital at Mysore.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
150	The Madras Government were solicited to furnish a copy of their weekly famine report for the Chief Commissioner's information	23rd do	
151	Copy of a communication from the Deputy Surgeon General, Mysore Division, intimating arrangements made to supply the place of a Hospital Assistant who died at Hassan, was forwarded to the Commissioner, Ashtagram Division.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
152	The Chief Commissioner's review on the annual report of the (Lal-Bagh) Government Gardens was communicated in reply to the Director.	23rd July 1877.	
153	A petition in Kanarese from one Appachar Krishnaiengar was submitted in reply to the Government of India in the Foreign Department.	Do do	
154	A blank return of deaths among European uncovenanted officers employed in this Province and Coorg during June 1877, was submitted to the Government of India in the Home Department.	Do do	
155	Three printed copies of the special famine report of the Province for the week ending 14th July 1877 were submitted to the Madras Government.	Do do	
156	A report was submitted in reply to the Government of India in the Home Department on the measures adopted for the preparation of a vernacular translation of the new Code of Civil Procedure.	Do do	
157	For reasons assigned, Mr. Muir White of Calcutta was informed that the Chief Commissioner could not authorize any expenditure payable out of the funds of this State towards his picture of the "Imperial Assemblage at Delhi."	Do do	
158	The Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, was requested to report the measures taken in giving effect to the orders conveyed in Chief Commissioner's Proceedings of 18th June last.	Do do	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for June 1877. Part 1, "General," Index Nos. 24 to 29
159	Three reports on the sanitary condition of relief kitchens at Herohalli, Solur and Magadi were forwarded to the Bangalore Deputy Commissioner in original for attention.	Do do	
160	The Secretary to the Government of the Panjab was requested to obligingly forward 2 or 3 copies of the pamphlet on the destruction of the venomous snakes of Upper India, referred to in Government of India, Home Department No. 78, as having been published in the vernacular of the Province.	24th do	
161	A manuscript copy of the return of prices current of food grains in this Province and Coorg for fortnight ending 15th July 1877, was submitted to the Government of India in the Home Department.	Do do	
162	Three printed copies of returns of food grains in this Province and Coorg, for fortnight ending 30th June 1877, were submitted to the Government of India, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, to replace manuscript return already submitted.	Do do	
163	Certain papers on the subject of reckoning Mr. Hodson's services for the purpose of estimating the amount of furlough due to him under section 10 of the Civil Leave Code, were forwarded to the Deputy Accountant General, for opinion.	Do do	
164	A statement shewing the prices at which 2nd sort rice was sold throughout the Province during June last was forwarded to the Inspecting Postmaster, Bangalore Division.	Do do	
165	The Anche Bakshi was informed that it has been decided to collect all the waste paper from the various offices in the building and transmit it periodically to the Anche office in the Pete, with a view to such of it as is not actually required by the Anche Department being sold. Endorsement accordingly to one Govinda Modali who offered to purchase the paper.	Do do	
166	As solicited by the Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, the adjustment of Rs. 5,537 expended on the metalling of roads, &c., in the town of Mysore, was sanctioned.—*Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.*	Do do	
167	A re-appropriation statement providing funds for constructing additional dust boxes in the town of Chitaldroog was returned to Nazar	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	Commissioner duly sanctioned —Communicated to Deputy Accountant General		
168	Notification intimating that the offices of Municipal Executive Engineer for the Cantonment and Town of Bangalore will be united under one office, was gazetted and copy sent to President, Town and Cantonment Municipality	24th July 1877	
169	Notification amending the rules framed under section 20 of Act XXI of 1867 (for the Registration of Printing Presses, Books, and Periodicals) was gazetted	26th do	
170	In reply, the Deputy Surgeon General of Hospitals was requested to depute some responsible person to receive charge of the stationery intended for his office	Do do	
171	A copy of the *Revue des Eaux et Forets Annales Forestieres* was forwarded to the Conservator of Forests, for circulation and return	Do do	
172	Twenty copies of a pamphlet on the 'Agricultural condition of Mysore prior to the famine of 1876—77' by Mr F E Harman M R A C, F C S, Superintendent of the Government Experimental Farm at Bangalore, were submitted to the Government of India in the Department of Revenue Agriculture and Commerce —Copies also circulated to Commissioners of Divisions and Superintendent of Coorg	27th do	
173	Copies of Chief Commissioner's Diary of Proceedings for June 1877 were submitted to the Government of India in the Foreign, Financial, Home and Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce Departments Do to Heads of Departments	Do do	
174	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, was furnished with 300 quills in advance of his indent for 1877—78.	28th do	
175	Notification discharging Medical Pupil Syed Fakruddin who was unlikely to qualify for the public service, was gazetted and copy sent to the Deputy Surgeon General, Indian Medical Department	Do do	
176	The special famine report of the Province for the week ending 21st instant was submitted to the Honorable T C Hope, Additional Secretary to the Government of India Department of Revenue Agriculture and Commerce	Do do	
177	Three copies of do to Madras Government	Do do	
178	A report that Mr E W Laseron, Probationary Assistant Superintendent, Mysore Revenue Survey, has passed by the higher standard in Kanarese, was submitted to the Government of India in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce together with a notification for publication in the *Gazette of India*, if approved	30th do	
	Before addressing the Government of India on the subject, the Surveyor General of India was requested to state whether he would be able, under the circumstances detailed, to aid the Chief Commissioner in effecting either a total reduction of the survey establishments employed in this Province, or such a considerable curtailment of them as would relieve the Province of the greater portion of the charges now borne by it	Do do	
180	In reply, the opinion of the Honorable Colonel W Anderson, Survey and Settlement Commissioner, was asked for as to the expediency, under the circumstances denoted, of appointing an officer to act as Deputy Superintendent, Mysore Revenue Survey, *vice* Major Anderson, during the absence of Major Grant on furlough.	Do do	
181	The Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, was requested to report what foundation in truth there was in a telegram published in the 'Madras Mail' newspaper mentioning alarming increase of destitution	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	in Mysore and that extensive reduction of diet scale had excited public indignation.		
182	Copies of a communication from the Government of Bombay, Revenue Department, forwarding copy of the form of sanad in use in that Presidency, regarding grant of land to private individuals for the construction of Dharmasalas and other works of public utility, were communicated to the Commissioners of Divisions for opinion as to the advisability of adopting the form in this Province.	30th June 1877.	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for June 1877, Part II, "General," No.
183	An application from the President, Town Municipal Commission, for the disbursement of Rs. 48, for clothing the peons of the Pete Municipality, was negatived, as the supply was restricted to certain Departments of the Secretariat, under the special orders of the Government of India.	Do do	
184	As submitted by the Commissioner, Nagar Division, a re-appropriation statement for Rs 100, required to meet charges incurred on account of the convicts employed as sweepers in the Shimoga Town, was returned duly sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
185	In reply, the Chief Commissioner's orders on a reference from the Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, on certain points connected with the municipal budgets of the Mysore District for 1877—78, were communicated to that officer.—Copy to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
186	In reply, the President, Cantonment Municipal Commission, was requested to state whether the information required for the preparation of Form No. III cannot be obtained from the Octroi Contractor.	31st do	*Vide* this Vol Part I, "General," Index Nos
187	In reply, the President, Cantonment Municipality, was informed that a memo of propositions to be laid before the ordinary meeting to be held on the 21st August next, had been recorded.	Do do	
188	In reply, a report as to the mode of payment in this Province on relief works under civil agency was submitted to the Honorable T. C. Hope, Additional Secretary to the Government of India in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce.	Do do	
189	As requested, two copies of the monthly volume of Proceedings for February last were submitted to the Government of India in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, to replace those copies which have miscarried.	Do do	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for June 1877, Part II, "General," No.

MYSORE CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
Bangalore, August 1877.

T. CLARKE,
Secretary

PART II.

EDUCATIONAL.

B.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF JULY 1877.

MYSORE.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	In reply, the Director of Public Instruction was requested to submit, in more detail, proposals to utilize certain sums which were approved and allowed in para 5 of Proceedings of December last.	17th July 1877.	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for Dec. 1877, Part I, Edl. Index Nos. 1 to 2.

MYSORE CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
Bangalore, August 1877.

T. CLARKE,
Secretary.

PART II.

MILITARY.

B.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF JULY 1877.

MYSORE.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders
1	In reply, the Military Assistant was informed that the Chief Commissioner sanctioned the transfer to the pension list of certain officers and men of the Barr establishment as specified from the 1st instant.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	5th July 1877.	
2	In reply, the Military Assistant was informed that a roll of commissioned and non-commissioned officers recommended for promotion to fill an existing vacancy was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	17th do	
3	In reply, the Commandant, Bangalore Rifle Volunteers, was informed that a return of men enrolled in the Bangalore Rifle Volunteers during the quarter ending 30th June last, was approved.	19th do	
4	Copy of Government of India, Military Department No. 207, stating that it is not intended to give Martini Henry rifles to volunteer corps until all British regiments in India are so armed, was forwarded to the Commandant, Bangalore Rifle Volunteers, in reply.	20th do	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for June 1877, Part II, "General," No. 8.
5	A communication in original from the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, submitting an application from the Deputy Commissioner, Túmkúr District, for the immediate services of 50 siledars for duty in his District, was forwarded to the Acting Military Assistant for prompt attention.	25th do	
6	Copy of Government of India No. 329, intimating that the Government have perused the annual inspection report of Bangalore Rifle Volunteers with satisfaction, was forwarded to Colonel Benson for his information and for communication to the officers and men serving under his command.	Do do	
7	Copy of a communication from the Military Assistant, reporting the departure of a detachment of siledars for employment under the orders of the Túmkúr Deputy Commissioner, was forwarded to the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division.	27th do	*Vide* this statement, No.

MYSORE CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
Bangalore, *August* 1877.

T. CLARKE,
Secretary.

COORG PROVINCE,

JULY, 1877.

PROCEEDINGS

OF

C. B. SAUNDERS, Esq., C. B., B. C. S.,

CHIEF COMMISSIONER.

PART I—A, IN EXTENSO.

JUDICIAL.—*Nil.*
REV. AG. & COM.
FINANCIAL.—*Nil*
GENERAL.
EDUCATIONAL.—*Nil*

PART II—B, IN ABSTRACT.

JUDICIAL.
REV. AG. & COM.
FINANCIAL.
GENERAL
EDUCATIONAL.

BANGALORE:

MYSORE GOVERNMENT PRESS.

1877.

PART I.

DEPT. OF REVENUE, AGRICULTURE AND COMMERCE.

A.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF COORG FOR THE MONTH OF JULY 1877.

1	2	3	4	5	6
Index Nos of the Proceedings.	Subject.	Nos. and Dates of Proceedings.	Date of Report to the Secretary of State for India.	Nos. and Dates of previous Proceedings.	Page.
1 to 2	*The sale and mortgage, &c., of Sagu lands in Coorg.* Passing orders on a reference from the Superintendent of Coorg regarding.—	No. 2[illegible]—11, dated 14th July 1877.	.	No 482—3[illegible], dated 1st Oct 1874.	1 to 3

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Coorg, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 14th July 1877.

From the Offg. Superintendent of Coorg, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Coorg, Duftur Department, No. 113—81, dated 23rd May 1877.

Agreeably to your letter Genl. No. 594—Rev. No. 59 of 21st January 1872, the Chief Commissioner was pleased to concur with the views laid down by Colonel Thomson, the Superintendent of Coorg, in his letter No. 229 of 28th December 1871, regarding the terms on which sales, mortgages, &c., on sagu lands should be recognized and authorized, a notice being issued to that effect.

2. Agreeably to that sanction a notice was issued warning all parties that all sales, mortgages, &c. of sagu lands would be cancelled, if due notice of the same was not given to the revenue authorities in the first instance.

3. On the 25th July 1876 one Nellamakala Vutaiya sued one Emam Saib, in Os. No. 21 of 1876, for the recovery of Rs. 1,326—10—8 on the mortgage of certain shares in two wargs. The Assistant Superintendent decided in favor of plaintiff for the amount claimed, but declined to give a decree on the land sued for, unless the plaintiff was able to ascertain the defendant's share in the wargs.

4. Against the Assistant Superintendent's judgment an appeal was filed in my court and numbered No. 10 of 1876. In my judgment I refused to give a decree on the mortgaged land, as I considered that the plaintiff had failed to conform with the rules laid down in the circular notice issued by the Superintendent on 11th March 1872.

5. Against my judgment the plaintiff appealed to the Judicial Commissioner, who, in S. A. S. No. 4 of 1877, has ruled that, as the rule referred to has not the authority and sanction of the legislature, it cannot be held to have the force of law.

6. As the Judicial Commissioner considers it necessary that a Legislative Act should be passed preventing wargdars selling their shares without giving notice to the Government, before it can be considered as binding in law, I have the honor to request to know what course I am to pursue if similar cases to the present one arise.

7. Copies of Colonel Thomson's letter No. 229 of 28th December 1871, Secretary's letter No. 594 Genl. Rev. 59 of 21st January 1872, Superintendent's notice of 11th March 1872, Judicial Commissioner's judgment in S. A. S. No. 4 of 1877 and the entire proceedings of the 1st Assistant Superintendent's court and of this court, are forwarded for easy reference.

From the Offg. Superintendent of Coorg, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Coorg, General Department, No. 229, dated 28th December 1871.

With reference to your letter dated 18th October 1869, No. 619—49, and the memo from the Duftur No. 172 of the 11th idem therein enclosed, I have the honor to forward copies of the opinion of the 2nd Assistant Superintendent and other head men on the subject of the sale and mortgage of sagu holdings, and to submit that, according to rules now in force, portions of wargs or farms on "sagu" tenure can be sold to any one, the holders of other portions of the warg having preemptive rights in succession according to the length of time they have had their portions of the warg.

2. This rule should, I think, be extended to mortgages, leases and alienations of every kind, but there is apparently no necessity for limiting the terms of mortgages, leases &c.

3. It would, however, be advisable to insist upon all sales, mortgages, &c., being made with the knowledge of Government, and that the Parpattegar of the nad should make a summary enquiry regarding the wishes of the holders of other portions of the warg before the sale, mortgage, &c. could be confirmed, and the name of the new holder entered in the jamabandi accounts. Any sale, mortgage, &c. effected without the sanction of the revenue authorities being null and void.

4. I am sorry to say that the reference on this subject was overlooked until a short time ago when the papers were brought up with reference to a case in court.

From the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Coorg, To the Offg. Superintendent of Coorg, General Department, No. 594—Rev. 59, dated Camp Mysore, 21st January 1872.

In reply to your letter No. 229, dated the 28th ultimo, submitting a report on the sale and mortgage of sagu holdings, I am directed by the Chief Commissioner to state that he concurs in the views

expressed therein, and authorizes your issuing a notice to that effect. The only point on which there appears to be any difference of opinion is the limitation of the term for which mortgages should run, but it seems to the Chief Commissioner to be unnecessary to fix any limit on that head at least for the present. I am to add that the effect of the measure should be closely watched, and if it is found to lead to abuse, a report for further consideration should be submitted.

Translation of Notice of 11th March 1872.

The rules in force lay down that portions of sagu holdings cannot be sold except to the person who by reason of having obtained portion of the warg prior to any other holders of the same warg and when two or more wargdars cultivate the same warg and wish to dispose of their share the other proprietor of the warg has preferential right to purchase it, the following order based on the instructions conveyed in letter dated 21st January 1872, No. 594—54, from the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner on the subject, is published for general information.

2. The above rule is applicable not only to the sale of such lands, but also to cases where such lands have been mortgaged or sublet, or alienated in any other way for any length of time.

3. Lands under these rules can only be alienated with the knowledge of the Government; and previous to registering the transfer in the jamabandi accounts in the name of the purchaser, the Nad Parpattegar should make enquiries and ascertain from the holders of other portions of the warg whether they have any objection. If any sale or mortgage takes place without the knowledge of the revenue officials, it will be cancelled.

In the Court of the Judicial Commissioner of Coorg, Bangalore, Thursday, the 3rd day of May 1877, before J. D. Gordon, Judicial Commissioner.

Coorg special appeal No. 4 of 1877, against the decision of the Superintendent of Coorg, in appeal suit No. 10 of 1876.

Nellamakala Utaiya, Plaintiff, Special Appellant. *vs.* Imam Saib, Defendant, Special Respondent.

Judgment.

The Superintendent held in this case that the mortgage transaction was invalid, because no intimation had been given to the revenue authorities as required by the notice dated 11th March 1872.

I have carefully considered the papers which led to the issuing of that notice.

I am of opinion that the obligation imposed thereby on the contracting parties not having been introduced into Coorg under the authority and sanction of the Legislature, cannot be held to have the force of law, on the supposition that the aim and policy of the notice were to enforce the registry of transfers; that was only necessary for the administrative purposes of the revenue department.

The failure to give intimation of the transaction not having affected the rights and direct interests of the Government, the contract which is legal to the extent of the mortgagor's interest in the property must be upheld. For these reasons the decrees of the lower courts will be modified so as to declare the hypothecated property liable for the decreed amount.

The appellant will bear his own costs in this and in the lower appellate court.

No. 283—Rev. 41, dated Bangalore, 14th July 1877.

Order.—The question for determination is whether the notification referred to in para 2 of the above letter, and which was issued by the Superintendent of Coorg in 1872 under the authority of the Chief Commissioner, has the force and effect of law so as to be binding on the parties.

2. The Chief Commissioner observes that a similar question arose in 1874, when it was * decided that no law can operate in Coorg which has not been made by the Legislature. The Judicial Commissioner was therefore correct in holding, in the case under reference, that the notification in question was not binding on the parties and that its provisions could not be legally enforced.

**Vide* letter to Government of India No. 482—33, dated 1st October 1874.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Coorg, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 14*th July* 1877.

3. The object of the notification seems to have been to secure to a co-sharer in a warg the right of pre-emption as against another sharer, and to prevent the latter from disposing of his share without giving the other the option of acquiring the same by sale, mortgage or otherwise. If, by the customary law in Coorg, the right of pre-emption could be enforced, it seems unnecessary that the Government should interfere so long as their rights are not affected ; for it is open to the party who asserts the right to have it established in a competent court, and to set aside any alienation made by his co-sharer to his prejudice. The Superintendent is requested to consult the head men on this ponit and to submit a further report, if necessary.

4. The Chief Commissioner considers it desirable that the procedure of the courts in Coorg in revenue suits and proceedings should be regulated by fixed rules, and the Superintendent is requested to prepare and submit a draft which may be enacted under Statute 33, Victoria cap. 3, if extended to Coorg.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Superintendent of Coorg.
,, Judicial Commissioner of Coorg

PART I.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

A.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF COORG FOR THE MONTH OF JULY 1877.

1	2	3	4	5	6
Index Nos. of the Proceedings.	Subject.	Nos. and Dates of Proceedings.	Date of Report to the Secretary of State for India	Nos. and Dates of previous Proceedings.	Page.
1 to 2	*Construction of a wooden bridge on the Bittangal road in the Coorg Division.* Communicating orders to officers noted, on the course to be followed in future in submitting for sanction estimates for any projects chargeable to district funds.	No. 1269—675, dated 24th July 1877.			
3 to 4	*Destitute immigrants from Mysore into Coorg.* Passing orders on correspondence regarding the treatment of—	No. 309—47, dated 30th July 1877.			

DISTRICT FUNDS.

READ again—

Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 669—326, dated 7th June 1877, observing that, as the work of constructing a wooden bridge on the Bittangal road in the Coorg Division is one chargeable to district funds, the Assistant Engineer, Coorg Division, ought to have transmitted the estimate and plan through the Superintendent of Coorg, who has not apparently been consulted.

READ—

Roads and Buildings' Superintending Engineer's No. 2625, dated 12th July 1877, submitting copy of docket No. 1559—349, dated 29th June 1877, from the Assistant Engineer, Coorg Division, bringing to notice that he had first sent the estimate to the Superintendent, who returned it with the remark that, as all funds for "Communications" both under "Original" and "Repairs" had been placed at the Assistant Engineer's disposal, the project should be submitted by him to the Chief Commissioner for sanction.

No. 1269—D. F. 675, DATED BANGALORE, 24TH JULY 1877.

ORDER THEREON.—The Chief Commissioner considers, with regard to the submission of projects for sanction, that it will be desirable for the future that all estimates for original works chargeable to district funds in Coorg be, in the first instance, referred by the Executive or Assistant Engineer in charge to the Superintendent of Coorg for approval to be signified by his countersignature.

2. All estimates for tools and plant and for the annual repairs to roads, for which provision has been made in the district fund budget and placed at the disposal of the Assistant Engineer, may be submitted *direct* to the Chief Commissioner for sanction.

T. R. A. THUMBOO CHETTY,
Assistant Secretary.

To—The Secretary, D. P. W.
" Superintendent of Coorg.
" Assistant Engineer, Coorg Division.
" Examiner, P. W. Accounts.

PART II.

DEPT. OF REVENUE. AGRICULTURE AND COMMERCE.

B.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF JULY 1877

COORG

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order	Date of previous Orders
1	In reply, the Officiating Superintendent of Coorg was informed that Mr. Drummond's request for exemption of assessment, charged at 2 Rs. per acre, on the excess portion of the kanchikote estate, cannot be acceded to.	10th July 1877.	
2	As recommended by the Officiating Superintendent of Coorg, sanction was conveyed to the remission of Rs 222 being the assessment for 1876—77, on the difference of 461 acres of land resigned from the Carnamale estate, and 350 acres granted to Mr. Rose in exchange	11th do	Part II, B, Dept No. dated 1st June 1877
3	In reply, the Officiating Superintendent of Coorg was requested to intimate to the Coorg Planters' Association that the application made in their Secretary's letter, dated 24th June last, for exemption of tax on unproductive portions of coffee estates in Coorg cannot be acceded to consistently with the interests of the State	13th do	
4	In reply, the Officiating Superintendent of Coorg was informed that the instructions contained in this office No. 357—10 dated 30th August 1876, in regard to defining the existing limits of the jamma wargs, including the bâne lands at present in occupation, were withdrawn —Communicated to Superintendent, Revenue Survey, Madras	20th do	Part II, B, Dept R., A., & C., No. 14, dated 30th Aug. 1876.
5	In reply, the Officiating Superintendent of Coorg was informed that as the names of the sannaddars and of the wargs Nos 161 and 12 specified in columns 2 and 5 of the notification submitted by him did not correspond with the entries made in the registers kept in this office, the notice was returned to him for resubmission	27th do	Part II, B, Dept Genl, No 9, dated 14th June 1877, also No of this statement dated.
6	Adverting to previous correspondence regarding the grant of 500 acres of land to Mr Mangles in Coorg, in lieu of lands to be relinquished by him in British Burmah, the Officiating Superintendent of Coorg was requested to furnish a statement shewing in detail the estimated value of the lands and timber made over to that gentleman in view to its transmission to the Burmah Government.	Do do	Part II B, Dept. R, A. & C. No 10, dated 29th June 1877.
7	The Officiating Superintendent of Coorg was requested to make necessary correction in this office Proceedings No 227—32, dated 28th June 1877, wherein the area of the Cluny estate resigned by Mr. Drummond was stated to be 95 27 acres instead of 135 30.	31st do	Part II, B, Dept R., A. & C. No 9, dated 27th June 1877.

COORG CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
Banga'ore, August 1877

T. CLARKE,
Secretary.

PART II.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

FINANCIAL.

B.

ABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF JULY 1877.

COORG.

No	Subject and Order	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	A statement shewing the extra famine allowance paid to the civil establishments in Coorg during the quarter ending 31st March 1877 was submitted to the Honorable T C Hope, Additional Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce.	3rd July 1877.	Part II, B, Dept. Finl, No. 4, dated 5th May 1877.
2	It was intimated to the Secretary to the Government of India, Financial Department, that no pensions or gratuities have been granted in the Province of Coorg during the quarter ending 30th June 1877	6th do	
3	The deputation allowance bill for Rs. 240, for the month of June 1877, due to Captain H. M. S. Magrath for officiating as Superintendent of Coorg, was returned duly countersigned	Do do	
4	In reply, the Officiating Superintendent was requested to inform the Coorg abkari renter that his application to defer the payment of the instalment due by him for June amounting to Rs. 9,225—9—6 till December next cannot be sanctioned.	14th do	Part II, B, Dept Finl, No. 13, dated 24th March 1877.
5	A remittance transfer receipt No 196, dated 14th July 1877, for Rs 5—8—0. in adjustment of the charges incurred in the transmission of a case containing Coorg medical reports for the year 1875 to the Under-Secretary of State for India, London, was forwarded to the Agent, Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company, Madras	Do do	*Vide* statement Genl, No. 4, dated 5th instant.
6	As solicited by the Officiating Superintendent of Coorg, sanction was conveyed to a revised estimate for Rs 10,175, for constructing a new market at Virarajendrapet	18th do	Part II, B, Dept. Finl., No. 4, dated 20th June 1877.
7	The Officiating Superintendent of Coorg was requested to submit early a statement shewing the famine allowance paid to Government servants in Coorg for the quarter ending 30th June 1877.	21st do	Part II, B, Dept Finl, No. 4, dated 5th May 1877, also No of this statement, dated 3rd July 1877.
8	As solicited by the Officiating Superintendent of Coorg, 30 bills relative to the refund of coffee assessment amounting to Rs. 358—2—11 were sanctioned.	23rd do	Part II, B, Dept. R, A. & C. Index No. dated 26th Oct. 1876.

COORG CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
Bangalore, August 1877.

T. CLARKE,
Secretary.

PART II.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

GENERAL.

B.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF JULY 1877.

COORG.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	The half-yearly return of officers holding gazetted appointments in Coorg, corrected up to 30th June 1877, was submitted to the Home Secretary.	2nd July 1877.	
2	The monthly register of effective and non-effective officers employed in the Coorg Province, with proportionate return and blank statement of vacancies for the month of June 1877, was forwarded to the Home Secretary.	4th do	
3	A copy of the annual medical report of the Coorg Province for the year 1875 was forwarded to the Under-Secretary of State for India, London, with the intimation that 40 additional copies would be transmitted by steamer in the usual manner.	Do do	
4	A notification of sanction submitted by the Officiating Superintendent of Coorg, amounting to Rs. 12—12—0, for cleaning the Raja's tank at Mercara, was accepted.	Do do	
5	The Agent, Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company, Madras, was requested to despatch a case containing 40 copies of the Coorg medical report to the Under-Secretary of State for India, London.	5th do	
6	The quarterly gradation list of officers serving in the Mysore and Coorg Commissions, corrected up to 30th June 1877, was forwarded to the Home Secretary.	Do do	
7	The Officiating Superintendent of Coorg was requested to submit a further report regarding the sale, by public auction, of certain rice and coffee lands for the recovery of outstanding balances.	Do do	
8	Notification of the sale of a building site, applied for by Mr. J. Hunt in Ammattinad of the Yedenalknad Taluk, was forwarded to the Compiler, Mysore Gazette, for publication.—Copy communicated to the Officiating Superintendent of Coorg.	7th do	
9	The attention of the Superintendent of Coorg was drawn to a letter published in the "Bangalore Spectator" newspaper regarding the deportation of suffering immigrants from Mysore, with a request that he will report in detail the measures taken to give effect to the Chief Commissioner's instructions on the matter.	9th do	
10	Copy of letter No. 207, dated 5th instant, from the President Town Municipal Commission, Bangalore, reporting the death, in the pete cholera shed, of a European, by name Mr. Byrne, was forwarded to the Officiating Superintendent of Coorg, with a view to intimation being given to his friends (if any) in Coorg.	11th do	
11	In reply, the Officiating Superintendent of Coorg was informed that he should address the Superintending Engineer, Roads and Buildings, on the subject of funds required for constructing a staircase leading to his office.	13th do	Part II, B, Dept. Genl., No. dated 6th June 1877.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order	Date of previous Orders.
12	In reply, the Post Master General, Madras, was informed that the Chief Commissioner concurred with him in the proposed amalgamation of the anche in Coorg with the Imperial post; but that the matter will have to be referred for the orders of the Government of India.	16th July 1877.	Part II, B, "Dept Genl." No. dated 4th June 18..
13	Referring to a telegram, dated 14th instant, received from the headmen of Coorg, soliciting "to be heard by a petition in Mr. Richter's case," the Officiating Superintendent of Coorg was requested to inform them that any petition they wish to prefer to the Local Government should be submitted through him.	Do do	
14	The Anche Bakshi was requested to prepare and furnish, at an early date, a sketch map descriptive of the imperial and anche lines and offices in Coorg similar to that furnished with his office No. 502—112, dated 26th December 1876.	23rd do	Part II, B, Dept. Genl No. 2, dated 4th June 1877, also No of the statement of 16th inst
15	As solicited by the Inspecting Post Master, Bangalore, a memo shewing the average selling price of 2nd sort rice in Mysore and Coorg, respectively, was forwarded.	27th do	
16	On the application of the Officiating Superintendent of Coorg for duplicates of sannads lost by certain ryots, it was observed that, in the case of certain estates specified therein, particulars as to names of wargs, owners, &c., did not tally with the entries made in the registers kept in this office; and the notice was therefore returned to that officer for re-submission.	31st do	

COORG CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
Bangalore, August 1877.

T. CLARKE,
Secretary.

PART II.

EDUCATIONAL.

B.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF JULY 187

COORG.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	In reply, the Director of Public Instruction was informed that, as the rules did not admit of travelling allowance being granted to uncovenanted servants on first appointment, the application of Mr. W. R. Cox cannot be sanctioned.	9th July 1877.	Part II, B, Dept. Edl. No. dated 27th June 1877.

COORG CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
Bangalore, August 1877.

T. CLARKE,
Secretary.